

Lambdown Terrace Perham Down Tidworth, Wiltshire

*Written Scheme of Investigation for
an Archaeological Evaluation*



for:
SLR Consulting Ltd

CA Project: AN1114

April 2026

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1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. This document is a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) by Cotswold Archaeology (CA) for an archaeological evaluation at Lambdown Terrace, Perham Down, Tidworth, Wiltshire (centred at NGR: 424938 149079). This WSI has been prepared for SLR Consulting Ltd, who are acting on behalf of Aspire Defence Capital Works.
- 1.2. The evaluation results will inform the discharge of planning Condition 6 attached to planning permission PL/2025/01089 for a the construction of a solar PV installation. The scope of this evaluation was defined by Roland Smith (Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service). This WSI will be submitted to the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service for review.
- 1.3. This WSI has been guided in its composition by:
- *Standard for archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2023);
 - *Universal guidance for archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2023);
 - *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE) PPN 3: Archaeological Excavation* (Historic England 2015); and
 - *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment: The MoRPHE Project Managers' Guide* (Historic England 2015).

The site

- 1.4. The application site lies on the north-western side of Lambdown Terrace, to the immediate south-west of Swinton Barracks. Tidworth is located approximately 1.3km to the west. The application site is approximately 1.64ha in extent and is currently used for pasture.
- 1.5. The ground level within the application site falls from a high of 149.5m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) within the western extent of the site to 127.9m aOD within the eastern corner of the site.
- 1.6. The underlying bedrock geology of the site is mapped as Newhaven Chalk Formation, which formed in the Cretaceous Period. No superficial deposits are recorded in the majority of the site, although a band of Head clay, silt, sand and gravel deposits is recorded along the northern site boundary (BGS 2026).

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

- 2.1. The following text is a site-focused summary derived from the reports on a desk-based historic environment assessment (SLR Consulting Ltd 2024) and a geophysical survey (Magnitude Surveys 2024).

Prehistoric (pre-AD 43)

- 2.2. There is limited evidence for prehistoric activity in the near vicinity of the application site. In the wider area, four Early Bronze Age barrows (funerary monuments) are grouped approximately 590m south-east of the application site, and a large linear earthwork visible approximately 595m south-east of the application site may represent a prehistoric boundary.

Roman (AD 43–AD 410)

- 2.3. Evidence for Roman activity in the vicinity of the application site is largely limited to pottery scatters, the nearest of which was found at Furze Hill (approximately 435m south-west of the application site). Former field systems recorded at this location may be Roman in date.

Early medieval (AD 410–1066) and medieval (1066–1540)

- 2.4. A 'Saxon warrior' burial was excavated within the western part of Perham Down camp in 1939, approximately 300m north-east of the application site.
- 2.5. The application site lies between the settlements of Tidworth and Ludgershall, both of which had early medieval origins. It is likely that the application site was part of the agricultural hinterland of these settlements in the early medieval and medieval periods. The geophysical survey recorded evidence for medieval ridge and furrow cultivation throughout the application site, as well as three possible medieval field boundaries in the northern part of the site (also visible in LiDAR data).

Post-medieval (1540–1800) and modern (1800–present)

- 2.6. The application site continued in agricultural use in the post-medieval and modern periods. The North Tidworth tithe map of 1840 depicts the application site as two arable land parcels.
- 2.7. No earthworks or features of archaeological interest are visible within the application site on 20th-century aerial photographs.

Geophysical survey

- 2.8. As noted, the geophysical survey recorded evidence for medieval ridge and furrow cultivation throughout the application site, as well as three possible medieval field boundaries in the northern part of the site. No other anomalies suggestive of an archaeological origin were identified, although there were several small undetermined anomalies. Evidence for modern buried services was also noted.

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- 3.1. The general objective of the evaluation is to provide further information on the likely archaeological resource within the site, including its presence/absence, character, extent, date and state of preservation. This information will enable Wiltshire Council to identify and assess the particular significance of any archaeological heritage assets within the site, consider the impact of the proposed development upon that significance and, if appropriate, develop strategies to avoid or minimise conflict between heritage asset conservation and the development proposal, in line with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government 2024; updated February 2025).
- 3.2. A further objective of the project is to compile a stable, ordered, accessible project archive (see Section 5).
- 3.3. If significant archaeological remains are identified, the evaluation report will make reference to the *South West Archaeological Research Framework* (Somerset County Council 2007) so that the remains can, if possible, be placed within their local and regional contexts.

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1. The evaluation will comprise the excavation of 6no 30m x 1.8m trenches (locations shown on the attached plan). This provides an approximately 2% sample of the approximately 1.63ha site. The trenches have been located to test geophysical anomalies (Magnitude Surveys 2024) and to provide a representative sample of the remainder of the site.
- 4.2. Trenches will be set out on OS National Grid co-ordinates using Leica GPS. They will be scanned for live services by trained CA staff using CAT and genny equipment, in accordance with the *CA Safe System of Work for avoiding underground services*. The

positions of the trenches may be adjusted on site to account for services or other constraints, with the approval of the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service.

