

Land at Fives Court, Angel Lane, Mere, Wiltshire

Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment

Nick Corcos BA, MA, PhD, MCIfA

Bristol: November 2022



Avon Archaeology Limited

AAL Report No. 2022-23.525



Avon Archaeology Limited, Unit 36, Avondale Business Centre, Woodland Way, Kingswood, Bristol BS15 1AW
Tel: 0117 960 8487 email: mail@avonarchaeology.co.uk Registered Company 8498726



This page is intentionally blank



Document Title	Land at Fives Court, Angel Lane, Mere, Wiltshire
Document Subtitle	Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment
Client Name	Rachael Swann (Wiltshire County Council)
Site Location	Fives Court Care Home, Angel Lane, Mere, Wiltshire BA12 6DH
National Grid Reference	ST 81300 32289
Planning Authority	Wiltshire County Council
Planning Reference	Pre-App
Project Code	AAL 22-23.525
Document Author	Nick Corcos
Date of Preparation	November 2022
OASIS Record Number	avonarch2-510160
HER Number	Allocated by local authority



CONTENTS

Abstract

Acknowledgements

Notes

Copyright

- 1 Introduction**
- 2 Methodology**
- 3 Topography and Geology**
- 4 Historical Background**
- 5 Archaeological Background**
- 6 Historic Map Evidence**
- 7 Site Visit**
- 8 National and Local Planning Policies**
- 9 Conclusions**
- 10 Bibliography and Primary Historical Sources**

Cover

Modern satellite image of the site in its present state. The study site itself is on the right-hand side of the frame, on the eastern side of Angel Lane, the medieval church of St Michael on the left. There are now no features or buildings of any archaeological and/or historic interest whatsoever to be seen on the site at ground level. The historic, so-called 'Fives Wall', which is a listed structure and is thought to be of 19th century date, lies outside the site boundary, but only about 40m to its north. Source: Google Earth. Scale and north as indicated.

Figures

- 1 Location of the site
- 2 Site plan showing red line boundary



- 3 Extract from Mere enclosure map, 1821
- 4 Extract from Mere tithe map, 1848
- 5 Extract from First Edition 25" OS map, 1886
- 6 Extract from Second Edition 25" OS map, 1900
- 7 Extract from OS 25" map, revision of 1923
- 8 Extract from OS 25" map, revision of 1942
- 9 Original architects' drawings of Fives Court elderly people's home, 1974
- 10 Map index to plate positions

Plates

- 1 Composite panorama of site to south-east and south
- 2 Looking south-west, from north-eastern corner of site
- 3 Stone walls bounding eastern and northern sides of the site
- 4 Barn at the northern side of the main entrance to Fives Court
The so-called Fives Wall, to the north-west of the site, a Grade II Listed structure

Appendix

Wiltshire County Council Historic Environment Record, map and text printouts

Abbreviations

aOD	Above Ordnance Datum
KYP	KnowYourPlace (online historic mapping resource)
MYA	Million Years Ago
NHL	National Heritage List
OS	Ordnance Survey
WHER	Wiltshire Historic Environment Record
WRO	Wiltshire Record Office



ABSTRACT

Avon Archaeology Limited was commissioned by Rachael Swann, of Wiltshire County Council, to undertake an archaeological desk-based assessment of a site currently occupied by a modern care home building immediately to the south of Mere town centre. It is intended to establish sheltered housing for elderly residents, but proposals for exactly how this is to be achieved, are not yet finalised. The proposal is current at pre-app stage, and this report will form a part of the formal planning submission for the project.

The site falls just outside, and to the south of, the boundary of the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs AONB, and within the boundary of the Mere town centre Conservation Area. Mere as an occupation site was in existence before the Norman Conquest, although its history in the early post-Conquest period is somewhat obscure. Although not appearing as a town by the time of Domesday Book, it is possible that it had acquired urban affinities by the time of formal market and fair grants in the early 15th century, and indeed was a borough by the late 13th. It may well have effectively functioned as a town in all but name, in its rural hinterland, from the 12th century onwards. The town has numerous listed buildings, especially along the main east-west route which forms the main backbone of the settlement plan, and it is likely that the basic plan of the town consisted of the usual arrangement of narrow burgage plots running to backstreets from the main street frontage; and indeed this is evident even on relatively late (ie 19th century) historic mapping.

There are no Scheduled Monuments on the site itself or indeed within Mere – the nearest being on Castle Hill, to the north of the town, and a small group of Bronze Age barrows immediately to its west. A burial, supposedly of early medieval date, was identified on a site less than 50m to its south-east, but otherwise, there is very little known about the archaeological resource either on the site itself or in



its immediate vicinity. The site remained an undeveloped paddock until the end of the 19th century, when its northern part was developed for a large building of unknown function, although possibly related to the storing and/or processing of agricultural produce. The southern half of the site, remained, however, undeveloped. The present building on the site was probably constructed in the early to mid-1970s, but it is not known at exactly what point the large late 19th/early 20th century building on the northern part of the site was removed. It is possible that the latter was not explicitly demolished for the construction of the former, but this also is unknown. In any event, the present building is of pre-PPG16 origin, and dates originally from the mid-1970s; this means that the site is very unlikely to have been archaeologically investigated prior either to its construction, or indeed as part of the process of demolishing and removing all the earlier structures associated with the large, unidentified building, if that structure was still standing at that time.

In terms of below ground heritage assets, it is probable that damage has already been done within the footprint of the building itself, but the same may not apply to the car parks and other open spaces around it. It is certainly the case that at one time or another, the area within the site boundary was at the least partially occupied by various (probably agricultural) buildings of post-medieval, and specifically 19th century origin. However, in the mid-1990s, a nationally-important, furnished inhumation burial, of Anglo-Saxon date, was discovered only a few metres to the south of the study site's southern boundary. The location is well away from the site of the medieval parish church, which itself is likely to have been of at least late Anglo-Saxon foundation. It is unclear how this single chance discovery fits into the general context of contemporary activity, settlement and other burial sites in the immediate area; nonetheless its importance makes it a material consideration for present purposes, especially if it might have been part of a cemetery.



For the site as a whole, therefore, we consider that overall, the potential for archaeological preservation is, on balance, likely to be low to moderate – and that any surviving stratigraphy is likely to be chiefly of post-medieval date.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Avon Archaeology Limited wishes to acknowledge the assistance given by the following in the production of this report: Rachael Swann of Wiltshire County Council, for commissioning AAL to undertake this project, and for her support and help with our requests for information throughout its production; Carol Lewis, of Wiltshire County Council, for providing the trawl of the local authority's HER database which forms the basis for our examination of the archaeological potential of the site, and for providing a copy of a crucial report from within the HER; the ever-helpful and patient staff of the Wiltshire Record Office in Chippenham; and to my colleague at AAL Gareth Dickinson, for producing the figures of the historic maps.

NOTES

Whereas Avon Archaeology Limited have taken all possible care to produce a comprehensive summary of the known and recorded archaeological evidence, no responsibility can be accepted for any omissions of fact or opinion, however caused.

COPYRIGHT

The copyright to the following text, drawings and photographs is, unless otherwise credited, the property of the author and Avon Archaeology Limited. Full joint copyright passes to the commissioners of the project upon the full settlement of the project account.

All enquiries should be addressed to:

Avon Archaeology Limited
Avondale Business Centre
Woodland Way, Kingswood
Bristol BS15 1AW
Telephone 0117 960 8487.

Email: mail@avonarchaeology.co.uk

Website: www.avonarchaeology.co.uk

Plans and maps based on the Ordnance Survey Sheets are reproduced by permission of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. © Crown Copyright Reserved. Licence Number AL 100005802



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Avon Archaeology Limited was commissioned by Rachael Swann, of Wiltshire County Council, to undertake an archaeological desk-based assessment of land currently occupied by a sheltered housing complex for elderly people, at Angel Lane, Mere, Wiltshire. This facility was originally constructed in the mid-late 1970s. This project is intended to be a part of a formal planning application relating to the site, to improve the facilities there, although the final design of the project, and what it will entail in terms of actual groundworks and construction, have not yet been finalised. At the time of writing (November 2022), there were two possible alternatives being considered for the site:

- Option 1 – Demolish building on site and replace with a 20-25 unit scheme – all under one roof – maximising the site area for development – mix of single and two storey building
- Option 2 – Refurbish the current building including the possibility of extension/s for a 15 unit scheme. A capacity layout is currently being undertaken and is looking to be the viable chosen option.

The site is bounded to the west by Angel Lane, and to the north, east and south by development and buildings of various dates and kinds, some of them residential, with their garden plots. The site sits just to the south of the historic town centre, only a few metres to the south of the market place, and about 140m to the east of the medieval church of St Michael. Its postcode is BA12 6DH, and it lies just inside the southern boundary of the formally designated Mere Conservation Area, although the entire length of Angel Lane falls within the CA. There was at the time of writing, however, no formal Management Plan and/or Character Appraisal available for the Mere CA. The centre of the site is given by OS NGR ST 81300 32289 (**Figures 1** and **2**). The site lies outside, but only about 600m to the south of, the boundary of the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs AONB, which in this area runs along the northern side of the A303 Mere



By-Pass.

