

4 March 2026

Our ref: GES – W77/I

Letter by email (Julie.mitchell@wiltshire.gov.uk)

For the attention of Ms J Mitchell

Development Management, Economic Development and Planning
County Hall
Bythesea Road
Trowbridge
BA14 8JN

Dear Sirs

Request for a Screening Opinion under the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (as amended) on behalf of Tarmac Trading Limited in support of a Planning Application for Variation of Conditions 2, 13 and 18 of Planning Consent W.04.1867 dated 12 April 2007 to enable a Proposed Revision of the Restoration Scheme approved at Westbury Quarry

1. Tarmac Trading Limited benefit from planning consent at Westbury Chalk Quarry ("the quarry") under reference W.04.1867 ("the planning consent") for the winning and working of mineral, with restoration to nature conservation, including chalk grassland, retained quarry faces and natural regeneration, amongst other habitats. The corresponding Decision Notice is enclosed for ease of reference.
2. The quarry is located approximately 2km to the east of Westbury and approximately 5km to the north of Warminster in Wiltshire (refer to Plan W372-00062-1 enclosed).
3. The planning consent was granted on 12 April 2007 subject to a Section 106 Agreement, which includes obligations related to nature and geological conservation management.
4. The planning consent itself includes 21 planning conditions providing effective planning controls across a wide range of environmental criteria. Operations at the quarry are regulated by Wiltshire Council in its role as the Mineral Planning Authority ("MPA").
5. The quarry ceased extraction operations in 2009 in conjunction with the closure of the nearby cement works. No viable alternative outlet has been secured for chalk/clay resource, principally due to the access and transport constraints associated with the quarry.
6. Whilst the above planning consent remains extant, with all operations, including restoration and the removal of plant, machinery and all quarry infrastructure, to be completed by 31 December 2036 under Condition 2, in the intervening period since the quarry was mothballed in 2009, significant areas of the quarry have naturally regenerated and various habitats of high biodiversity value have become established.
7. This includes an open mosaic of chalk and scrub habitat established across the quarry, as well as pond habitat within the vicinity of the former plant site (refer

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to Plan W372-00062-2 enclosed). It is proposed to retain these habitats as a permanent feature of the landform through revision of the approved restoration plan (reference UKTD-WHO32A) referred to under Condition 2, 13 and 18 of the planning consent (refer enclosed).

8. This in particular includes areas on the peripheries of the application site wherein there are stability and geotechnical considerations, including the southwestern quarry batter which exhibits evidence of partial slope failure.
9. Other constraints include the following:
 - limited/restricted vehicular access to the quarry, with no importation of inert restoration material permitted nor considered viable under modern day planning and Environmental Permitting Regimes;
 - the presence of a variable/irregular landform with limited volumes of available restoration material on site;
 - no scope for further extraction at the quarry;
 - a range of protected species considerations;
 - increased sensitivity in terms of landscape setting;
 - the absence of rock netting in places; and
 - the presence of a dividing causeway at the application site, which is the only means of access for specific areas of the quarry.
10. The approved restoration plan (refer enclosed) is based on restoration to nature conservation after-use with a range of habitats including chalk/calcareous grassland, grassland and scrub on quarry slopes, ephemeral waterbodies and tree planting and whilst the principles of this will be maintained, it is proposed to vary the approved restoration plan.
11. The proposed revised restoration plan referenced 315871-ADW01 (refer enclosed) includes retention of as much natural regeneration as possible to retain the high value chalk and scrubland mosaic which will be left to continue to naturally evolve, thereby safeguarding the value and significance of this habitat. This is proposed to be linked with:
 - works within the basal areas of the quarry void, including ripping and respreading of residual chalk arisings to a maximum depth of 300mm to facilitate seeding for a calcareous grassland or blended with soils recovered from stores located to the north of the application site to create agricultural grassland;
 - the former plant site area to the west of the application site will also be subject to regrading works to lower this platform, with the generated materials used to strengthen the western flank of the quarry. The former plant site will be restored to facilitate the establishment of calcareous grassland to blend in with adjacent habitats;
 - utilisation of available on-site materials to facilitate the provision of gentler slopes on the application site's periphery, with existing slopes to the south/southwest and north/northeast retained in situ to provide geological interest and allowed to continue to naturally regenerate (including the provision of informal rock traps at the base of the respective slopes comprising shallow depressions, mounds and thorny vegetation and natural regeneration to establish working standoffs);
 - partial retention of the causeway that bisects the application site for access purposes and to provide distinct restoration compartments and