- 4.3. Overburden will be stripped from the trenches by a mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless grading bucket. All machining will be conducted under archaeological supervision and will cease when the first significant archaeological horizon or natural substrate is revealed (whichever is encountered first). Topsoil and subsoil will be stored separately adjacent to each trench. All trenches and spoil heaps will be scanned with a metal detector by appropriately trained personnel.
- 4.4. Following machining, any archaeological features present will be investigated, planned and recorded in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 1: Fieldwork Recording Manual*. Each context will be recorded by written and measured description. Records will be entered directly into the CA Digital Recording System (DRS) and/or onto pro-forma site recording sheets. Hand-drawn sections of excavated archaeological features will be prepared (scale 1:10 or 1:20, as appropriate). Features/deposits will be recorded in plan using Leica GPS or Total Station (as appropriate), in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 4: Survey Manual*. Photographs (digital colour; minimum resolution 10 megapixels) will be taken as appropriate.
- 4.5. Sample excavation of archaeological deposits will be sufficient to achieve the aims and objectives identified in Section 3 (above). At the evaluation stage, there is no requirement to sample all archaeological features encountered. Excavation (where undertaken) will not compromise the integrity of the archaeological record and will be carried out in such a way as to allow for the subsequent protection of remains, either for conservation or to allow more detailed investigations to be conducted at a later date.
- 4.6. Upon completion of the evaluation, all trenches will be backfilled by a mechanical excavator. No trenches will be backfilled without first being signed off by the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service.

Artefacts

- 4.7. Artefacts will be recovered and retained for processing and analysis in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 3: Treatment of Finds Immediately after Excavation*. Artefacts will be collected and bagged by context. Artefacts from topsoil, subsoil and unstratified contexts will normally be noted but not retained unless they are of intrinsic

interest. All artefacts from stratified excavated contexts will be collected, except for large assemblages of post-medieval or modern material. Such material may be noted and not retained or, if appropriate, a representative sample may be collected and retained.

Environmental remains

- 4.8. The selection, collection and processing of environmental samples will follow the guidelines outlined in *Environmental Archaeology: A Guide to the Theory and Practice of Methods, from Sampling and Recovery to Post-excavation (third edition)* (Historic England 2025) and *CA Technical Manual 2: The Taking and Processing of Environmental and Other Samples from Archaeological Sites*.
- 4.9. Due care will be taken to identify deposits which may have environmental potential and, where appropriate, a programme of environmental sampling will be initiated. The sampling strategy will be adapted for the specific circumstances of the site, in close consultation with the CA Environmental Officer and the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service, but will follow the general selection parameters set out in the following paragraphs.
- 4.10. Secure, phased deposits, especially those related to settlement activity and/or structures, will be considered for sampling for the recovery of charred plant remains, charcoal and mineralised remains. Any cremation-related deposits (where excavated; see *Human remains*, below) will be sampled appropriately for the recovery of cremated human bone and charred remains. If any evidence of *in situ* metal working is found, suitable samples will be taken for the recovery of slag and hammerscale.
- 4.11. Where sealed waterlogged deposits are encountered, samples will be considered for the recovery of waterlogged remains (including insects, molluscs and pollen) and any charred remains. The taking of sequences of samples for the recovery of molluscs and/or waterlogged remains will be considered through any suitable deposits, such as deep enclosure ditches, barrow ditches, palaeochannels, or buried soils. Monolith samples may also be taken from suitable deposits as appropriate to allow soil and sediment description/interpretation, as well as sub-sampling for pollen and other micro/macrofossils such as diatoms, foraminifera and ostracods.

4.12. The need for more specialist samples (such as OSL, archaeomagnetic dating and dendrochronology) will be evaluated on site. If required, any such samples will be taken in consultation with the relevant specialists.

4.13. Sample processing will be carried out in conjunction with the relevant specialists. Flotation or wet sieve samples will be processed to 0.25mm. More specialist samples, such as those for pollen, will be prepared by the relevant specialists.

Treasure

4.14. Upon discovery of treasure, CA will notify SLR Consulting Ltd and the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service immediately. CA will comply fully with the provisions of the Treasure Act 1996 and the Code of Practice referred to therein. CA will also comply with the Treasure (Designation) (Amendment) Order 2023. Findings will be reported to the Coroner within 14 days.

Human remains

4.15. Any human remains (skeletal or cremated) will be treated with due decency and respect at all times.

4.16. Any human remains found during the evaluation will be recorded and removed following the issue of a Ministry of Justice Licence.

4.17. All excavation of human remains and associated post-excavation processes will be in accordance with the standards set out in *Updated Guidelines to the Standards for Recording Human Remains* (ClfA 2017), *The Role of the Human Osteologist in an Archaeological Fieldwork Project* (Historic England 2018) and *Guidance for Best Practice for the Treatment of Human Remains Excavated from Christian Burial Grounds in England* (Advisory Panel on the Archaeology of Burials in England 2017).