1.2 Internally, the site itself is of entirely modern form, in total containing about 3,300m², of which about 1,265m² consists of the footprints of the various buildings within its boundary. The northern part of the complex stands on the site of a late 19th/early 20th century building, of unknown function, which was removed at some unknown date prior to the construction of the present complex; the footprint of the earlier building lies entirely within the Fives Court site, and it is possible that its footings may survive archaeologically.

1.3 There are no Scheduled Monuments either within the site boundary or indeed, anywhere nearby within the town itself. The nearest is Mere Castle, a medieval fortified site at the eastern end of Long Hill, immediately to the north of the town, and about 300m to the north-west of the study site. A small group of four Bronze Age barrows immediately to the west of the castle site are also scheduled. As might be expected in the centre of a relatively small but historic market town, however, there are numerous listed buildings and other structures in the immediate vicinity of the site, especially along the principle east-west route which forms the main backbone of the settlement plan, but also to the west of the site, clustering around the parish church at the western end of Church Street. The nearest to the site itself is the Grade II Listed Fives Court Wall, which although outside the site boundary, is only about 45m to the west of its western boundary. Listed structures and indeed other relevant Heritage Assets are enumerated in rather more detail in **Section 5** below (**Archaeological Background**). An OASIS record, which will eventually be linked to the Archaeology Data Service, has been opened for this project, under reference number avonarch2-510160. There is no HER number for this project, as the local authority archaeology service only assigns them after submission of the final report.



2 METHODOLOGY

2.1 The methodology adopted here has been framed according to the main tenets outlined in the relevant guidance document issued by the CIfA for this kind of project. Searches were made of the indices of the collections of the Wiltshire Record Office (now known as the Wiltshire and Swindon History Centre); and a variety of online bibliographic resources, most notably JISC Library Hub Discover, the Archaeology Data Service, and Google Scholar, were used to identify potentially useful sources of information, whether published or otherwise¹. In addition, a full commercial trawl of the local authority's HER was carried out on behalf of AAL by Carol Lewis, of the Historic Environment Record for Wilts. County Council, and the most salient results of that search have been incorporated in this report.

3 TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

3.1 At the time of writing, there was no formal topographical survey available for the study site. However, its entire area is to all intents and purposes level, at about 106m aOD.

3.2 Underpinning the site itself, the 'hard rock' geology consists of deposits of the West Melbury Marly Chalk Formation, the physical characteristics of which are described by BGS as

Buff, grey and off-white, soft, marly chalk and hard grey limestone arranged in couplets.

¹<https://discover.libraryhub.jisc.ac.uk/>; <http://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/>; www.scholar.google.com

These strata lie at the lowest part of the Late Cretaceous period, and span about 100 to 94 million years ago. This said, however, it is also the case, on the basis of current geological mapping, that the site lies extremely close to a major geological boundary, because very close by to its south, the geology changes sharply, and BGS maps deposits of the Kimmeridge Clay Formation. These layers are of Late Jurassic age so at this point they clearly lie unconformably below the West Melbury deposits. This is due to a major fault. It is therefore theoretically possible that either or both of these strata may lie beneath the site. BGS describes this material as

Mudstones (calcareous or kerogen-rich or silty or sandy); thin siltstone and cementstone beds; locally sands and silts.

There is unfortunately no recent borehole information from the study site itself which might have assisted with this question.

4 HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Mere – General

4.1 Mere is not yet covered by the Wiltshire Victoria County History, although a forthcoming volume (Vol 19) will contain entries for parishes in the hundred at the centre of which, historically, it lay. This volume will also cover parishes in the Deverill valley. Fortunately, however, Mere has been the subject of a modern study in the form of an archaeological Extensive Urban Survey, published in 2004 (hereafter EUS 2004). This important and authoritative source provides a comprehensive overview of the town's developmental history, and therefore there is no need here to dwell at length on this aspect of the background to the present study site. What follows therefore is merely a brief review of what we consider to

be the most salient points from the EUS, which will not be separately referenced in this account. Other sources used are separately referenced as necessary.

4.2 Even before the Norman Conquest, Mere already stood at the head of its own hundred, which even on its own is an indication of its high status within the local administrative hierarchy. Its relatively insignificant Domesday assessment is therefore suspicious (see further below). In the post-Conquest period, the other places in the hundred were Maiden Bradley, Kingston and Monkton Deverill, Kilmington (formerly in Somerset), Knoyle, and East and West Knoyle, Stourton and Zeals (Gover *et al* 1939, 172-183). Like so many other places, Mere first emerges into the pages of history in Domesday Book (1086), but this of course merely gives the *latest* date by which we can say for certain that there was an estate of that name in existence (Thorn and Thorn 1979). We can in fact be confident that it originated well before the Norman Conquest. It has been suggested that the place-name is probably from Old English (*ge*)*mære*, with a meaning of '[the place] at the boundary'; probably a reference to the major tripartite meeting point of the counties of Somerset, Dorset and Wiltshire, which lies about 4km to the south-west of Mere church (Gover *et al* 1939, 178)².

4.3 By then late 11th century, Domesday records no fewer than three separate holdings, all called Mere. All were in the possession of various of the king's thegns, and all were very small – respectively one virgate ($\frac{1}{4}$ hide), 1½ virgates, and the largest still extending only to a single hide (Thorn and Thorn 1979). There is no suggestion at all from these raw figures that Mere at that date was a place of any

²The exact location is given by OS NGR ST 77243 31235. Note, however, that other authorities prefer to derive the place-name from Old English *mere*, 'a lake, pool'; Ekwall 1960, 322, and Mills 2011, 325. The online *Key to English Place-Names*, which is highly authoritative, says that the meaning is uncertain and that it could conceivably be either of these suggestions; <http://kepn.nottingham.ac.uk/> Historic maps, however, do not appear to give any indication of the previous existence of a body of water within or close to Mere such as might have given rise to a place-name with this meaning. It is possible that the reference is to a *different* boundary of some kind, now lost to us.



prominence whatsoever. It has been suggested that the relatively very low rating in 1086 may be due to Mere having been in royal hands, and therefore the vastly greater part of it was not subject to the geld (EUS 2004, 5, Para. 4.3). Domesday may well, therefore, not be giving us a true impression of the real size and resources of Mere at that date, and indeed, the fact that before the Norman Conquest, it stood at the head of its hundred (above), reinforces that suggestion. No mills are mentioned for any of the very small Mere holdings in 1086, but if there was a much larger, ungelded royal manor at that time, it may well have had a mill. At least two mills are attested from at least the late 13th century, and it is perfectly possible that one or both of these stood on far earlier sites (EUS 2004, 8, Para. 5.5.4).

4.4 There seems to have been a church by the end of the 11th century at the latest, and there is no reason why this could not actually have been founded before the Norman Conquest; and indeed, it is very likely that it was, since early medieval architectural work is strongly suspected within it (EUS 2004, 6, Para. 5.4.1). In the mid-13th century the manor was granted to the Earldom of Cornwall, and it was a holder of that title who first constructed a castle on the prominent hill to the north of the town; this is now a Scheduled Monument, and although originally stone-built, although it appears to have been abandoned and in disrepair by as early as the end of the 14th century. It was certainly in ruins by the 17th century. The EUS suggests that many later buildings in the town were constructed of stonework robbed from the castle (EUS 2004, 7, Para. 5.5.1). Later on in the 13th century, the Earldom founded a market at Mere, but without the benefit of a royal grant, which was only forthcoming retrospectively at the beginning of the 15th century when a formal royal charter was obtained for both a weekly market, and a twice-yearly fair (EUS 2004, 5; GMF). Mere was certainly regarded as a town by that date, and indeed had been a parliamentary borough since at least the early 14th century (Beresford and Finberg 1973, 179). The Duchy continues to hold land in and around Mere to the present day.

4.5 Medieval economic historians define a town by the range of *non-agricultural* activities which take place in it, and the proportion of people engaged in those activities; especially trade, crafts, services, processing of agricultural produce, and so on. By this criterion it is very likely that Mere was functioning as a town in its rural hinterland well before its *formal* foundation in the mid-13th century. It was, in effect, a town in all but name, even without a mayor, burgesses, or formal borough instruments such as a charter of incorporation. Contrary to some opinion, these things are *not* what makes a town in the strict sense (see for example Dyer 1992 and 2002). The morphological framework of Mere appears to reinforce its urban, or at the least proto-urban affinities; and there are certainly elements within it of a classic, so-called 'planned' layout of streets, with a central 'spine' street (Castle Street) onto which fronted long narrow plots running back to subsidiary, back lanes to both the north (Castle Lane) and the south (Church Street). On the southern side, the western extent of the 'plan' may be marked by an unnamed lane running north-south and Town's End; and on the north by a short, north-south length of Castle Hill Lane. Plots within the southern 'cell', to the south of Castle Street, were nearly three times as long as those to the north of it, with the line of Castle Hill Lane bounding their northern ends. The line of Castle Hill Lane in this respect may have something to do with the steeper slope to the north, and the fact, anyway, that the existence of the castle itself may have dictated the line of the back lane on this side of the town.