- features of landscape interest. An additional access to the northwest will also be maintained;
- additional tree planting to the south/southwest to strengthen the boundary trees in this location, whilst providing a 35m buffer with a new fenceline to be added; and
 - establishment of calcareous grassland to the east of the application site outside of the main quarry void through grading, ripping, cultivation and seeding works in this area which has been previously stripped of soils.
12. The extent of the proposed restoration works has been adapted to exclude consented, yet unworked areas of the quarry to the south/southwest which will be retained as existing agriculture consistent with contiguous land-uses to the east. This further maintains continuity with the surrounding landscape and land uses therein.
 13. There is also another consented area to the north which has not been subject to mineral extraction but partially utilised to store soils stripped from other areas of the quarry. This area will be cultivated and cross ripped with the residual soils under the adjacent bund to spread soil-forming materials and soils and reinstated to agricultural grassland to complement adjacent field use and landscape character with separation from the quarry void to the south by an existing belt of trees.
 14. In order to accommodate the above, it is proposed to vary Condition 2, 13 and 18 of the planning consent to reference the revised restoration plan, as an approved document, through submission of an application under Section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
 15. There are no proposals to vary any other element of the permitted development/planning consent at this stage, and all other planning and environmental controls will continue to remain in place in accordance with the requirements of the planning consent. Notwithstanding, it is acknowledged that approved schemes associated with landscaping, aftercare and nature conservation management will require update to take account of the proposed revised restoration plan in the event this is approved by the Council.
 16. Whilst a number of areas of the current approved restoration scheme will be affected by the proposed revisions, the scope of changes is considered to be limited including limited earthworks to facilitate the proposal and the biodiversity value of the restoration scheme will not be detrimentally affected, with the balance of after-uses maintained in accordance with the approved scheme for disturbed areas of the quarry. The design of the revised restoration landform is wholly reliant on indigenous materials.
 17. Subject to approval it is anticipated that the earthworks, landforming and final restoration of the application site could be completed within two years.
 18. In addition, it is considered that no changes other than those set out above are proposed to the development approved under the planning consent and all environmental controls would continue to remain in place.
 19. It is also considered that revision of the S106 agreement would not be required for the changes should planning permission ultimately be granted for the proposals detailed above.

20. In accordance with provisions of the NPPF concerning engagement with planning authorities and front loading of information, we would be grateful if the County Council could provide an EIA Screening Opinion under paragraph 6 of the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (as amended) (“the EIA Regulations”).
21. In terms of location of the application site, whilst relatively isolated, with no residential receptors in proximity, it is acknowledged that there are valued features of landscape, cultural heritage and tourism importance in proximity. Notwithstanding, previous assessments, the conclusions of which would not be impacted by the proposals, highlighted that any impacts could be mitigated by restoration design.
21. In terms of statutory designations, there are none located on site, but three statutory designated sites are located adjacent to the application site to the east, comprising the Salisbury Plain SSSI, SAC and SPA, as well as the Upton Cow Down SSSI located approximately 1.4km to the south and the Bratton Downs SSSI located approximately 360m to the north of the application site. Each of the above designations are notable for open chalk/calcareous grassland and associated scrub and slope habitats.
22. There are also a number of non-statutory designated sites, specifically Local Wildlife Sites (“LWS”), within 2 km of the quarry, including White Scar Hanging LWS located approximately 156m to the south of the application site; White Scar Hanging Chalk LWS located approximately 250m to the north; Bratton Chalk LWS located approximately 870m to the east and Bratton Down Quarry LWS located approximately 710m to the east. Each of the above are notable for the presence of chalk/calcareous grassland habitat and/or the presence semi-natural broadleaved woodland.
23. The cultural heritage significance of the area is also acknowledged, with numerous Scheduled Monuments located to the east of the application site, including the Bowl Barrows on Thirteen Hundred and Four Hundred Down and Bratton Camp Iron Age Hill Fort.
24. In respect of Regulations 6(2)(c) regarding potential environmental impact, initial commentary is provided as follows: -
 - **Population and Human Health** - given the established nature of the operations; distance from sensitive receptors and the fact that all materials to deliver the site restoration are indigenous to the site, it is considered that the scope for human health effects is very low;
 - **Biodiversity** – notwithstanding the application site’s proximity to the Salisbury Plain SSSI, SAC, SPA and associated priority habitat of lowland calcareous grassland, it is considered that the scope for any significant effects on national or locally designated assets is limited given the application site’s contained location. The application site comprises a mothballed mineral working, with the proposals seeking to retain the open mosaic of chalk and scrub habitat which has become established across the application site and no habitat of value or significance will be adversely affected with the balance of after-uses afforded by the approved scheme to be maintained for disturbed areas of the quarry;
 - **Land, Soils, Water, Air and Climate Change** - The application site comprises a mothballed mineral working, with a range of controls in place

in respect of soils, surface and groundwater management and air quality/dust, which would continue to remain in place as the remaining restoration works are completed. The extent of earthworks will be limited and restricted as far as possible to achieve a sustainable restoration landform. As the proposals seek to maintain the balance of after-uses and with no intensification of operations, there are not considered to be any significant adverse climate change impacts. The scheme has the added benefit of retaining previously undisturbed land, thereby safeguarding the agricultural land value.