5. POST-EXCAVATION, REPORTING AND ARCHIVING

Reporting

5.1. An illustrated typescript report will be compiled on the evaluation results. This report will include:

- an abstract preceding the main body of the report, containing the essential elements of the results;
- a summary of the project's background;
- a description and illustration of the site location;

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- a methodology of the works undertaken;
 - integration of, or cross-reference to, appropriate cartographic and documentary evidence and the results of other research undertaken, where relevant to the interpretation of the evaluation results;
 - a description of the evaluation results;
 - an interpretation of the evaluation results, including a consideration of the results within their wider local/regional context;
 - a site location plan at an appropriate scale on an Ordnance Survey (or equivalent) base-map;
 - a plan showing the locations of the trenches in relation to the site boundaries;
 - plans of each trench, or part of trench, in which archaeological features were recorded. These plans will be at an appropriate scale to allow the nature of the features to be shown and understood. Plans will show the orientation of trenches in relation to north. Section drawing locations will also be shown on these plans. Archaeologically sterile areas will not normally be illustrated;
 - appropriate section drawings of trenches and archaeological features. These drawings will include OD heights and will be at scales appropriate to the stratigraphic detail being represented. Drawings will show orientation in relation to north/south/east/west;
 - photographs showing significant archaeological features and deposits that are referred to in the text. All photographs will contain appropriate scales, the size of which will be noted in the photograph captions;
 - summary tables of the recorded contexts and recovered artefacts;
 - a summary of the contents of the project archive and details of its location;
 - specialist assessment or analysis reports (where undertaken). Specialist artefact and palaeoenvironmental assessments will take into account the wider local/regional contexts and will include:
 - specialist aims and objectives;
 - processing methodologies (where relevant);
 - any known biases in recovery, or problems of contamination/residuality;
 - quantities of material; types of material present; distribution of material;
 - for environmental material, a statement on abundance, diversity and preservation;

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- a summary and discussion of the results, to include significance in a local and regional context.

5.2. The draft evaluation report will be distributed to SLR Consulting Ltd and the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service for review prior to finalisation. All copies of the report (draft and final) will be issued in pdf format. A hard copy of the final report will be sent to the Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record.

Academic and public dissemination

5.3. It is anticipated that a short note on the evaluation results will be produced for inclusion within an appropriate local archaeological journal.

5.4. Subject to any contractual constraints, a summary of information from the project will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain. This will include a digital (pdf) copy of the final report, which will also appear on the Archaeology Data Service (ADS) website once the OASIS record has been verified.

5.5. A digital (pdf) copy of the final report will also be made available for public viewing via CA's *Archaeological Reports Online* web page (<http://reports.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk>).

Archive deposition

5.6. An ordered, indexed, and internally consistent site archive will be prepared in accordance with the relevant recipient museum guidelines. The archive will also be prepared in accordance with:

- *Guidelines for essential archive tasks and the preparation of archives* (CA 2024)
- *Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives* (ClfA 2014; updated October 2020); and
- *Standard and Guide to Best Practice for Archaeological Archiving in Europe: EAC Guidelines 1* (Europae Archaeologia Consilium 2019)

5.7. All artefacts and environmental samples will be processed, assessed, conserved and packaged in accordance with CA technical manuals and the recipient museum guidelines.

5.8. Depending on the nature and scope of any subsequent programme of archaeological works at the site (if required), the evaluation archive may be combined with that for

any subsequent works and deposited as a single archive. Confirmation of this will be included in any forthcoming WSI.

- 5.9. CA will make arrangements with Wiltshire Museum (accession number DZSWS:15-2026) for the deposition of the site archive and, subject to agreement with the legal landowner(s), the artefact collection. Any box fees required by Wiltshire Museum will be paid.

Selection strategy

- 5.10. As noted in para. 4.7, artefacts from topsoil, subsoil and unstratified contexts will normally be noted but not retained unless they are of intrinsic interest. All artefacts from stratified excavated contexts will be collected, except for large assemblages of post-medieval or modern material. Such material may be noted and not retained or, if appropriate, a representative sample may be collected and retained.
- 5.11. The site-selected material archive returned to the CA offices will be reviewed following analysis. Stakeholders will make selection decisions based on CA Finds Manager/Officer reports and selection recommendations. The selection will take place during archive compilation. After discussion with the relevant museum Curator and the CA Finds Managers/Officers, it is possible that no material post-dating AD 1800 will be retained for inclusion in the preserved archive.

Digital archive

- 5.12. A digital archive will be deposited with the Archaeology Data Service (ADS). This archive will be compiled in accordance with the *ADS Instructions for Depositors* (2022).