4.6 The market place has almost certainly been subject to later infill and has therefore probably shrunk from its original size; and without further, detailed analysis, it is not possible to say whether the market was a later insertion into an original framework, or whether it was from the outset an important element of the settlement plan. EUS 2004 (7, Para. 5.5.3) dates the establishment of the market to the late 13th century and associates it with the 'foundation' of a town by the Earl of Cornwall at the same time. But this is merely a speculation. It is possible that the establishment of the market had a major effect on the settlement plan,

as Christopher Taylor has demonstrated elsewhere, possibly necessitating the removal of already existing houses (Taylor 1982). It is also the case that the view of so-called town 'planning' in the medieval period has very much changed, and it is now seen by more recent scholarship as a far more complex and intermittent process. The former idea of a single, sweeping plan, carried through in its totality in a very short period of time, and as a single, coherent, unifying vision, is no longer accepted by many researchers. They point out that all we are able to see is the end result of possibly centuries of development, carried out in fits and starts, and giving an *impression* of unity which is in fact illusory. In the case of Mere, there may have been many separate phases of development, of different dates, and including periods of recession and abandonment, as the economic fortunes of the town waxed and waned. There does not appear, for example, to have been any past work at Mere to determine whether or not there is any kind of pattern or uniformity in terms of plot sizes, and especially, widths. A quick check on Google Earth, against the First Edition OS map, suggested that a 4 perch 'unit' *might* be present (66ft, 20m), as an 'original' element of the plan, but this is speculation, and there has been a great deal of sub-division of plots even since the late 19th century.

4.7 Mere appears to have operated sub-divided, common arable fields, but their exact form is not clear and it is, anyway, unlikely that they were the very tightly regulated 'wall to wall' common fields so characteristic of the Midlands, consisting of maybe two or three very large fields. Those at Mere are likely to have been smaller, and rather more 'irregular' in both form and operation. There *were* furlongs and strips however, as late as the late 18th century, as is shown, for example, by a short survey of some of the arable lands belonging to Sir Richard Coalt Hoare, of Stourhead (dated to c. 1798 – WRO 383/220). The document is titled 'Survey of Lands in the Common Fields at Mere'; the sizes of the plots (nothing larger than an acre but otherwise all far smaller), and the fact that the butting relationships to east and west, and north and south, are given, show that,



as the title suggests, these are open-field strips within a communally worked (albeit by this date probably heavily degraded) field system. So for example, a strip for which the butting relationships are given to east and west, is (presumably) part of a furlong within which the strips were running north-south. The strip of an acre, already mentioned, is probably the result of the consolidation of a number of contiguous strips at some point in the past, achieved by private exchange agreements between tenants and/or owners. At some point in the medieval period, however, the need for additional plough land clearly became pressing, and a very fine series of strip lynchets, probably of that date, survive to the north-east of the town, and north of the A303, on Woodlands Hill (NHL 1004734). Their creation would have involved ploughing on a slope, and the most likely period for this, at the time of maximum population pressure, would have been the late 13th/early 14th century. These features are now protected by formal scheduling. Land exchanges were going on at Mere by the early 19th century (WRO 383/222, 1804-1811), but in fact this was probably merely the last throes of a process that had been going on sporadically since the medieval period. The process was usually intended to bring scattered blocks of land together for more convenient working, and when it involved open field land, it was often a precursor to enclosure, which had been going on in Mere since at least the mid-17th century – it is mentioned in a letter of 1657 (WRO 865/286). A formal parliamentary act for the enclosure of land in the parish was passed in 1807 (WRO A1/215/54), although an award and maps were not issued until 1821 (WRO A1/EA 116). The enclosure appears to have affected the entire parish, although much of it may have been just a ‘mopping up’ exercise intended formally to codify and record the removal of common rights over all land in the parish³.

³Contrary to popular opinion, ‘enclosure’ has nothing to do, directly, with the erection of fences, hedges, walls, ditches or other permanent boundaries where before there were none. It is a technical and legal term, and refers explicitly to the removal of common rights from an area of land. It is certainly true that in many cases, the establishment of permanent, new boundaries, then followed, but that was by no means invariably the case and that was not, in the first instance at least, the point of the process, which was really to exclude everyone but the legal owner(s) of the land from access to it. It was perfectly



4.8 Mere's later history, from the 14th century, was concerned with first woollen manufacture and trading, and later, linen. The later manufacture was almost entirely home-based piece-work, and industrialisation in the town was limited. Along with edge-tool manufacture and brewing, textile and woollen activities were effectively dead by the beginning of the 20th century.

4.9 The earliest surviving structures in Mere, excluding the church, are apparently of 15th century date; although some caution is needed as it is perfectly possible that much earlier buildings, and especially roof structures which can be subjected to dendro dating, may survive, masked by later refronting and refenestration. This is a common occurrence in English towns with long histories where post-medieval buildings appear to dominate. The EUS remarks that the greatest number of listed buildings in Mere are of 18th century date.

The Study Site

4.10 As we have already noted, the site within the strict legal boundary (**Figure 2**) is of entirely modern configuration. We will examine the available historic maps in greater detail later on (see below, **Historic Map Evidence**). They show, however, that the site was empty and undeveloped, up to the point at which a large building of unknown function was constructed on its northern side, at some point between 1900 and 1923. The remainder of the site continued as undeveloped, but this building survived until probably the present building was developed in the 1970s. Original architects' plans and elevations for at least some of the present buildings on the site survive in the WRO, and they are dated Dec. 1973-Jan. 1974 (WRO F10/100/192/5HC – see **Figure 9**). There is no reason to suppose that the buildings were not actually constructed not long after this, although that is not absolutely certain.

possible to have a piece of land without a physical boundary to be seen, but which was *legally* enclosed.

In the middle of the 19th century, at the time of the tithe survey, the site was actually divided between three separate enclosures, but between that date and the early 1880s, two field boundaries were removed, to produce a single, and much larger enclosure, which eventually became the present site. None of these enclosures carried archaeologically indicative names, and all appear to have been related to houses or other buildings fronting onto the southern side of the market place to the north of the study site. The nature of the site prior to the advent of the first maps is entirely unknown, but it is at least possible that, as originally laid out in the medieval period, consisted of the same type of long, narrow plots seen elsewhere within the town plan. This location so close to the market place would have been extremely desirable, and a place where rents would have been highest and the tendency to subdivision of original, wider plots greatest; later on, it may well have been that if the town declined somewhat, exactly the opposite would have happened, and plots would instead have been amalgamated by the removal of original property boundaries, and with houses with wider frontages occupying the widths of several former, narrower plots; this would lead to the kind of arrangement to the south of the market place that emerges on the earliest maps.

5 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

5.1 A trawl of the local authority Historic Environment Record was conducted on behalf of AAL by Carol Lewis, HER Data Manager for Wiltshire County Council. The sweep took in an area encompassing a radius of 250m from the centre of the study site. Both the maps and the text arising from this exercise are presented here as part of the **Appendix**, so that the detail of each entry can be accessed if necessary. As is standard practice with HER reports, the results are split into three sections, one covering Monuments (ie actual *sites* of known interest), another dealing with Events (ie archaeological work, of whatever kind, which has been recorded as having taken place on, or being related to, a specific site); and the



third, Listed Buildings. We will first note that the HER trawl returned no Listed Buildings, Monuments, Scheduled Monuments or Events, within the boundary of the study site itself (**Figure 2**).

5.2 As we have already noted, the closest SM to the study site, and indeed the only example within the Mere Conservation Area, is the former castle site immediately to the north of the town (NHL 1017018) together with a group of four Bronze Age bowl barrows immediately to its west (NHL 1016569). We will look briefly in turn at those items from the trawl which are considered most salient for present purposes, and will concentrate on those which are physically closest to the site, or which are distinguished by their much wider significance and implications. The full return from the trawl is, however, provided within the **Appendix**.

5.3 Monuments

Of this element of the HER trawl, there are really only four items which might be considered as immediately relevant for present purposes. By far the most important, in our view, is MWI753, although at the very edge of the trawl area about 230m to the south-east of the study site, and just over 50m to the east of Pettridge Lane. This was an isolated, single burial, probably female, and undated, although possibly of early medieval origin. However, the HER entry does not mention any finds from the burial, and there does not appear to be any information on a C¹⁴ date, and so the dating is in fact entirely problematic. The HER entry also makes the point that the burial is well away from the site of the medieval parish church, which is nearly 400m away to the north-west. This seems a relatively long way, even allowing that in England, many churches did not have fully delineated and bounded churchyards until after the Norman Conquest (Zadora-Rio 2003); and even given that, standing at the head of its own hundred, at some point or another in its (presumed) existence before the Norman Conquest, Mere may well have had the status of a minster church. An earlier focus of settlement, in the



early medieval period and somewhere in the vicinity of the burial, as also suggested by the HER, is perfectly plausible.