- **Materials Assets, cultural heritage and the landscape** – there will be no loss of material assets (i.e. built infrastructure). The quarry also benefits from the existing screening that would not be impacted by the proposals other than for the reclamation of soils in screening bunds that is already approved under current conditions. In addition, the approved and proposed revised restoration schemes will provide positive landscape impacts in the long-term with an appropriate balance between agriculture and nature conservation. Notwithstanding the sensitivity in terms of cultural heritage, as activities are largely within the quarry void, it is anticipated that ‘less than substantial’ harm would be created on the setting of such assets.
- **Interaction effects** – if appropriate, consideration will be provided as part of any assessments submitted with the application.

25. In summary, as the quarry is already non-operational, with no further extraction or extensive works proposed nor any intensification of use and the balance of after-uses maintained, there is limited scope for any impact regarding soils, archaeology, biodiversity and/or geodiversity.

26. In respect of Regulations 6(2)(d) regarding potential significance of effects, initial commentary is provided as follows: -

- **Residues** – operations are established at the quarry with a range of controls in place concerning residues and emissions. These controls will remain in place as part of the proposals and due to the nature of the proposals, there is not considered to be any scope for adverse impact in this context.
- **Natural Resources** - the application site comprises a mothballed mineral working and there is no scope for effect on any such resources. The scheme has the added benefit of retaining previously undisturbed land, thereby safeguarding the agricultural land value.; and
- **Other Information** –
 - **Traffic** – there is HGV access to the application nor is any access proposed;
 - **AQ and Noise** – all environmental/planning controls in this context would continue to remain in place, with no intensification of use proposed. The land forming activities would be short lived and whilst there would be a temporary short term effect on the amenity of local rights of way users as with the approved position, the long term effects would be beneficial and permanent;
 - **Cumulative Impact** – similar to the above and based on the nature of the proposals, there is not considered to be any scope for adverse effects in a cumulative context.