Data management

- 5.13. All born-digital and digitally-transferred project data created during fieldwork and post-excavation (other than duplicated files) will be stored by CA. Upon project completion and deposition, the data will be transferred to a secure external server. Data will be selected for inclusion in the final digital archive, as detailed below. It is proposed that data selection will occur following completion of post-excavation work.
- 5.14. Selected digital files will be transferred to Wiltshire Museum with the documentary and material archive and to the ADS, in line with the relevant guidance and standards. In adherence to CA's *Guidelines for essential archive tasks and the preparation of archives*, it is proposed that the selected files will include final versions only. Digital

photographs will be selected for inclusion in the archive in line with CA's *Guidelines for essential archive tasks and the preparation of archives* and *Digital Image Capture and File Storage: Guidelines for Best Practice* (Historic England 2015). Data produced by external specialists or sub-contractors will be granted under license to CA to allow inclusion in the digital archive as required.

6. PROGRAMME

- 6.1. It is anticipated that the project fieldwork will require two working days.
- 6.2. It is anticipated that the draft report will be issued within six working weeks of the completion of archaeological fieldwork.

7. PROJECT STAFF

- 7.1. This project will be under the management of Derek Evans, MCIfA, Project Manager, CA. The Project Manager will direct the overall conduct of the evaluation during the period of fieldwork. Day-to-day responsibility will, however, rest with the Project Leader, who will be on-site throughout the project.
- 7.2. It is anticipated that the field team will consist of a maximum of three staff (Project Leader and two Archaeologists).
- 7.3. Specialists who may be invited to advise and report on specific aspects of the project as necessary are listed below and in Appendix A. CA staff might also work with supervised apprentices and/or assistants. Such staff always work with a senior specialist who will take the lead in co-authored reports.
 - **Ceramics:** Alejandra Gutiérrez BA (Hons) MA PhD FSA MCIfA (CA), Alistair Barclay BSc PhD FSA MCIfA (CA), Ciar Boyle Gifford BA (Hons) MA (CA), Claire Collier-Jones BA (Hons) MA (CA), Ed McSloy BA (Hons) MCIfA (CA), Grace Jones BA (Hons) MA PhD MCIfA (CA), Jacky Sommerville BSc (Hons) MA ACIfA (CA), Lanah Hewson BA (Hons) MA (CA), Laura Pearson BA (Hons) MA PCIfA (CA), Peter Banks LLB LLM PCIfA (CA), Stephen Benfield BA (CA), and Sue Anderson MPhil PhD FSA MCIfA (freelance).
 - **Metalwork:** Alejandra Gutiérrez BA (Hons) MA PhD FSA MCIfA (CA), Alex Bliss BA ACIfA (CA), Claire Collier-Jones BA (Hons) MA (CA), Ed McSloy MCIfA (CA), and Grace Jones BA MA PhD MCIfA (CA).

- **Flint:** Jacky Sommerville BSc (Hons) MA ACIfA (CA), Philippa Bradley BA MPhil Dip Post-Ex MCIfA (CA), Rebecca Devaney BA MA ACIfA (freelance), and Robert Leedham BA (Hons) MRes PhD PCIfA (CA).
- **Animal bone:** Andy Clarke BA (Hons) MA ACIfA (CA), Clare Randall BA (Hons) BSc MSc PhD FSA MCIfA, Morgan Evans BSc MSc (CA), Matilda Holmes BSc (Hons) MSc PhD ACIfA (freelance).
- **Marine shell:** Gemma Whelan (assistant), Tom Brown BA (Hons) MA PCIfA (CA) (assistant).
- **Human remains:** Frankie Wildmun BSc (Hons) MSc PCIfA (CA) and Sharon Clough BA (Hons) MSc MCIfA (CA).
- **Environmental remains:** Anna West BSc (Hons) (CA), Carolyn Smith BA (Hons) MSc PCIfA (CA), Kath Hunter Dowse BA (Hons) (CA), Sarah Wyles BA (Hons) MCIfA (CA); Alex Ellul BA (Hons) MA and Heidi Thorpe-Yon BA (Hons) MSc (assistants).
- **Conservation:** Karen Barker BSc (Hons) (freelance), Norwich Museum and Conservation and Museums Advisory Service, Wiltshire Council
- **Geoarchaeology:** Clare Holloway BA (Hons) (CA), Holly Rodgers BA (Hons) MSc (CA), Keith Wilkinson BSc PhD MCIfA (ARCA)
- **Building recording:** Peter Davenport BA MPhil MCIfA FSA (freelance) and Richard Hardy BA (Hons) MSc (CA).

7.4. Depending on the nature of the deposits and artefacts encountered, it may be necessary to consult other specialists to those listed.

8. HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

8.1. CA will conduct all works in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and all subsequent health and safety legislation, as well as the CA Health and Safety and Environmental policies and the CA Safety, Health and Environmental Management System (SHE). Any client/developer/Principal Contractor policies and/or procedures will also be followed. A site-specific Construction Phase Plan (form SHE 017) will be formulated prior to commencement of fieldwork.

9. INSURANCES

9.1. CA holds Public Liability Insurance to a limit of £15,000,000 and Professional Indemnity Insurance to a limit of £10,000,000.