5.4 MWI721 is a report of a chance find of a probably late 2nd century Roman coin hoard in the mid-19th century. It appears to be from a location about 100m to the south of the study site, just within the northern boundary of the town's civic cemetery, which was established in the second half of the 19th century – and indeed the HER appears explicitly to link the discovery of the hoard to work taking place within the boundary of the cemetery, and possibly as a result of preliminary groundwork as part of the process of establishing it⁴. By definition, the overwhelming majority of Roman coin hoards appear to be on sites which are somewhat away from settlement, although it may be that the hoard was buried by a person who lived somewhere in the general area, in the order of perhaps hundreds of metres away rather than any further.

5.5 The two remaining items here, MWI728 and 749, arise from the same piece of work, which was an evaluation conducted in 2003 at 5-8 Angel Lane, a small terrace of four houses about 50m to the south of the study site, and set back from the eastern street frontage. MWI728 records the discovery of four sherds of pottery from the site, characterised as being of late Iron Age to Roman date – in and of itself, of very little archaeological significance. MWI749 records a small group of pottery of medieval date, although more precise dating is not provided. We do not know the state of the pottery, or whether it was residual in a later context; but if abraded it is possible that it represents merely 'background' manuring scatter. Again, in and of itself this is not of great archaeological significance, and might be considered just about par for the course in an area only

⁴The civic cemetery at Mere, at the very southern end of Angel Lane, was established on land at least a part of which was being acquired by 1857. WRO D1/60/6/6.

140m to the south of the centre of a small but busy medieval market town, from which dumping of a wide variety of organic and other rubbish, including broken pottery, on agricultural land, might be expected.

5.6 Events

As before, the full list of this element of the HER trawl, within the search area, is found within the **Appendix**, and therefore only the most salient, in relation to the study site, will be included in the following brief review. In fact, anyway, the trawl only captured six such records, or seven if one counts a record that for the most part lies outside the trawl radius. The first record, EWI5806 relates to exactly the same site as the Monument records MWI728 and 749, with the added information that the finds were in generally poor condition, and that features (pits) thought to be of medieval date were also identified.

5.7 The Events trawl, however, contains the single most important item in the entire sweep (both Monuments and Events), and arguably the single most important find ever made within Mere, and it lies on the western side of Barnes Place, at no. 9, only about 35m to the south of the study site. This is EWI3311, which relates to the discovery, in 1995, of a human burial, being an adult female, and accompanied by both glass beads and gold jewellery. This was clearly a high-status individual, and has been dated to the 7th century. It is possible therefore that this is a so-called 'Final Phase' burial, prior to the widespread adoption of Christianity – although contrary to popular view the Church did not take any prescriptive view on burial with grave goods until the 10th or 11th centuries (Blair 2005, 166-181; Halsall 1995, 61-63, and esp at 62), so it is perfectly possible that this person was a Christian, and it is possible that the individual's extended, supine position in the grave, and her orientation, with head to the west, may indeed hint

at this⁵. This burial is roughly about half way between the church and the other possible early medieval interment that we have already noted under MWI753, which lay about 200m away to the south-east. However, although nearer to the church, the high-status burial is still 200m to the east of it. This may mean that, if Christian, it predates the foundation of any kind of church at Mere; or if non-Christian (the word 'pagan' is dated and pejorative), that this person's community chose deliberately to bury her away from the church. However, there is a third possibility, and that is that the burial was made close to a now-lost and very early church or 'burial' chapel', pre-dating the present parish church. There is as yet not one shred of evidence for this latter suggestion.

5.8 Listed Buildings

As might be expected of a historic town such as Mere, and especially within its designated central Conservation Area, this is the single most numerous category of the three types of HER entry which are presented here. As we have already noted, the overwhelming majority of the listed structures are concentrated, not unexpectedly, along both sides of the main east-west historic route through the town, now Castle Street to the west, and Salisbury Street to the east. The formal modern road designation is B3095. Again as might be expected there is also a cluster of listed structures around the church, many of which are actually within the churchyard itself, but this is well to the west of the study site. All of the listed structures caught within the trawl area are shown on the relevant HER map, and described in the full text printouts, within the **Appendix**.

5.9 By their very nature, listed buildings will not suffer any direct, *physical* impact from surrounding development because they are protected.

⁵We are extremely grateful to Carol Lewis, HER Officer for Wiltshire County Council, for her assistance in supplying us with a copy of Wessex Archaeology's full report on this key site.



Overwhelmingly, the chief concern for development proposals in terms of these structures, therefore, involves an assessment of impact on their *setting*, as reflected in the formal Historic England guidance relating to such matters (Historic England 2017). For the present proposal such matters are outside the scope of this report, and if requested, would usually be dealt with in a separate Heritage Impact Assessment. We will therefore mention here only those listed buildings which could be said to be in the immediate orbit of the site.

5.10 There are really only two listed structures which are relevant for present purposes, as being closest to the study site. Fives Court Wall (HER DWI7950; NHL 1130743), Grade II listed, lies only a few metres to the west of the site, and is probably related to the former Angel Inn, which fronts onto the southern side of the market place, at the eastern corner of Angel Lane and Church Street. Although it is considered that the fabric of the surviving wall is of no earlier than 19th century date, there is no reason to suppose that its *alignment* is not earlier. Its stone built western end appears to represent the southern elevation of a barn that is shown on the enclosure map of 1821, and therefore obviously pre-dates it (**Figure 3**). The original Angel Inn itself does not survive – it appears to have been removed at some point after the time of the tithe survey, but before the First Edition OS map (ie between 1848 and 1886); it was replaced by buildings of that time which still survive, and which are not listed, now numbers 1 and 2 The Square. The Queen Victoria Hall was subsequently constructed, in 1899, immediately to the east of the ‘new’ buildings, and on a plot which had been left empty, potentially for several decades, by the removal of the Angel Inn. Very little is known about the Angel itself, and it is not even mentioned in the EUS for Mere (2004). It may well, however, have been of at least post-medieval (16th-17th century) date, possibly perpetuating a far earlier site. The present, 19th century building is now the Angel Corner Tea Rooms, and displays the date of 1756 on its frontage. The

provenance of this date is unclear and it is likely that it is entirely disingenuous, spurious and made up.

5.11 The second listed building not far from the site is literally only a few metres away from its northern boundary, fronting onto the southern side of the former market place, and indeed its address is 4-5 The Square (HER DWI8028). It is Grade II listed. This structure clearly presents its longest elevation to the street frontage, with its long axis running east-west. The fabric of its main (northern) elevation certainly seems to suggest a single build, at least on that side. The official listing description (NHL 1318647) says that the building as a whole consists of two houses and a shop, and is of 18th century date. However, the listing also makes clear that the interior spaces of this building were *not* inspected. This therefore leaves open the theoretical possibility that what actually occurred in the 18th century was merely the refronting of a far earlier structure, which still survives, masked behind a later façade.

5.12 General Recommendations for Wiltshire HER

- Add to the Monuments list the large, rectangular, east-west barn which stands immediately on the northern side of the entrance into the Fives Court old peoples' home (**Plate 4**). Although its construction date is unknown, map evidence shows clearly that it was in existence prior to 1821 and it therefore represents an important survival within the general repertoire of the town's historic buildings. It is possible that the local authority may even wish to consider an application for protection by statutory listing. It might at the least be usefully assigned the status of Unlisted Building of Merit – however, although it lies within the Mere Conservation Area, there is currently no Management Plan and/or Character Appraisal available for it, so we have been unable to determine whether or not this building has already been so designated.

6 HISTORIC MAP EVIDENCE

6.1 As a historic town it is something of a surprise to find that Mere does not have a good range of manuscript maps – that is, hand-drawn maps which were made prior to the availability of the large-scale, printed Ordnance Survey series from the late 19th century onwards. In fact the very first map to depict the town in its entirety is the enclosure map, issued in 1821 as part of the Mere enclosure award (**Figure 3** - WRO A1/EA 116). The map is extremely detailed, and it shows that there were no buildings actually within the site boundary at that date. The range of long, narrow buildings associated with plots 479 and 480, in the shape of a letter 'T' on its side and picked out in grey, are probably agricultural barns, stables, storage and/or for the processing of agricultural produce. The site itself lies within plots 482, 479 and 480. The large rectangular building in grey wash, oriented east-west and standing on the northern side of what is now the main entrance to Fives Court, is a very large barn with a wide, high porch on its northern elevation. It survives to this day but is not a listed building, and does not appear on the local authority HER⁶. At this date, plot 482 is depicted as an orchard, and 479 and 480 are the backplots/gardens associated with the buildings fronting onto the southern side of the market place (now The Square). The southern end of Angel Lane, called Lords Mead Road on the map, was newly laid out at this date as one of the numerous new or upgraded routeways directly associated with the enclosure. The enclosure award describes it as

One other private carriage road of the breadth of thirty feet beginning at the south end of an ancient lane adjoining Dean's Orchard and extending southwards over part of Lord's Mead to an allotment to Thomas Schutz Esquire which said road is delineated on the said map and thereon described by the name of Lords Mead Road.