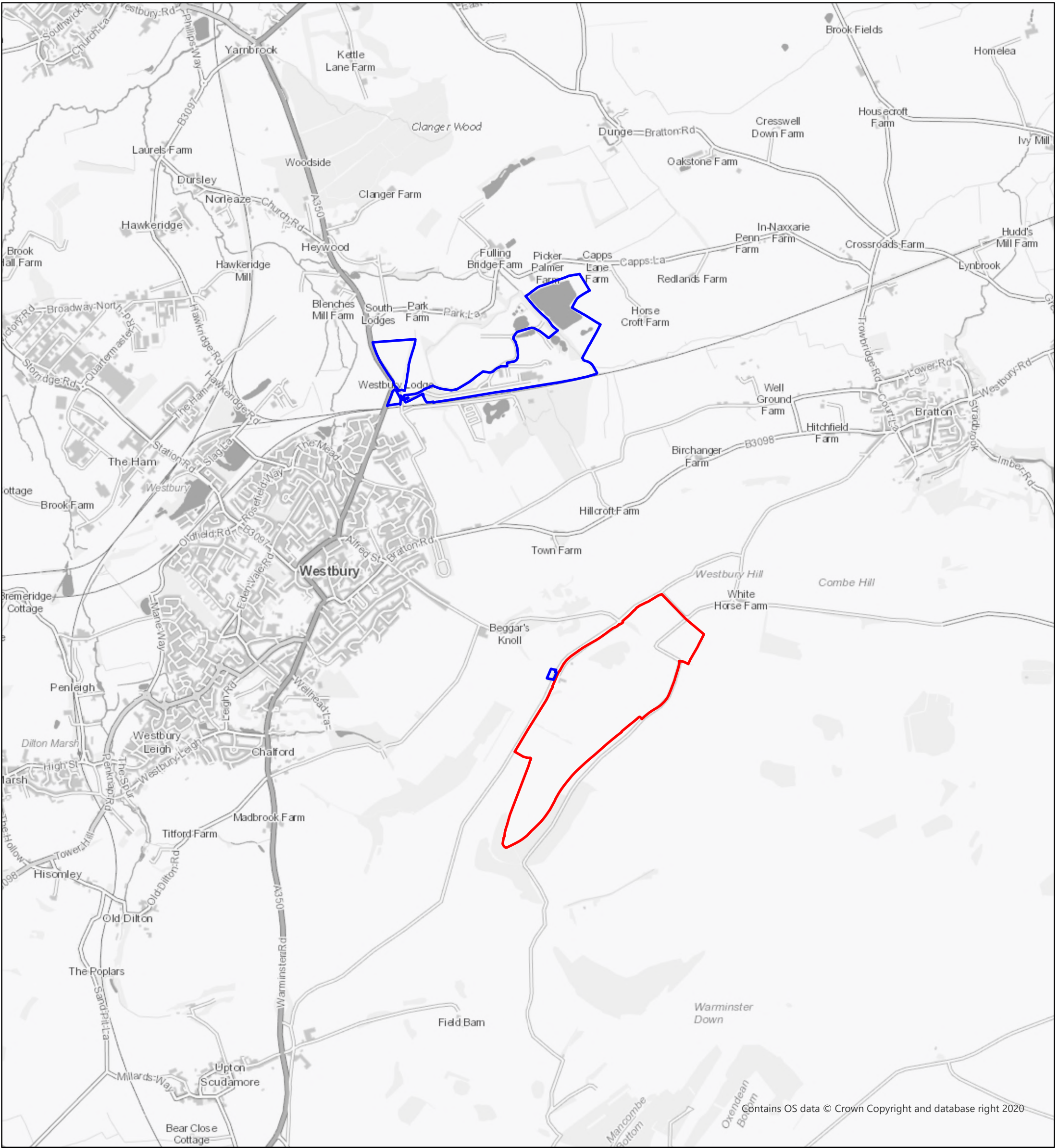
27. Notwithstanding the size of the application site, given no changes are proposed to the quarry footprint; no changes are proposed to methods of restoration; and there is no intensification of use, it is considered that the proposals do not fall under paragraph 24 of Schedule 1 of the EIA Regulations. The application also has the potential to generate beneficial effects in terms of landscape and ecology in particular that should be considered as part of the EIA Screening Process.
28. Whilst the proposals fall under Schedule 2, part 2(a) due to the nature of the permitted quarry operations, as well as part 13(a) and (b) on the basis of the changes proposed to approved restoration scheme/planning consent, it is considered that these changes are modest and largely related to the retention of habitats which have naturally regenerated and will not have a significant adverse effect on the environment and/or are compatible with the permitted after-uses of the quarry, with the balance in this regard to remain as approved.
29. It is therefore considered that the proposals do not constitute EIA development under Schedule 2 of the EIA Regulations, but we would be grateful for the MPA's Screening Opinion to confirm.
30. We look forward to hearing from you, but should you require any further information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact Georgina Snaize at this office.

Yours faithfully

David L Walker Ltd

David L Walker Limited
Agent for Tarmac Trading Limited

Encs Approved Restoration Plan (reference UKTD-WHO32A)
 Revised Restoration Plan (reference 315871-ADW01)
 Decision Notice W.04.1867 dated 12 April 2007
 Location Plan (reference W372-00062-1)
 Site Plan (reference W372-00062-2)