10. MONITORING

- 10.1. Notification of the start of site works will be made to the Wiltshire Council Archaeology Service so that there will be opportunities to visit the evaluation and check on the quality and progress of the work.

11. QUALITY ASSURANCE

- 11.1. CA is a Registered Organisation (RO) with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (RO Ref. No. 8). As a RO, CA endorses the *Code of Conduct: professional ethics in archaeology* (ClfA 2014; updated 2025) and the *Standard and guidance for commissioning work or providing consultancy advice on archaeology and the historic environment* (ClfA 2014; updated 2020). All CA Project Managers hold Member status within the ClfA.
- 11.2. CA operates an internal quality assurance system as follows: projects are overseen by a Project Manager, who is responsible for the quality of the project. The Project Manager reports to the Chief Executive, who bears ultimate responsibility for the conduct of all CA operations. Matters of policy and corporate strategy are determined by the Board of Directors and, in cases of dispute, recourse may be made to the Chairman of the Board.

12. PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT, PARTICIPATION AND BENEFIT

- 12.1. It is not anticipated that this evaluation will afford opportunities for public engagement or participation during the course of the fieldwork. However, the evaluation results will be made publicly available on the ADS and CA websites, as set out in Section 5.

13. STAFF TRAINING AND CPD

- 13.1. CA has a fully documented mandatory performance management system for all staff. This system reviews personal performance, identifies areas for improvement, sets targets and ensures the provision of appropriate training within CA's adopted training policy. In addition, CA has developed an award-winning career development programme for its staff. This ensures a consistent and high-quality approach to the development of appropriate skills.

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- 13.2. As part of CA's requirement for continuing professional development, all members of staff are required to maintain a personal development plan and an associated log; these are reviewed within the performance management system.

14. REFERENCES

British Geological Survey 2022 *BGS Geology Viewer* <https://www.bgs.ac.uk/map-viewers/bgs-geology-viewer/> Accessed 3 April 2026

Magnitude Surveys 2024 *Geophysical Survey Report: Land Near Perham Down, Wiltshire*

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government 2024 (updated February 2025) *National Planning Policy Framework*

SLR Consulting Ltd 2024 *Historic Environment Desk Based Assessment: Perham Down Photovoltaic Scheme*

Somerset County Council 2007 *The Archaeology of South West England: South West Archaeological Research Framework – Resource Assessment and Research Agenda*

APPENDIX A: COTSWOLD ARCHAEOLOGY MAIN SPECIALISTS

FINDS: CA

Alejandra Gutiérrez BA (Hons) MA PhD FSA MCIfA (Ceramics and finds)
Alex Bliss BA ACIfA (Metalwork, coins and small finds)
Alistair Barclay BSc (Hons) PhD FSA MCIfA (Ceramics and finds)
Ciar Boyle Gifford BA (Hons) MA (Ceramics and finds)
Claire Collier Jones BA (Hons) MA (Ceramics and finds)
Ed McSloy BA (Hons) MCIfA (Ceramics and finds)
Grace Jones BA (Hons) MA PhD MCIfA (Ceramics and finds)
Jacky Sommerville BSc (Hons) MA ACIfA (Lithics and finds)
Lanah Hewson BA (Hons) MA (Ceramics and finds)
Laura Pearson BA (Hons) MA PCIfA, Apprentice: Archaeological Specialist Level 7 (Ceramics and finds)
Peter Banks LLB LLM PCIfA (Ceramics and finds)
Philippa Bradley BA (Hons) MPhil Dip Post-Ex MCIfA (Lithics and prehistoric small finds)
Robert Leedham BA (Hons) MRes PhD PCIfA (Lithics)
Stephen Knowles BSc (Hons) MSc PCIfA (assistant) (Industrial residues/metal technology)
Steve Benfield BA (Ceramics)