⁶This building measures 12.60m east to west, by 6.80m north to south.

The 'ancient lane' described here can only be Angel Lane; and Dean's Orchard is shown as plot 442 on the map. The entire routeway is now known as Angel Lane, but it remains a dead end for traffic, with its southern end terminating as an access to the northern side of what was originally the Lord's Mead, an extensive area of unenclosed pasture. However, its line southward was, and is, continued as a footpath, originally known as Church Footway, and it is likely that this is a very ancient track, leading to a crossing point on the Shreen Water, where there is still a footbridge. This in turn suggests that the work of establishing Lords Mead Road as part of the enclosure after 1821, involved an upgrading, for a stretch of just over 100m, of an existing pedestrian routeway, along a well-established line, rather than literally a brand new route where there was none before.

6.2 The Mere tithe survey, issued in 1848, covers the entire parish, including the town (**Figure 4**). Twenty-seven years after the enclosure map, the tithe map shows the site itself as still undeveloped, and all of the buildings shown on the earlier map, remained. The site continued to be bounded by domestic dwellings to its north and north-east. It is very interesting to note that the plot numbers are strikingly similar (although not exactly the same) to those on the earlier enclosure map, prompting the suspicion that the tithe survey was based very heavily on its predecessor. None of the relevant field names are archaeologically indicative, and the site enclosures were attached to the houses as gardens. Like the enclosure map of 1821, the tithe map makes a distinction between domestic dwellings (pink wash) and non-domestic (grey wash), the latter assigned probably to a wide variety of barns, sheds, outhouses and so on. The two long, narrow structures identified on the earlier map and joined at right angles, both survived, associated with Plots 484 and 485, and both lying just outside the site's north-western boundary; from the description in the tithe award, and as already suggested from the earlier map, these are probably outbuildings (including stables) belonging to the Angel Inn. A small, square building lying on the eastern side of Angel Lane, also sits just outside the site, to its west, as part of Plot 484. This was also already



present in 1821. Not far to its south, and also part of Plot 484, the tithe map marks another building fronting onto the eastern side of Angel Lane, and this is the imposing stone-built rectangular barn, with massive north door in its northern elevation, and aligned east-west, which still survives, and indeed stands on the northern side of the main entrance into the study site. This structure, again, was recorded as already extant by 1821. Its general shape and size is if anything probably more accurately depicted on the earlier map. **Table 1** shows the owners, occupiers, plot names, sizes and uses of a small selection of plots on and around the study area. The name Dean's Orchard, applied to Plot 414a exactly opposite the study site on the western side of Angel Lane, was current at least by the early 17th century, and is probably far earlier. It is likely that the name arises from an association with the Dean of Salisbury Cathedral, who in 1626 was involved in a Chancery case relating to this plot (WRO CC/Chap/140/1-2). Although pasture by the mid-19th century, there is no reason to suppose that the name does not betray an original use as an orchard, and indeed the two functions could, and did, often co-exist on the same piece of land, with animals being grazed on grass between the fruit trees⁷.

⁷This was for example, the case in parts of Devon. In the south of the county, "A very common practice prevails, of foddering cattle during winter months in the orchards, and when it can be done without injury to the young trees" (Vancouver 1808, 238).



Table 1: Data from tithe award for Mere (Wiltshire Record Office)

A – Acres; R – Roods; P – Perches⁸

Owner	Occupier	Plot no.	Plot name	Land use	A	R	P
Fryon Still Esqr, rectorial glebe	James Ayles	404	Barn and barton		0	0	6
Charles Rumsey	Charles Rumsey	405	House, garden and offices		0	0	32
John Ford	John Arney	406	House and Garden		0	1	2
Fryon Still Esqr, Deanshold	James Ayles	414a	Dean's Orchard	Pasture	1	0	12
Prince of Wales, Duchy of Cornwall Demesne	Charles Card (shared plot)	481	Plot	Pasture	1	0	11
James Ayles (Duchy of Cornwall copyholder)	James Ayles	482	Paddock	Pasture	1	0	4
James Ayles	James Ayles	484	Angel Inn, cottage etc		0	2	17
John Curtis	John Curtis	485	House, garden, shop and buildings		1	0	4
William Keeping	Thomas Down	486	House and garden		0	0	16
William Keeping	William Keeping	487	Garden		0	0	23
Chafin Grove Esqr	Tabitha Toogood (shared plot)	488	House, yard, garden buildings and barnyard		0	1	18

⁸There were traditionally 4 roods to the acre, and 40 perches to the rood. An acre is the equivalent of 0.405ha (or just over 4,000m²), and this therefore makes a rood about 1012m², and a perch just over 25m²

6.3 The First Edition OS 25" map covering the study site comes just under 40 years after the tithe map (Wiltshire Sheet 63.5, surveyed 1886, published 1887). The relevant extract from the OS sheet is presented here as **Figure 5**. By far the greatest change has involved the removal of the Angel Inn, and its replacement by an empty plot with, immediately to its west, two new structures, houses, of a single build. These survive to this day, with the westernmost being the Angel Corner Tea Rooms. The eastern end of the long, east-west, non-domestic building which is shown on the tithe map at the northern side of Plot 484, on the OS map is shown as separate from the north-south non-domestic structure to its east. This may have been just an idiosyncrasy in the tithe survey, or that the eastern end of the east-west building has been shortened. Likewise, the western end of the east-west building had by this date been joined to the small square structure fronting onto the eastern side of Angel Lane, by the construction of another small building linking the two. The OS map, like both the tithe survey and the 1821 enclosure map, appears to use a similar system of colouring to distinguish between domestic and non-domestic structures, but it may not be possible to rely on it completely – for example it seems unlikely to us that the long, narrow north-south structure towards the northern end of Plot 485, was by the 1880s, in domestic occupation; although it cannot be entirely ruled out, the dog-legged plan of the building, and especially its narrowness, would not seem to make it suitable for domestic occupation. Finally, two internal plot boundaries on the study site had been removed since 1848, to produce a single, large L-shaped plot. Three trees are shown along its eastern edge, which may be related to what are clearly boundary trees at the eastern side of the field immediately to the south (ie OS Field Number 333). This may suggest that the eastern boundary of the study site plot had been shifted a few metres to the east.

6.4 The Second Edition OS 25" map (same sheet number) was revised in 1900, and published in 1901 (**Figure 6**). By far the biggest change since 1886 has been the construction, in 1899, of the Queen Victoria Hall on the previously empty,

street-frontage plot, on the southern side of Market Square, left by the removal of the Angel Inn at some unknown point in the second half of the 19th century. Three new buildings have also appeared, all long and narrow, and all with their long axes aligned north-south. The westernmost of these fronts the eastern side of Angel Lane, and this has now gone. The easternmost building actually lies within the boundary of the study site, although not within the footprint of the modern buildings on it. All three were probably agricultural structures. Close by to the south of these buildings, a new field boundary has been inserted, which runs eastwards from the eastern side of Angel Lane, and then returns to the north just beyond the eastern side of the easternmost of the three new buildings. And at the south-eastern corner of the study site enclosure, an entirely new, small rectangular plot has been carved out, with its long axis aligned north-south.

6.5 The Third Edition OS map (same sheet number) was revised in 1923 and published in 1925 (**Figure 7**). By this time, the long, narrow building running north-south, fronting onto the eastern side of Angel Lane, had gone, having clearly been very short lived. At the south-east corner of the study site, a new, small, rectangular building has appeared, oriented south-west/north-east. The footprint of this structure now lies under a grassed area in this corner of the site, which does not appear to have been built on since, and it is possible that it may survive archaeologically. Another new rectangular building, running east-west and probably another barn, has also appeared within the study site boundary immediately to the north and west of the modern buildings, and again, in a now open area, which presents the potential for it to survive archaeologically. However, the major change since 1900 is the appearance of a new, very large building, which was in effect an eastward extension, against its eastern, long elevation, of the existing long, narrow, north-south building. If the OS maps are to be taken at face value, this composite structure lies entirely within the study site, and in fact the new 'extension' first mapped in 1923, extends partly underneath the northern range of the modern complex of buildings. The purpose of this building is

unknown, but again, it is most likely to have had some kind of agricultural function, perhaps related to the processing of agricultural produce.

6.6 So far as it is possible to tell, the OS revision of 1923 represents the last significant change within the formal boundary of the study site. From then up until the time that the site was totally cleared at some unknown point in the 1970s-1980s, it seems to have remained relatively stable in terms of the known (ie mapped) antecedent buildings which occupied it; although the last point of absolute certainty in this respect comes in 1942, which is the last historic OS map that we have been able to examine (**Figure 8**). The post-war series of maps in the 50s, 60s and 70s, are unfortunately not widely available. This of course, though, represents only the *minimum* of the potential heritage assets within the site boundary, as it is perfectly possible that features may survive archaeologically that were never recorded on any map.