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Legend

-  Other Land Under the Applicant's Control
-  Application Site



Site Name:
W372 Westbury

Drawing Name:
Section 73 Application Location Plan

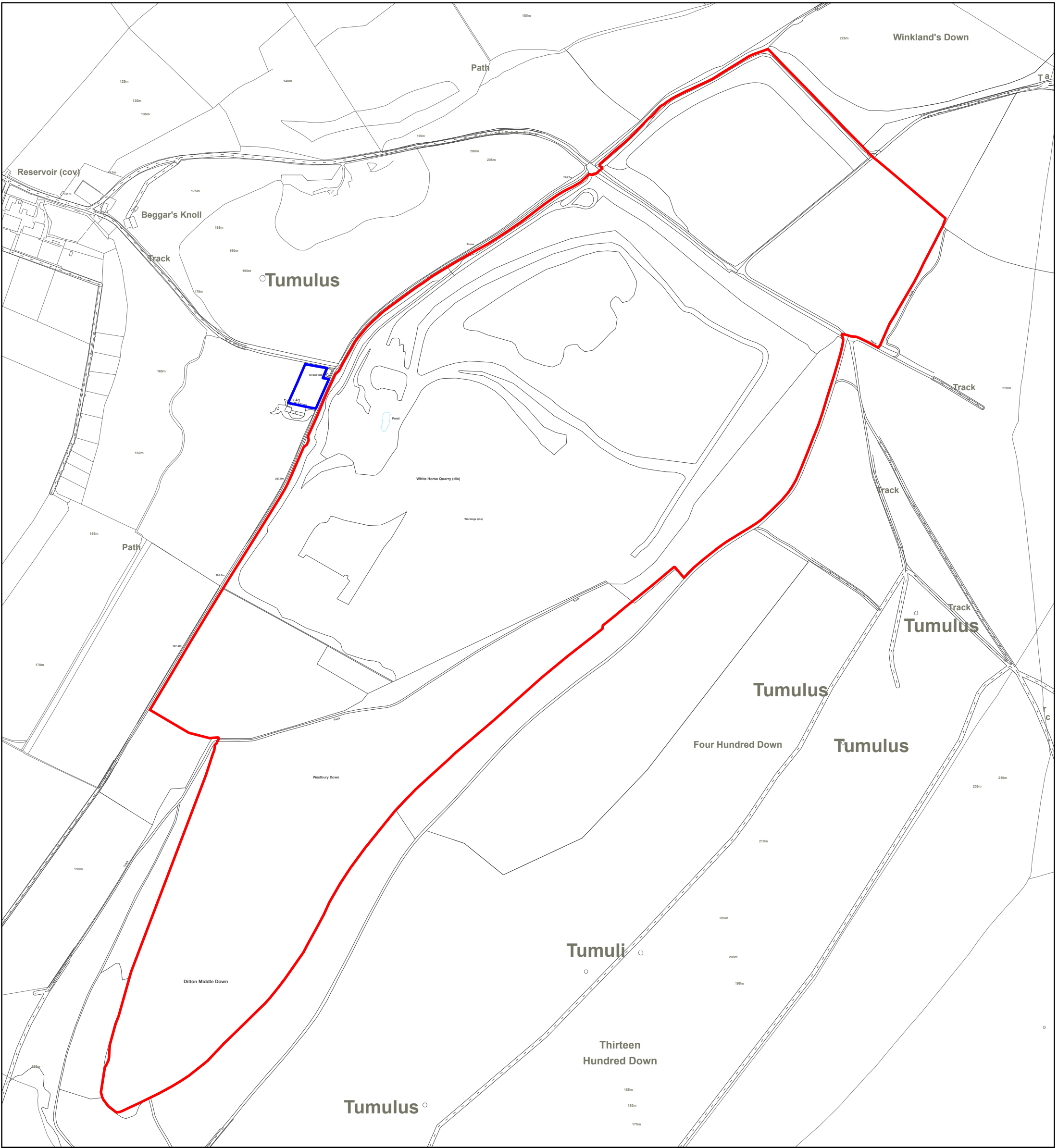
Drawn By:
S Halliday

Scale @ A3:
1:25,000

Date:
13/11/2025

Drawing No:
W372-00062-1





Legend

Other Land Under the Applicant's Control

Application Site



Site Name:
W372 Westbury

Drawing Name:
Section 73 Application Site Plan

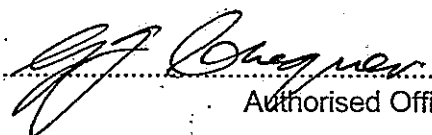
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Date: 11/11/2025	Drawing No: W372-00062-2	

THE SCHEDULE TO THE PERMISSION

Name of the Local Planning Authority:		WILTSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Name and address of applicant: Lafarge Cement UK The Shore Norfleet Gravesend Kent DA11 9AN		Name and address of agent: Dr. S.G. Down, BSc PhD Manor House, Church Street Churchover Rugby Warwickshire CV23 0EW	
Brief Details of the Application:		Application Date: 27 th September 2004	
Location:	Westbury Chalk Quarry, Westbury Works, Trowbridge Road, Westbury		
Proposed Development:	Winning and working of mineral as an extension to the existing permitted Westbury Chalk Quarry		
Conditions:			
<u>Standard</u>			
1. The development hereby granted shall commence within five years from the date of this permission.			
<u>Duration</u>			
2. All operations granted by this permission shall have ceased and all plant, machinery, structures, hardstandings, security fences and haul roads shall be removed and the site restored in accordance with Drawing No. UKTD-WHO32A entitled "Chalk Quarry Proposed Restoration" by 31 st December 2036.			
<u>Hours of working</u>			
3. Except in emergencies, in order to maintain safe working (which shall be notified to the Mineral Planning Authority as soon as practicable) the hours of operation shall apply as follows:			
Soil stripping, overburden and mineral working:			
06.00-18.00 Monday-Friday			
Chalk crushing and processing - no restriction (24 hours)			
No soil stripping, overburden removal or extraction of minerals shall take place at any time on Saturday, Sunday and Bank or Public Holidays.			
cont'd ...			