FINDS: External

Andrew Brown PhD (British Museum) (Coins)
David Dungworth BA (Hons) PhD (freelance) (Industrial residues/metal technology)
David Starley BSc (Hons) PhD (Industrial residues/metal technology)
David Williams PhD FSA (freelance) (Amphorae)
Elaine Morris BA (Hons) PhD FSA MCIfA (University of Southampton) (Ceramics)
Eleanor Blakelock BA (Hons) MA PhD (freelance) (Industrial residues/metal technology)
Francis Wenban-Smith BA (Hons) MA PhD (University of Southampton) (Palaeolithic lithics)
Hilary Cool BA (Hons) PhD FSA (freelance) (Glass)
Hugh Wilmott BA (Hons) PhD (University of Sheffield) (Glass)
Ian Riddler PhD (freelance) (Small finds)
Jane Timby BA (Hons) PhD FSA MCIfA (freelance) (Ceramics)
Joe Locke BA (Hons) (freelance) (Ceramic building materials)
John Allan BA (Hons) MPhil FSA (freelance) (Ceramics)
Jörn Schuster MA DPhil FSA MCIfA (freelance) (Metalwork)
Jude Plouviez (freelance) (Coins)
Kamal Badreshany BA PhD (Durham University) (Archaeomaterials analysis)
Karen Barker BSc (Hons) (freelance) (Conservation)
Kevin Hayward BSc MSc PhD FSA (freelance) (Petrology)
Kieron Heard (freelance) (Clay tobacco pipes)
Lynne Keys (freelance) (Industrial residues/metal technology)
Marek Lewcun (freelance) (Clay tobacco pipes)
Martin Henig MA DPhil D.Litt FSA (freelance) (Roman sculpture and small finds)
Michael Bamforth BSc (Hons) MCIfA (freelance) (Worked wood)
Organic Residue Analysis (Bristol University)
Paul Blinkhorn BTech (freelance) (Ceramics)
Peter Davenport BA MPhil MCIfA FSA (freelance) (Architectural stone)
Peter Guest BA (Hons) PhD FSA (Cardiff University) (Coins)
Peter Warry PhD (freelance) (Ceramic building materials)
Peter Webster BA (Hons) MA PhD (freelance) (Samian)
Philip de Jersey PhD (Ashmolean Museum) (Coins)
Quita Mould MA FSA (freelance) (Leather)
Rachel Tyson BA (Hons) PhD (Oxford Archaeology) (Glass)
Richenda Goffin BA (Hons) MCIfA (freelance) (Ceramic building materials, Roman painted wall plaster, clay tobacco pipes)
Roger Tomlin MA DPhil FSA (Oxford University) (Inscriptions)
Rose Broadley BA (Hons) MA PhD (freelance) (Glass)
Ruth Shaffrey BA (Hons) PhD FSA MCIfA (freelance) (Worked stone)
Sarah Paynter PhD (Historic England) (Glass)
Sarah Percival BA (Hons) MA MCIfA (freelance) (Ceramics)
Stephanie Rátkai BA (Hons) (freelance) (Ceramics)
Steve Allen (York Archaeology Conservation Services) (Conservation)
Sue Anderson MPhil PhD FSA MCIfA (freelance) (Ceramics)
Sue Harrington PhD (freelance) (Textiles)
Tim Young MA PhD (Cardiff University) (Industrial residues/metal technology)

ENVIRONMENTAL AND GEOARCHAEOLOGY: CA

Alex Ellul BA (Hons) MA (assistant) (Charred plant remains)
Andrew Clarke BA (Hons) MA ACIfA (Animal bone)
Anna West BSc (Hons) (Environmental sampling, charred plant remains and marine shell)
Carolyn Smith BA (Hons) MSc PCIfA (Environmental sampling and charred plant remains)
Clare Holloway BA (Hons) (Geoarchaeology)
Clare Randall BA (Hons) BSc MSc PhD FSA MCIfA (Animal bone)

Frankie Wildmun BSc (Hons) MSc PCIfA (Human remains)
Gemma Whelan BA (Hons) (assistant) (Marine shell)
Heidi Thorpe-Yon BA (Hons) MSc (assistant) (Charred plant remains)
Holly Rodgers BA (Hons) MSc (Geoarchaeology and environmental sampling)
Kath Hunter Dowse BA (Hons) (Environmental sampling and charred plant remains)
Morgan Evans BSc MSc (assistant) (Animal bone)
Sarah Cobain BSc (Hons) MSc MCIfA (Environmental sampling, charred plant remains and wood/charcoal)
Sarah Wytles BA (Hons) MCIfA (Environmental sampling, charred plant remains, mollusca and marine shell)
Sharon Clough BA (Hons) MSc MCIfA (Human remains)
Tom Brown BA (Hons) MA PCIfA (assistant) (Marine shell)