7 SITE VISIT

7.1 A personal visit to the site was made by the author on Monday, 7th November, 2022, and a photographic record was made a selection from which is presented here as **Plates 1-5**, and the positions of which are shown on **Figure 10**. It is hoped that the captions attached to the images will be reasonably self-explanatory. Of the site itself, there is very little to say. There is nothing whatsoever of any archaeological or historic interest to see above the ground, all the buildings, as we have already seen, dating from the mid-1970s or later. The sole exception to this may be the boundary walls on the eastern and northern side of the site (**Plate 3**), which are of masonry. The eastern boundary, even if not in its present form, was present by the time of the 1821 enclosure map (**Figure 3**); the short northern one was not, but it *was* present by the time of the 1848 tithe map, and so it is anyway no younger than that.

7.2 Although strictly speaking outside the site, of considerable historical interest, however, is the agricultural barn which stands on the northern side of the main entrance into the Fives Court complex. It dates to before 1821, as it is shown on the enclosure map, and its eastern, gable elevation shows signs of the blocking of what might originally have been a door giving access to an upper mezzanine-type floor (**Plate 4**). We have already suggested that this structure should be considered for designation as an Unlisted Building of Merit, and should be added to the Monuments section of the Wiltshire HER.

7.3 Again lying slightly outside the western and north-western site boundary, but the nearest Listed Building to it, is the so-called Fives Court Wall (**Plate 5**). The formal listing description characterises it as of 19th century date, but a close examination of the map evidence shows that the western element is almost certainly part of the southern elevation of a barn present on the 1821 enclosure map, and the very high wall to its east is a much later blocking in the position of a later barn shown on the First Edition OS map. This latter barn closed a gap between two earlier buildings (see historic maps, Enclosure; Tithe; and First Edition OS). The western element is therefore pre-1821, the eastern element as it stands now may not be of 19th century date at all, but early 20th century.

8 NATIONAL AND LOCAL PLANNING POLICIES

8.1 National Planning Policy. The current national legislative and planning policy system identifies, through the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), last substantively updated in July 2021. It states that applicants should consider the potential impact of development upon 'heritage assets'. This term includes: designated heritage assets which possess a statutory designation (for example listed buildings and conservation areas); and non-designated heritage assets,

typically compiled by Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) and incorporated into a Local List or recorded on the Historic Environment Record.

8.2 Where any development may affect certain designated heritage assets, there is a legislative framework to ensure proposed works are developed and considered with due regard to their impact on the historic environment. This extends from primary legislation under the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990. The relevant legislation in this case extends from section 66 of the 1990 Act which states that special regard must be given by the decision maker, in the exercise of planning functions, to the desirability of preserving or enhancing listed buildings and their setting. The meaning and effect of these duties have been considered by the courts in recent cases.

8.3 The detail of such cases need not concern us here but the essential outcome of various litigations was that a succession of courts agreed that Parliament's intention in enacting section 66(1) was that decision makers should give '*considerable importance and weight*' to the desirability of preserving (i.e. keeping from harm) the setting of listed buildings. Section 69(1) of the Act requires LPAs to 'determine areas of special architectural or historic interest the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance' and to designate them as conservation areas. Section 69(2) requires LPAs to review and, where necessary, amend those areas 'from time to time'. For development within a conservation area section 72 of the Act requires the decision maker to pay

'special attention [...] to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of that area'.

The duty to give special attention is considered commensurate with that under section 66(1) to give special regard, meaning that the decision maker must give considerable importance and weight to any such harm in the planning balance.

However, as the site is not located within a Conservation Area, section 72 is not relevant for present purposes.

8.4 The *National Planning Policy Framework* (NPPF), was last substantively revised in July 2021, and is the principal document that sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. It defines a heritage asset as a: 'building, monument, site, place, area or landscape identified as having a degree of significance meriting consideration in planning decisions, because of its heritage interest'. This includes both designated and non-designated heritage assets. Section 16: *Conserving and Enhancing the Historic Environment* relates to the conservation of heritage assets in the production of local plans and decision taking. It emphasises that heritage assets are

'an irreplaceable resource, and should be conserved in a manner appropriate to their significance'.

8.5 For proposals that have the potential to affect the significance of a heritage asset, paragraph 189 requires applicants to identify and describe the significance of any heritage assets that may be affected, including any contribution made by their setting. The level of detail provided should be proportionate to the significance of the heritage assets affected. This is supported by paragraph 190, which requires LPAs to take this assessment into account when considering applications.

8.6 Under '*Considering potential impacts*' the NPPF emphasises that '*great weight*' should be given to the conservation of designated heritage assets, irrespective of whether any potential impact equates to total loss, substantial harm or less than substantial harm to the significance of the heritage assets. Paragraph 195 states that where a development will result in substantial harm

to, or total loss of, the significance of a designated heritage asset, permission should be refused, unless this harm is necessary to achieve substantial public benefits, or a number of criteria are met. Where less than substantial harm is identified paragraph 196 requires this harm to be weighed against the public benefits of the proposed development. Paragraph 197 states that where an application will affect the significance of a non-designated heritage asset, a balanced judgement is required, having regard to the scale of harm or loss and the significance of the heritage asset.

8.7 Paragraph 200 of the NPPF notes that local planning authorities should look for opportunities for new development within Conservation Areas and World Heritage Sites and within the setting of heritage assets to enhance or better reveal their significance. It also states that proposals that preserve those elements of the setting that make a positive contribution to, or better reveal the significance of, the asset should be treated favourably.

8.8 The *Planning Practice Guidance* (PPG) has been adopted in order to aid the application of the NPPF. It reiterates that conservation of heritage assets in a manner appropriate to their significance is a core planning principle. Key elements of the guidance relate to assessing harm. It states that substantial harm is a high bar that may not arise in many cases and that while the level of harm will be at the discretion of the decision maker, generally substantial harm is a high test that will only arise where a development seriously affects a key element of an asset's special interest. It is the degree of harm, rather than the scale of development, that is to be assessed.

8.9 Conservation Principles outlines Historic England's approach to the sustainable management of the historic environment. While primarily intended to ensure consistency in Historic England's own advice and guidance, the document is recommended to LPAs to ensure that all decisions about change



affecting the historic environment are informed and sustainable. The guidance describes a range of heritage values which enables the significance of assets to be established systematically, with the four main heritage values being: evidential value; historical value; aesthetic value; and communal value.

8.10 The PPS5 Practice Guide was withdrawn in March 2015 and replaced with three Good Practice Advice in Planning Notes (GPAs) published by Historic England. *GPA1: The Historic Environment in Local Plans* provides guidance to local planning authorities to help them make well informed and effective local plans. *GPA2: Managing Significance in Decision-Making* includes technical advice on the repair and restoration of historic buildings and alterations to heritage assets to guide local planning authorities, owners, practitioners and other interested parties. *GPA 3: The Setting of Heritage Assets* replaces guidance published in 2011. These are complemented by the Historic England Advice Notes in Planning which include *HEA1: Understanding Place: Conservation Area Designation, Appraisal and Management* (February 2016), *HEA2: Making Changes to Heritage Assets* (February 2016), *HEA3: The Historic Environment and Site Allocations in Local Plans* (October 2015), and *HEA4: Tall Buildings* (December 2015).

8.11 Local Planning Policies. Specifically for Wiltshire, planning policy is provided by the adopted 2015 Core Strategy. This guidance has the following policy relevant for present purposes:

Core Policy 58 - Ensuring the conservation of the historic environment

Development should protect, conserve and where possible enhance the historic environment. Designated heritage assets and their settings will be conserved, and where appropriate enhanced in a manner appropriate to their significance, including:

- i Nationally significant archaeological remains*
- ii World Heritage Sites within and adjacent to Wiltshire*
- iii Buildings and structures of special architectural or historic interest*
- iv the special character or appearance of conservation areas*
- v historic parks and gardens*
- vi important landscapes, including registered battlefields and townscapes*

Distinctive elements of Wiltshire's historic environment, including non-designated heritage assets, which contribute to a sense of local character and identity will be conserved, and where possible enhanced. The potential contribution of these heritage assets towards wider social, cultural, economic and environmental benefits will also be utilised where this can be delivered in a sensitive and appropriate manner in accordance with Core Policy 57 (Ensuring High Quality Design and Place Shaping).

Heritage assets at risk will be monitored and development proposals that improve their condition will be encouraged. The advice of statutory and local consultees will be sought in consideration of such applications.

The above policies remain material considerations in accordance with Section 16 of the NPPF (Paras. 189-208), and are given weight according to their consistency with the NPPF. As we have already noted, there are no buildings of any historic interest whatsoever within the bounds of the study site itself, and only two listed buildings in the immediate vicinity of the site.

8.12 The Wiltshire Core Strategy in fact has a specific mention of Mere and its environs, as it does for many named places in the county, in the form of the Mere Area Strategy (134-138). However, this makes no mention whatsoever of specific policies in regards to issues of Heritage or Historic Environment, those matters being devolved upwards to the planning authority at county level.