Dated this 12th day of April 2007

Signed



Authorised Officer

Town and Country Planning Act, 1990

PERMISSION FOR DEVELOPMENT

1. The Local Planning Authority having taken environmental information into consideration **HEREBY GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION** subject to the scheduled conditions (if any) for the development proposed by the applicant in the application, which is hereby expressly incorporated herewith and of which brief details are, by way of identification only, set out in the Schedule (see overleaf).
2. The scheduled conditions (if any) have been imposed for the reasons set out in the Schedule.
3. "The Local Planning Authority", "the scheduled conditions", "the applicant" and "the application" referred to above are those described in the Schedule overleaf.

NOTES

- (1) **Time Limits on Planning Permissions.** By virtue of Sections 91-94 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1990, planning permissions are subject to time limits. If a condition imposing a time limit has been expressly included as part of this permission, then that condition must be observed.
- (2) **Other necessary consents.** This document only conveys permission for the proposed development under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the applicant must also comply with all byelaws, regulations and statutory provisions in force in the district and secure such other approvals and permissions as may be necessary.

In particular the applicant is reminded of the following matters:

- (a) the need in appropriate cases to obtain approval under Building Regulations;
- (b) the need to obtain an appropriate Order if the proposal involves the stopping up or diversion of a public right of way;
- (c) the need to obtain consent under Sections 7 and 74 of the Planning (Listed Buildings & Conservation Areas) Act 1990 to the demolition, alteration or extension of any listed building of architectural or historic interest or any non-listed building in a Conservation Area.
- (d) the need to make any appropriate arrangements under the Highways Act, 1980, in respect of any works within the limits of a public highway.

(It is the responsibility of the applicant to ascertain whether the development affects any public right of way or listed building).

(3) Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If you want to appeal, then you must do so within six months of the date of this notice, using a form which you can get from the Planning Inspectorate, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of an appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order and to any directions given under the order.

In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based its decision on a direction given by him.

(4) Purchase Notices

If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(5) Compensation

In certain circumstances compensation may be claimed from the local planning authority if permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on reference of the application to him.

These circumstances are set out in Section 114 and related provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Conditions (cont'd)Phasing of working

4. The phasing of working of the site shall be carried out in accordance with submitted Drawing No. UKTD-WHO34A entitled "Chalk Quarry Phase Working Scheme".

Depth of working

5. No extraction of chalk shall take place below 140 metres above ordnance datum.

Pipeline for chalk removal

6. All chalk shall be removed from the quarry in slurry form by pipeline to minimise vehicle movements to and from the quarry.

Dust

7. No development shall commence until a detailed scheme for controlling dust at the site has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Mineral Planning Authority. Such scheme shall incorporate the recommendations of Section 5 of the Dust Assessment Study prepared by Dust Scan Ltd. dated 4th May 2006. The scheme shall be implemented as approved.

Noise

8. Noise levels arising from the development shall not exceed 60 dB LAeq one hour freefield at the boundary of the site.
9. Prior to the commencement of operations the operator shall submit to the Mineral Planning Authority for approval details of the proposed arrangements for ensuring that reversing vehicles do not emit warning noise which would have an adverse impact on residential or rural amenity. The arrangements approved shall be implemented and maintained throughout the life of the site.

Water protection and pollution

10. All refuelling rigs/tanks shall be fitted with a warning device to alert site personnel to any leaks or loss of fuels both during and outside normal operating hours.

Floodlighting

11. Details of the location, height, design, sensors and luminance of additional floodlighting (which shall be developed to minimise the potential nuisance of light spillage on adjoining properties and highways) shall be submitted to and approved by the Mineral Planning Authority before any works commence.

Soils

12. No stripping of soil shall be carried out except when the full depth of the soil to be stripped or otherwise transported is in a suitably dry condition such that the topsoil can be separated from the subsoil without difficulty. All available topsoil and all subsoil shall be stripped, handled and stored separately and all stripping, handling and restoration shall take place under dry conditions to minimise structural damage.