ENVIRONMENTAL AND GEOARCHAEOLOGY: External

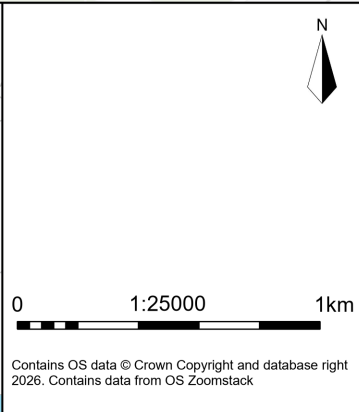
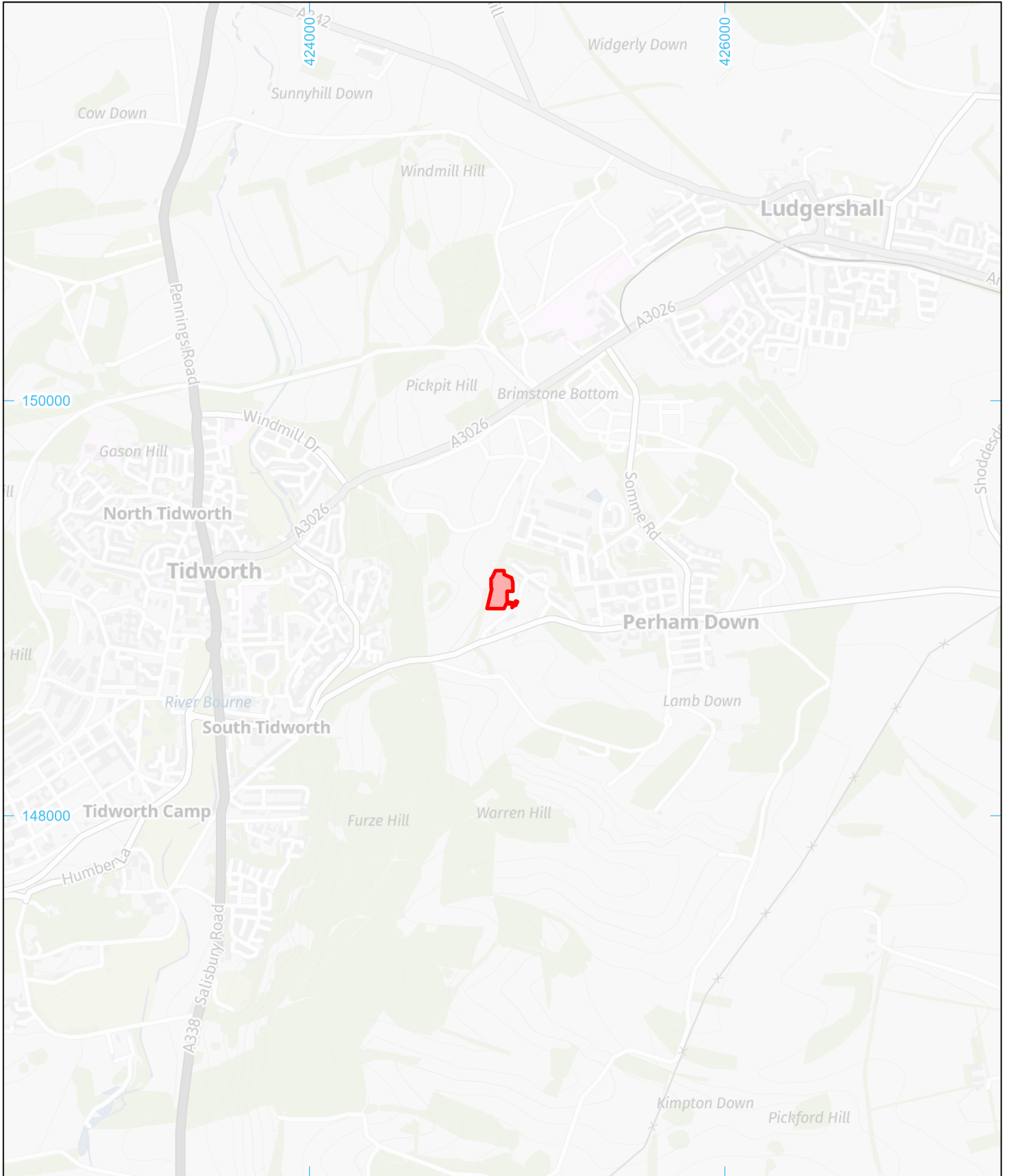
Andy Howard BSc (Hons) PhD (freelance) (Clast size analysis)
Dana Challinor MA (freelance) (Wood/charcoal)
Enid Allison BSc (Hons) DPhil (Canterbury Archaeological Trust) (Insects)
John Whittaker BSc (Hons) PhD (freelance) (Ostracods and foraminifera)
Keith Wilkinson BSc (Hons) PhD MCIfA (ARCA) (Environmental sampling, mollusca, geoarchaeology, ostracods and foraminifera)
Matilda Holmes BSc (Hons) MSc PhD ACIfA (freelance) (Animal bone)
Michael Grant BSc (Hons) MSc PhD (University of Southampton) (Pollen)
QUEST, University of Reading (soil micromorphology and soil chemistry)
Sheila Boardman (freelance) (Wood/charcoal and charred plant remains)
Sue Anderson BA (Hons) MPhil PhD FSA MCIfA (freelance) (Human remains)
Tom Hill BSc (Hons) PhD CPLHE (Diatoms)
Tom White BSc (Hons) PhD (Natural History Museum) (Clast size analysis)

SCIENTIFIC DATING: CA

Alistair Barclay BSc (Hons) PhD FSA MCIfA (Radiocarbon dating and Bayesian chronological modelling)
Sharon Clough BA (Hons) MSc MCIfA (assistant) (Bayesian chronological modelling)

SCIENTIFIC DATING: External

Beta Analytic (Florida, USA) (Radiocarbon dating)
Cathy Batt BSc (Hons) PhD (University of Bradford) (Archaeomagnetic dating)
Derek Hamilton PhD (SUERC) (Bayesian chronological modelling)
Frances Healy PhD (freelance) (Bayesian chronological modelling)
Ian Tyres (freelance) (Dendrochronology)
John Hines (Cardiff University) (Bayesian chronological modelling)
Phil Toms BSc (Hons) PhD (University of Gloucestershire) (TL/OSL dating)
Robert Howard BA (Hons) (NTRDL Nottingham) (Dendrochronology)
Seren Griffiths BA (Hons) MA (Oxon) MSc MCIfA (Manchester University) (Bayesian chronological modelling)
SUERC (East Kilbride, Scotland) (Radiocarbon dating)
14Chrono Centre (Queen's University Belfast) (Radiocarbon dating)