9 CONCLUSIONS

9.1 This desk-based assessment has been undertaken in relation to proposals to develop a site close to the centre of Mere, immediately to the east of Angel Lane and to the south of The Square. The site is currently occupied by sheltered accommodation for elderly people, the buildings of which are entirely of modern construction. The site does not contain within its boundaries any listed buildings or Scheduled Monuments, but it does lie just within the southern boundary of the Mere Conservation Area, designated in 1973.

9.2 The wider history of Mere is that it is likely to have emerged by the late Anglo-Saxon period as a large royal estate, possibly with a minster church, this suggestion being reinforced by the fact of it standing at the head of its own hundred by the time of the Norman Conquest. It is likely to have effectively been functioning as a town even before formal market grants in the 13th century, and in the post-medieval period, it became a busy market town. There appear to be clear elements of planning in the morphology of the town layout, although the date of this is problematic. Until into modern times (ie the late 19th/early 20th century), the area of the study site itself was in use as gardens and agricultural paddocks. Part of its northern area was then taken up by a large building probably related to some kind of agricultural use. It is not known exactly when this building was removed, but it may have been directly associated with the construction of the present old peoples' home probably in the early-mid-1970s.

9.3 The local authority HER does not show any known heritage assets within the site boundary itself, although we have suggested one that might beneficially be added to it. A trawl of the local authority Historic Environment Record revealed several items within the immediate vicinity of the study site, although only one could be said to have immediate implications for present purposes. This is a



nationally-important, furnished burial of Anglo-Saxon (possibly 7th century) date, discovered only a few metres to the south of the study site's southern boundary. This is well away from the site of the medieval parish church, which itself is likely to have been at least late Anglo-Saxon foundation. It is unclear how this single chance discovery might fit into the general context of contemporary activity, settlement and other burial sites in the immediate area; nonetheless its importance makes it a material consideration for present purposes, *especially* if it might have been part of a cemetery.

9.4 On balance therefore, we consider that the purely *archaeological* potential of the site is likely to be low to moderate.



10 BIBLIOGRAPHY AND PRIMARY HISTORICAL SOURCES

Published Works and Websites

ADS (Archaeology Data Service)

<http://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk>

BACAS, 2010

Was There a Castle at Calne? Bath and Counties Archaeological Society.

<https://www.bacas.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/2011-24-27.pdf>

Beresford, M., Finberg, H. P. R., 1973

English Medieval Boroughs – A Handlist. David and Charles.

BGS

Geology of Britain Online Viewer. British Geological Survey

<http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html>

Blair, J., 2005

The Church in Anglo-Saxon Society. Oxford University Press.

COPAC (Joint Universities and British Library online bibliography)

www.copac.ac.uk

Dyer, C., 1992

"The hidden trade of the Middle Ages: evidence from the West Midlands of England". *Journal of Historical Geography* 18, 141-157.

Dyer, C., 2002

"Small places with large consequences: the importance of small towns in England, 1000-1540". *Historical Research* 75, 1-24.

Ekwall, E., 1960

The Concise Oxford dictionary of English Place-Names. 4th edn.



EUS, 2004

Extensive Urban Survey: Mere. Phil McMahon, Wiltshire County Archaeological Service.

https://archaeologydataservice.ac.uk/archives/view/wiltshire_eus_2009/downloads.cfm?REDSQUIDARCHIVES_3af83a81-d5db-4b35-be8d-92c7f456ef89_0&area=Mere

GMF

Gazetteer of Markets and Fairs in England and Wales to 1516
<https://archives.history.ac.uk/gazetteer/gazweb1.html>

Gover, J., Mawer, A., Stenton, F., 1939

The Place-Names of Wiltshire. English Place-Name Society 16. Cambridge U. P.

Halsall, G., 1995

Early Medieval Cemeteries: An Introduction to Burial Archaeology in the Post-Roman West. Cruithne Press.

Historic England, 2008

Conservation Principles, Policies and Guidance.

Historic England, 2017

Good Practice Advice Note 3 - The Setting of Heritage Assets –
Second Edition. December 2017.

Historic England, 2021

National Heritage List for England

JISC Library Hub Discover (formerly COPAC)

<https://discover.libraryhub.jisc.ac.uk/>

KnowYourPlace

<https://maps.bristol.gov.uk/kyp/?edition=wilts>

Mills, D., 2011

A Dictionary of British Place-Names. 2nd edn., Oxford.

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government, 2019

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)



Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government, 2021

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).

National Library of Scotland: Online Maps

<https://maps.nls.uk/os/> (for historic OS maps)

Taylor, C. C., 1982

"Medieval Market Grants and Village Morphology", *Landscape History* 4, 21-28.

Thorn, F. and C. (eds), 1979

Domesday Book: Wiltshire. Phillimore.

Vancouver, C., 1808

General View of the Agriculture of the County of Devon. Board of Agriculture and General Improvement. Reprinted 1969 by Augustus M. Kelley, New York.

Zadora-Rio, E., 2003

"The Making of Churchyards and Parish Territories in the Early-Medieval Landscape of France and England in the 7th-12th Centuries: A Reconsideration". *Medieval Archaeology* 47, 1-19.



Wiltshire Record Office

1626

Two depositions in a case in Chancery, Chapter of Salisbury vs Dean of Salisbury relating to land called Dean's Orchard in Mere. CC/Chap/140/1-2.

c. 1798

Lands in the common fields of Mere (belonging to Sir Richard Colt Hoare, Bt). 383/220.

1821

Enclosure award and maps for Mere. A1/EA 116.

1848

Tithe survey records for Mere, award and map. No specific record office reference.

1973-74

Architects' plans and elevations for a new home for the elderly, Angel Lane, Mere. F10/100/192/5HC.

Sources for later OS maps from the late 19th century onwards: National Library of Scotland and KnowYourPlace, Wiltshire.

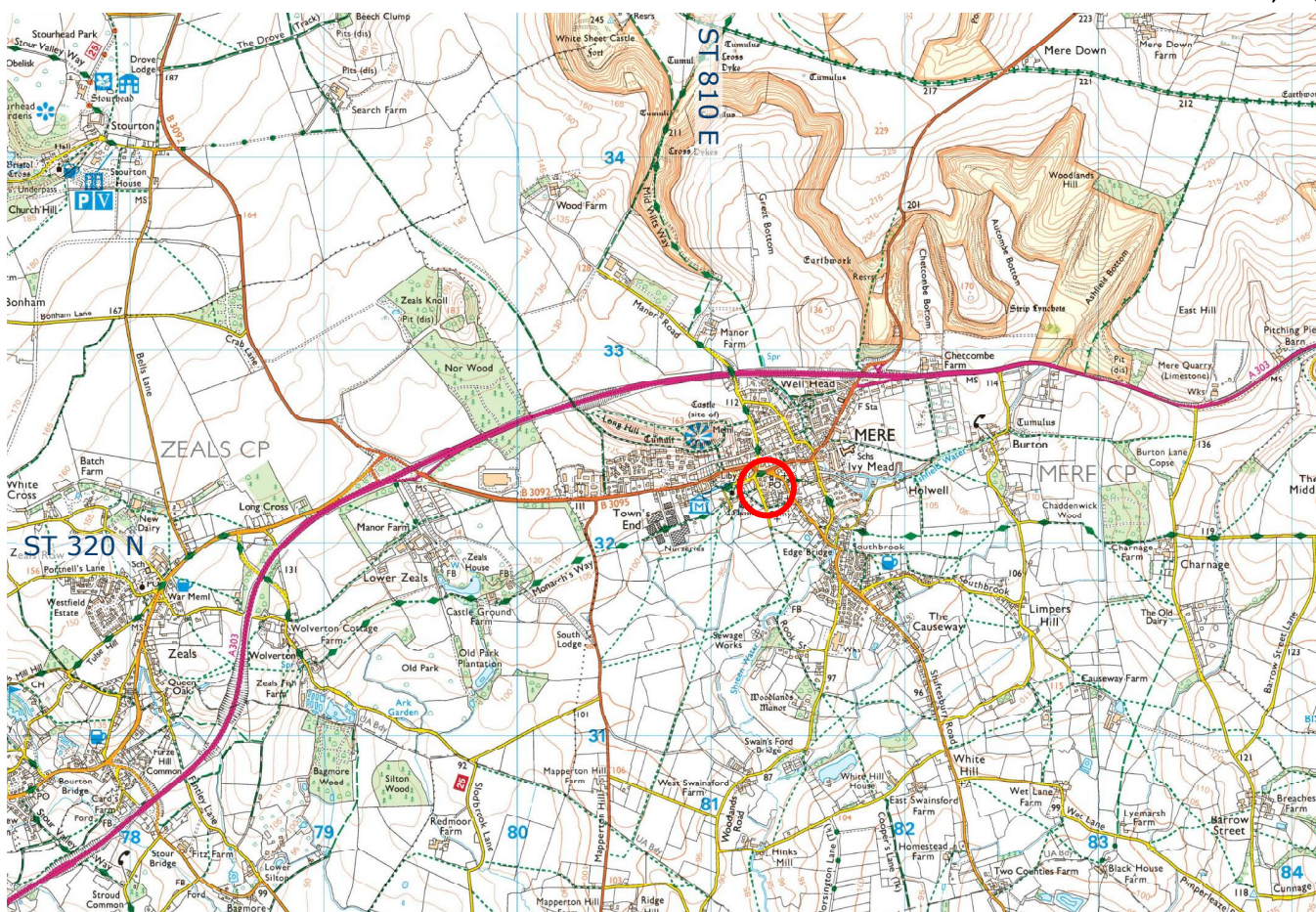
Figure 1

Location of the Site

The Site



Plans and maps based on the Ordnance Survey Sheets are represented by the permission of His Majesty's Stationery Office.



