

To:	Samantha Stockley	From:	Drainage Team (Arun Govind T)
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Planning App Ref:	PL/2026/00462
Service Ref:	Drainage
Date:	11/02/2026

PROPOSAL

Full application

Demolition of existing bungalow and erection of 2 no. detached dwellings

SITE LOCATION

The Haven, Minety, Malmesbury, SN16 9QG

SUMMARY OF THE CONSULTEE POSITION

Object	
Holding Objection: Further information required	
Support	
No comment	
No objection	
No objection subject to conditions	X
Consultation not required	

APPLICATION DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

- Application Form Redacted
- Covering Letter
- Design and Access statement
- Existing elevations and floor plans
- Location plan and existing and proposed site plans
- Planning Statement
- Plot 1 - Elevations and floor plans
- Plot 2 - Elevations and floor plans

ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPOSAL

Context

In planning terms, flood risk refers to the potential for development to increase the likelihood or severity of flooding on-site or elsewhere, while drainage considerations relate to the capacity of the site and surrounding infrastructure to manage surface water runoff in a sustainable and effective manner.

The local planning authority must be satisfied that the proposed development will not increase flood risk, either on-site or elsewhere, and that surface water will be managed in a sustainable and coordinated manner.

Where necessary, planning conditions or legal agreements may be used to secure the implementation, maintenance, and monitoring of SuDS and other drainage infrastructure.

Assessment

According to SFRA, the proposed site is within Flood Zone 1 and has a low risk of surface water and groundwater flooding.

The applicants are seeking approval for the demolition of existing bungalow and erection of 2 detached dwellings in the same site.

The submitted documents do not include any information on how surface water will be managed for the new development. Given the scale of the proposed buildings and its associated hardstanding, clarification on drainage arrangements is essential to ensure that runoff is appropriately controlled and does not lead to flooding or waterlogging on-site or off-site.

RECOMMENDATION

No objection subject to the following conditions

- 1. No development shall take place until a surface water drainage strategy, complying with Wiltshire Council requirements, NPPF, PPG and the National Standards for SuDS has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.**

In order to discharge the above drainage condition the following additional information must be provided:

- Evidence that the [surface water disposal hierarchy](#) has been applied and how all other options have been exhausted.
- A drainage plan showing the proposed drainage strategy along with pipe sizes, slope, IL and manhole details.
- If infiltration is proposed, the design shall be informed by infiltration tests undertaken in accordance with BRE 365, together with the results of seasonal groundwater monitoring.

or

If discharge to a watercourse or sewer is proposed, the applicant must submit pre- and post-development discharge rates in accordance with Wiltshire Council's [betterment policy](#) for greenfield sites.

or

If discharge to a drainage system not owned by the applicant is proposed, consent for any outfalls from the proposed drainage systems to this drainage system (public sewer or other).

- Pre and post development exceedance routing that demonstrates flood risk is not increased elsewhere.
- Details of how the proposed drainage features on the site will be maintained and managed after completion.

INFORMATIVES

- The EA's standing advice for minor extensions will apply.
- All new drainage will need to comply fully with Building Regulations Part H (and they should engage with the building control department in order to ensure this).
- In line with the NPPF and National Standards for SuDS, the applicant should seek to use SuDS wherever practicable as part of the surface water drainage strategy.
- Any new connections to sewers will be subject to S106 agreement under the Water Industry Act with the Sewerage Undertaker.
- Prior to any works commencing on the upstream drainage network, the approved outfall structure and flow control device shall be fully constructed, tested, and commissioned. No discharge to the receiving system (including watercourses, waterbodies, sewers, or drains) shall occur until these measures are operational to ensure compliance with agreed discharge rates and prevent an increase in flood risk elsewhere.

Pre-app	Outline	Full	Reserved matters	Discharge of conditions	Document to be submitted
✓	✓	✓			Flood Risk Assessment / Statement
✓	✓	✓			Drainage Strategy / Statement & sketch layout plan
	✓				Preliminary "Outline" hydraulic calculations
	✓	✓			Ground investigation report (for infiltration)
	✓	✓	✓	✓	Evidence of third party agreement for discharge to their system (consent to discharge)
		✓		✓	Maintenance program and on-going maintenance responsibilities
		✓	✓	✓	Detailed flood & drainage design drawings
		✓	✓	✓	Evidence of measures to prevent pollution of the receiving groundwater and/or surface waters
		✓	✓	✓	Drawings showing conveyance routes for flows exceeding the 1 in 100 year plus climate change

RELEVANT PLANNING POLICY & GUIDANCE

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) [NPPF December 2024 Link](#)
Planning and Flood Risk (Paras 170–182)

Wiltshire Core Strategy – Adopted January 2015 [Wiltshire Core Strategy Link](#)
Core Policy 67 requires that all new development must address flood risk from all sources and not increase flood risk elsewhere. It supports the use of Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) and requires that developments demonstrate how surface water will be managed sustainably.

Wiltshire Local Plan (emerging) [Local Plan Review Link](#)
Development must avoid high flood risk areas using the sequential approach. Proposals require a Flood Risk Assessment, Surface Water Drainage Strategy, and Groundwater Assessment where relevant. All schemes must include Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS), with major developments achieving a 30% reduction in runoff compared to greenfield rates, following the surface water discharge hierarchy.

Culverting and building over watercourses is discouraged, and natural drainage features should be retained or restored. Drainage strategies must ensure safety during extreme flood events (1-in-100-year + climate change) and provide safe access/egress. SuDS should also deliver biodiversity, amenity, and water quality benefits.

Supplementary Planning Documents

Wiltshire Council Drainage Betterment Strategy (2024) [SPD Link](#)
This technical guidance outlines expectations for surface water discharge hierarchy, attenuation, exceedance routes, water quality, and post-development monitoring.

Wiltshire Design Guide (March 2024) [SPD Link](#)
Includes principles of good design, including integration of SuDS and flood resilience.

Other Relevant Policies and Guidance

Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) – Flood Risk and Drainage [Guidance Link](#)
Covers detailed expectations for flood risk assessments, SuDS design, discharge hierarchy, sequential testing and climate change allowances.

Wiltshire SFRA (2024) [SFRA Link](#)
This document underpins the Sequential and Exception Test application and provides site screening evidence.

Section 19 Flood Investigation Reports [Section 19 Reports Link](#)
These documents summarise investigations into significant local flood incidents and establish what caused the flooding, how authorities responded, and actions needed to prevent future floods.

National Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) June 2025 [Guidance Link](#)
Establishes mandatory criteria for runoff destination hierarchy, interception, flood resilience, water quality, amenity, biodiversity, and long-term maintenance for all new developments in England.

SuDS Manual (CIRIA C753)
This document sets out design principles, especially where attenuation, exceedance routing, and water quality are discussed.

Infiltration drainage design must be supported by ground investigations, including infiltration testing in accordance with *British Research Establishment (BRE) Digest 365 – Soakaway Design*, and groundwater level monitoring that accounts for seasonal variation.