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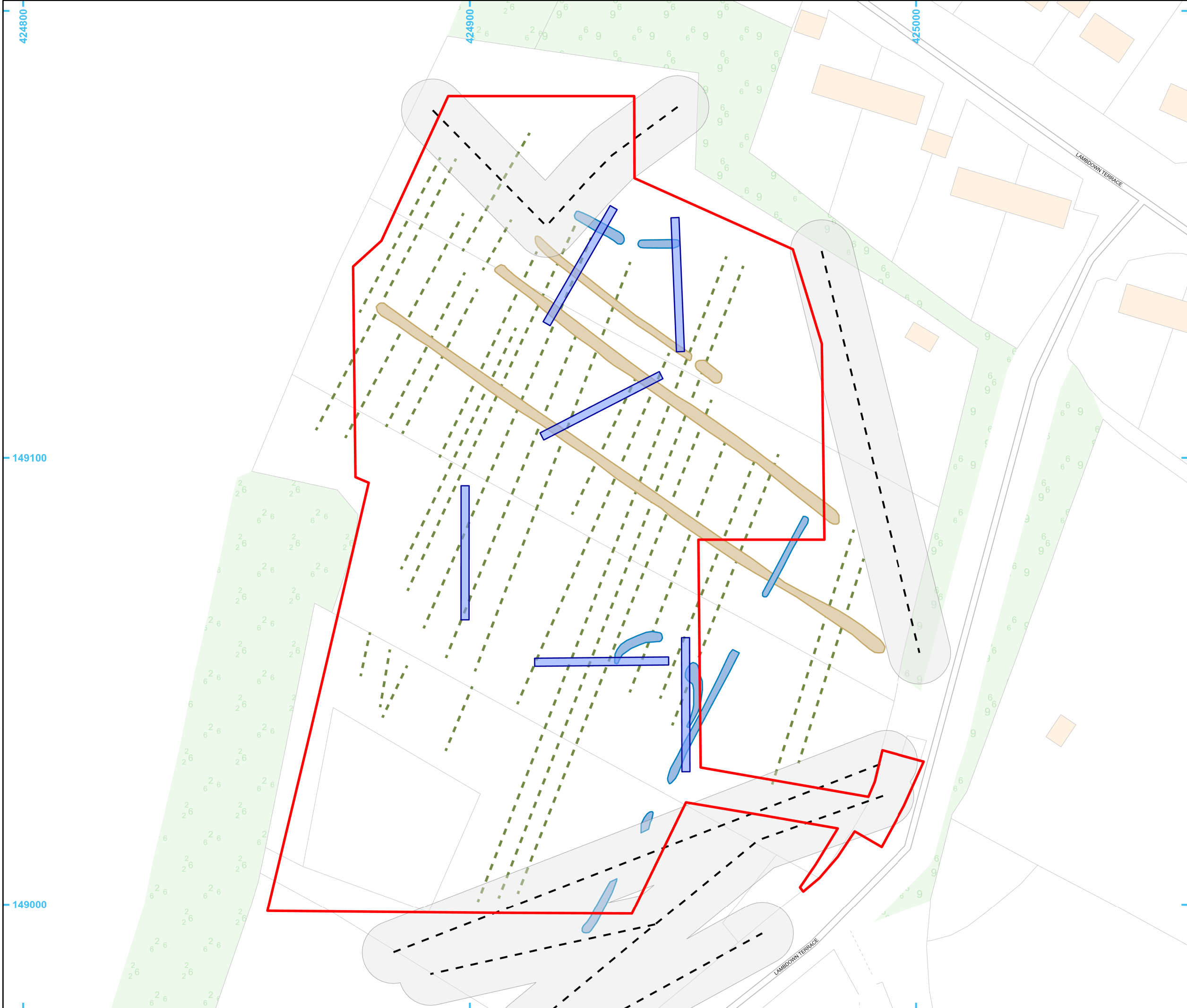
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PROJECT TITLE
Lambdown Terrace, Perham Down,
Tidworth, Wiltshire

FIGURE TITLE
Site location plan

DRAWN BY	DL	PROJECT NO.	AN1114	FIGURE NO.
CHECKED BY	DE	DATE	31/03/2026	1
APPROVED BY	DE	SCALE @ A4	1:25000	

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Legend

- Site Boundary
- Proposed evaluation trench
- Constraint
- Services

Geophysical interpretations

- Agricultural
- Undetermined
- Ridge and furrow

0 1:800 43m

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PROJECT TITLE

Lambdown Terrace, Perham Down,
Tidworth, Wiltshire

FIGURE TITLE

**Trench plan overlying geophysical
interpretations**

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