Landscaping

13. Before any operations are commenced on site details of a scheme of landscaping shall be submitted to and approved by the Mineral Planning Authority. Such details shall incorporate the general principles indicated in the application (W.04.1867) and shall include provision for details of the size of species and shrubs and hedge planting to be undertaken on retained screening bunds and in the northern extension area and details of other proposed new planting shown on the final restoration scheme (UKTD-WHO32A). Any shrubs or hedgerow planting which die within five years of being planted shall be replaced in the next planting season with new stock and maintained for a period of five years.

Seeding of upper rollover slopes

14. The upper rollover slopes of the quarry shall be dressed with low quality subsoil and seeded with appropriate chalk grassland seed of local provenance sourced from Salisbury Plain. Details of the chalk grassland species to be used in the restoration of the rollover slopes and information on the source of the seed shall be submitted to and approved by the Mineral Planning Authority.

Extraction of chalk

15. No explosives shall be used in connection with the extraction of chalk.

Mineral worked

16. No mineral except chalk shall be removed from the site.

Chalk grassland turf

17. All existing chalk grassland turf to be stripped from the site shall be retained, properly stored and used in the approved restoration scheme.

Regionally Important Geological or Geomorphological Sites (RIGS)

18. No development shall commence until a detailed scheme setting out how the 'RIGS' site identified on Drawing Number UKTD-WHO32A shall be safeguarded throughout the life of the quarry and the 50-year period covered by the Nature and Geological Conservation Management Plan has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Mineral Planning Authority. The scheme shall be implemented as approved.
19. No development shall commence until a detailed scheme setting out the mitigation measures for protected species has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Mineral Planning Authority. Such scheme shall incorporate the recommendations set out in Section 7.8 of the Ecology and Biodiversity Chapter of the Environmental Statement (September 2004) and the Westbury Quarry Ecology Update Report Spring 2006 (May 2006). Such scheme shall be implemented as approved.
20. No development of the extension area shall take place until all footpaths and bridleways affected by the proposal have been diverted, are in place and brought into use.
21. Within three months of the granting of this permission a scheme setting out details of measures to ensure public safety in the vicinity of the north-west face of the quarry shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Mineral Planning Authority. Such scheme shall include the measures outlined in Section 4.4 of Chapter 4 of the Environmental Statement dated September 2004. Such scheme shall be implemented as approved.

Reasons

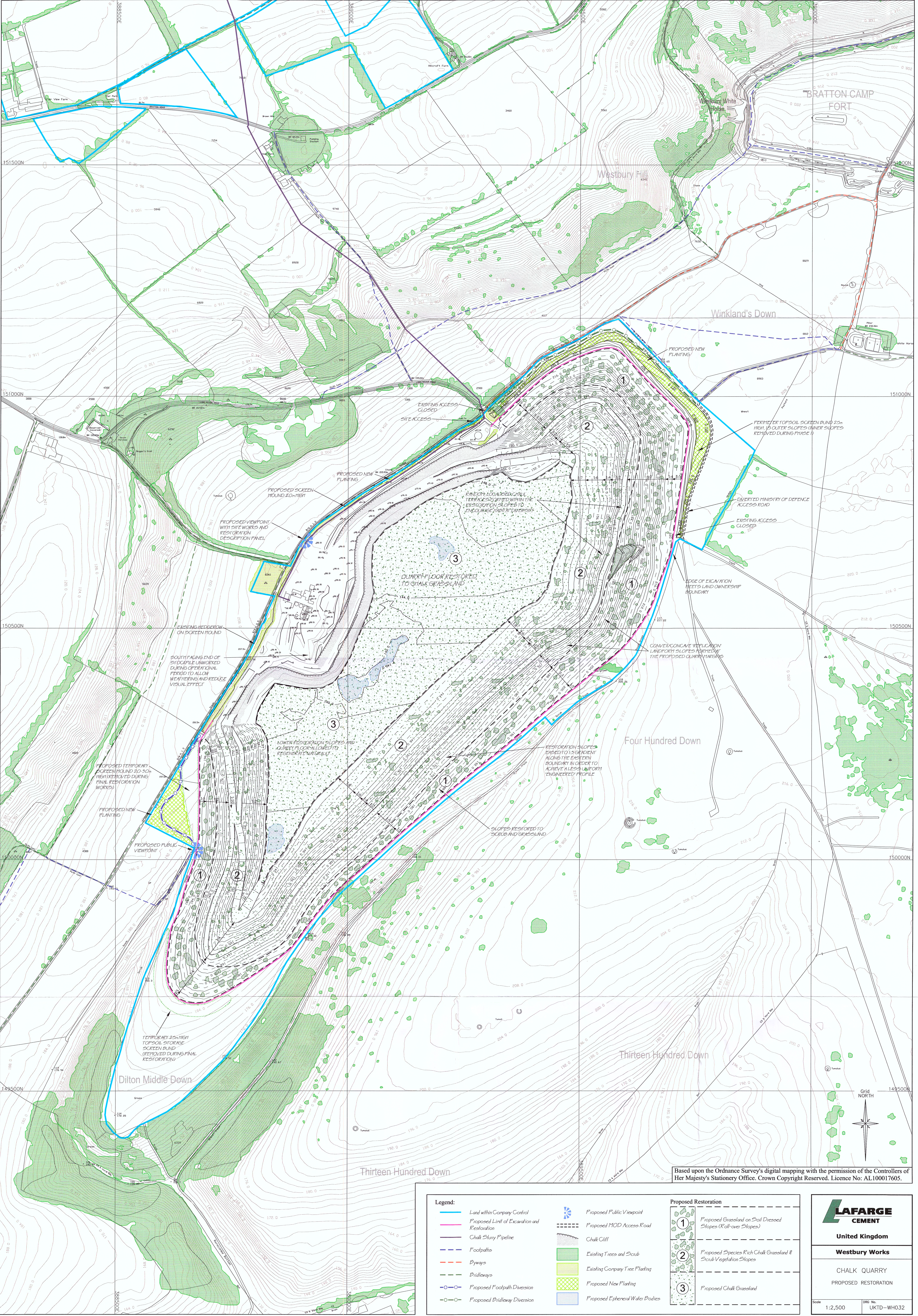
1. To comply with Section 51(1) of the Planning and Compulsary Act 2004.
2. For the avoidance of doubt and to not prejudice the long-term restoration of the site.
3. For the avoidance of doubt and to safeguard adjacent land uses.
4. To enable the Mineral Planning Authority to adequately control development and to minimise its impact on the amenities of the local area.
5. To minimise the risk to local groundwater resources.
6. In the interests of highway safety.
7. To safeguard the adjoining area.
8. and 9. To protect the amenity of the area.
10. To ensure that any leak or loss of fuel is detected and to prevent pollution to groundwater.
11. To minimise the nuisance and disturbance to the surrounding area.
12. In the interests of maintaining soil quality and the satisfactory restoration of the site.
13. To improve the appearance of the site in the interests of visual amenity, to screen the workings and to assist in integrating the site back into the local landscape.
14. To ensure consistence in terms of the chalk grassland to be provided and to ensure maximum biodiversity gain.
15. To safeguard undue disturbance to the general amenity of the area.
16. To ensure that the development is carried out in a satisfactory manner and to regulate the use of the land.
17. To ensure that chalk grassland of local provenance is used in the restoration of the site.
18. To ensure the safeguarding of the important RIGS site.
19. To safeguard protected species on the site.
20. To maintain the integrity of the public rights of way network.
21. To ensure that measures to provide for public safety do not detract from the overall restoration of the site and to protect the amenity of the area.

Permission granted for the following reasons

The decision to grant planning permission has been taken having regard to Policies C2, MSP1 and MSP6 of the Wiltshire and Swindon Structure Plan 2016 (Adopted April 2006), Policies 1, 3, 14, 19, 30, 31, 32, 48 and 49 of the Adopted Wiltshire and Swindon Minerals Local Plan (November 2001), Policies C3, C4a, C5, C6, C13 and C15 of the West Wiltshire District Plan First Alteration Written Statement (June 2004) and to all relevant material considerations. The development is acceptable in principle and subject to compliance with the conditions attached to this permission would not cause any significant harm to interests of acknowledged importance.

Informative

This planning permission does not authorise the stopping-up or diversions of the footpaths and bridleways required to enable development to take place. These can only be stopped-up or diverted by Order under Section 257 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.



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Legend:

- Land within Company Control
- Proposed Limit of Excavation and Restoration
- Chalk Slurry Pipeline
- Footpaths
- Byways
- Bridleways
- Proposed Footpath Diversion
- Proposed Bridleway Diversion
- Proposed Public Viewpoint
- Proposed MOD Access Road
- Chalk Cliff
- Existing Trees and Scrub
- Existing Company Tree Planting
- Proposed New Planting
- Proposed Ephemeral Water Bodies

Proposed Restoration

- 1 Proposed Grassland on Soil Dressed Slopes (Roll-over Slopes)
- 2 Proposed Species Rich Chalk Grassland & Scrub Vegetation Slopes
- 3 Proposed Chalk Grassland

LAFARGE CEMENT

United Kingdom

Westbury Works

CHALK QUARRY
PROPOSED RESTORATION

Scale: 1:2,500

DRG No: UKTD-WH032