Grid lines at 1km intervals

© Crown Copyright Reserved. Licence Number: AL 100005802
Based on OS Explorer 1:25,000 scale, Sheet 143—Warminster and Trowbridge, Westbury and Mere

Figure 2

Site Plan Showing Red Line Boundary

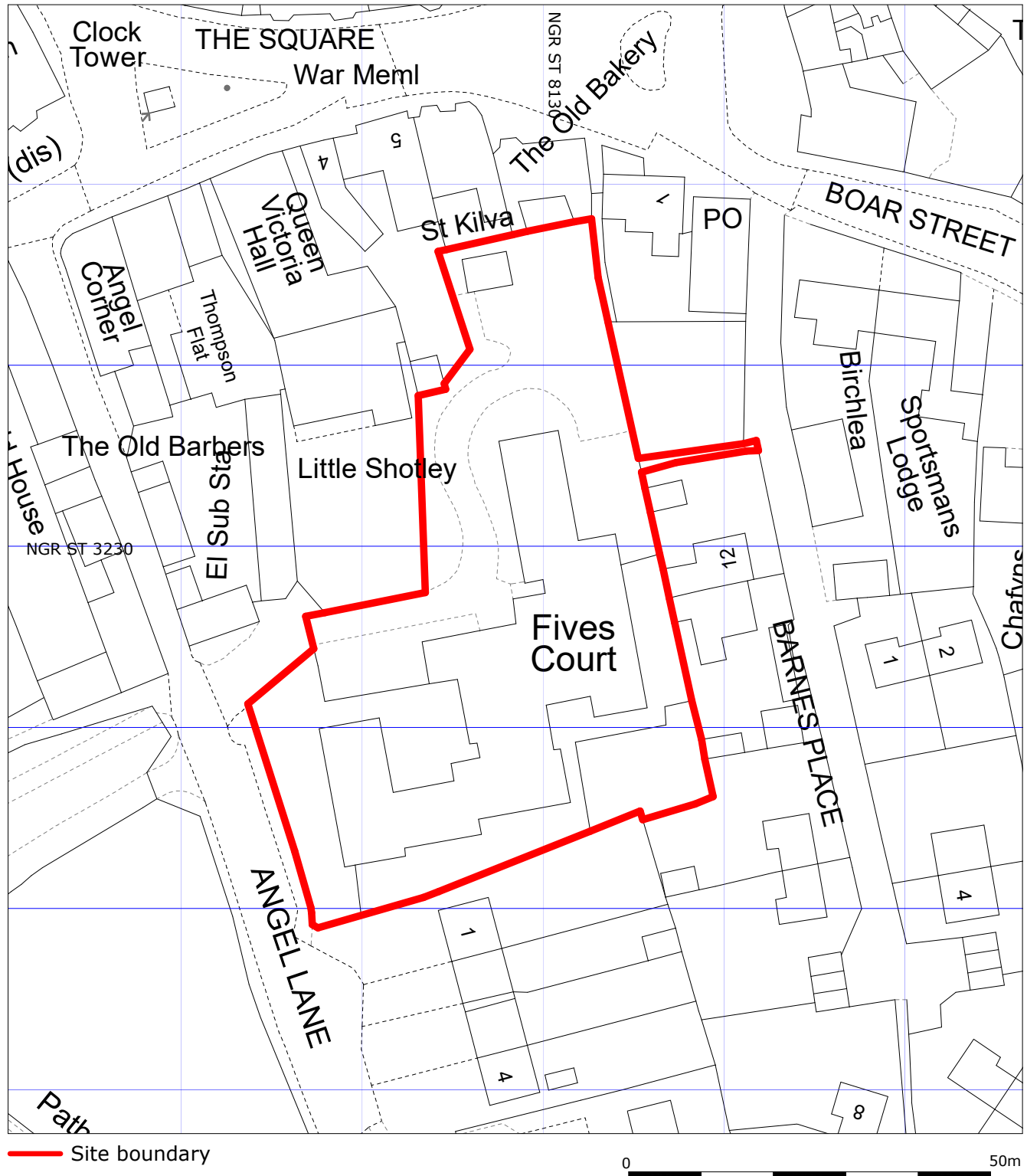
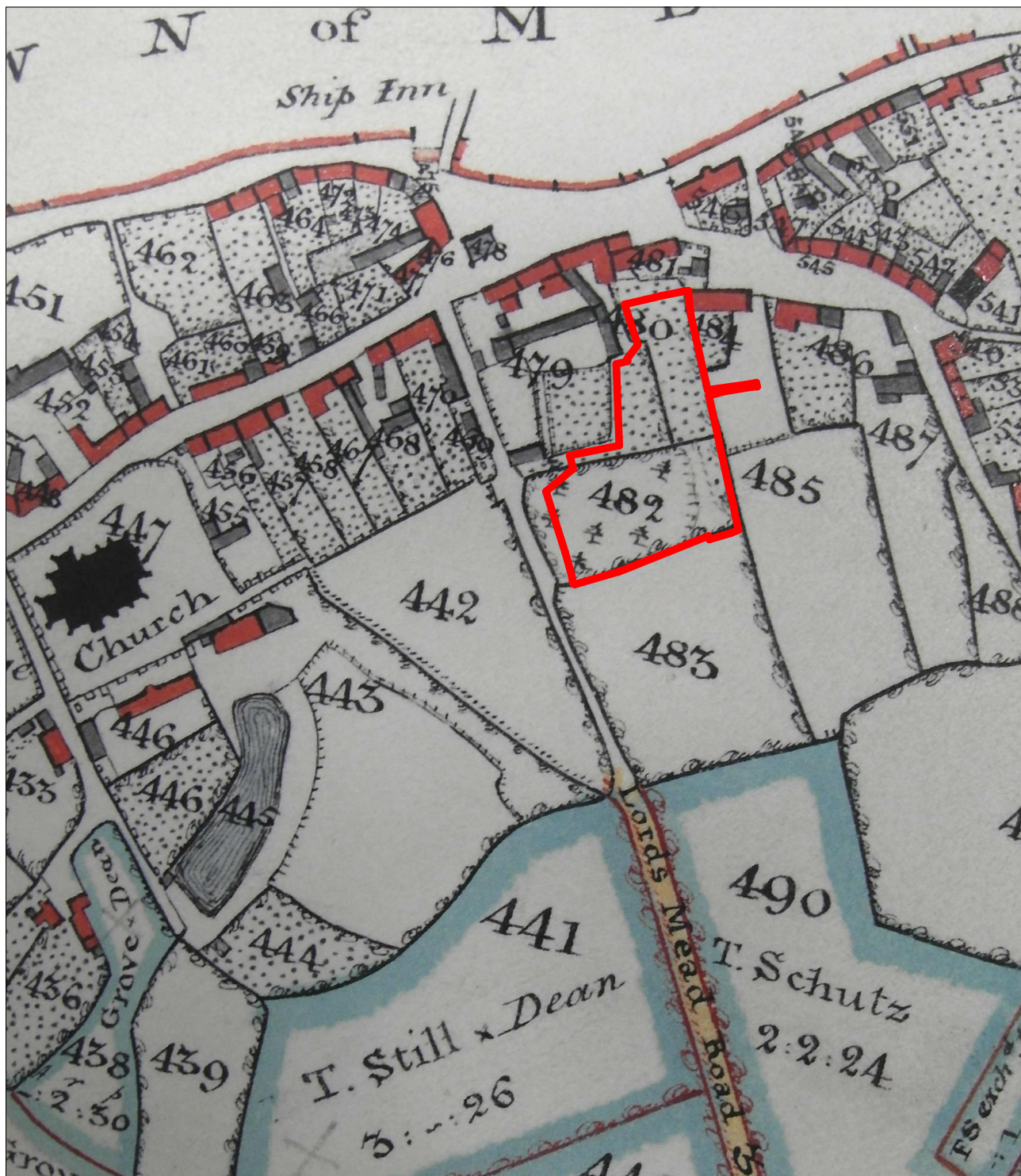


Figure 3

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from an
EnclosureMap of Mere, 1821 (Source: WRO A1/EA 116)



— Site boundary

0 100m

Figure 4

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from the Tithe Map of Mere, 1848. (Source: WRO)

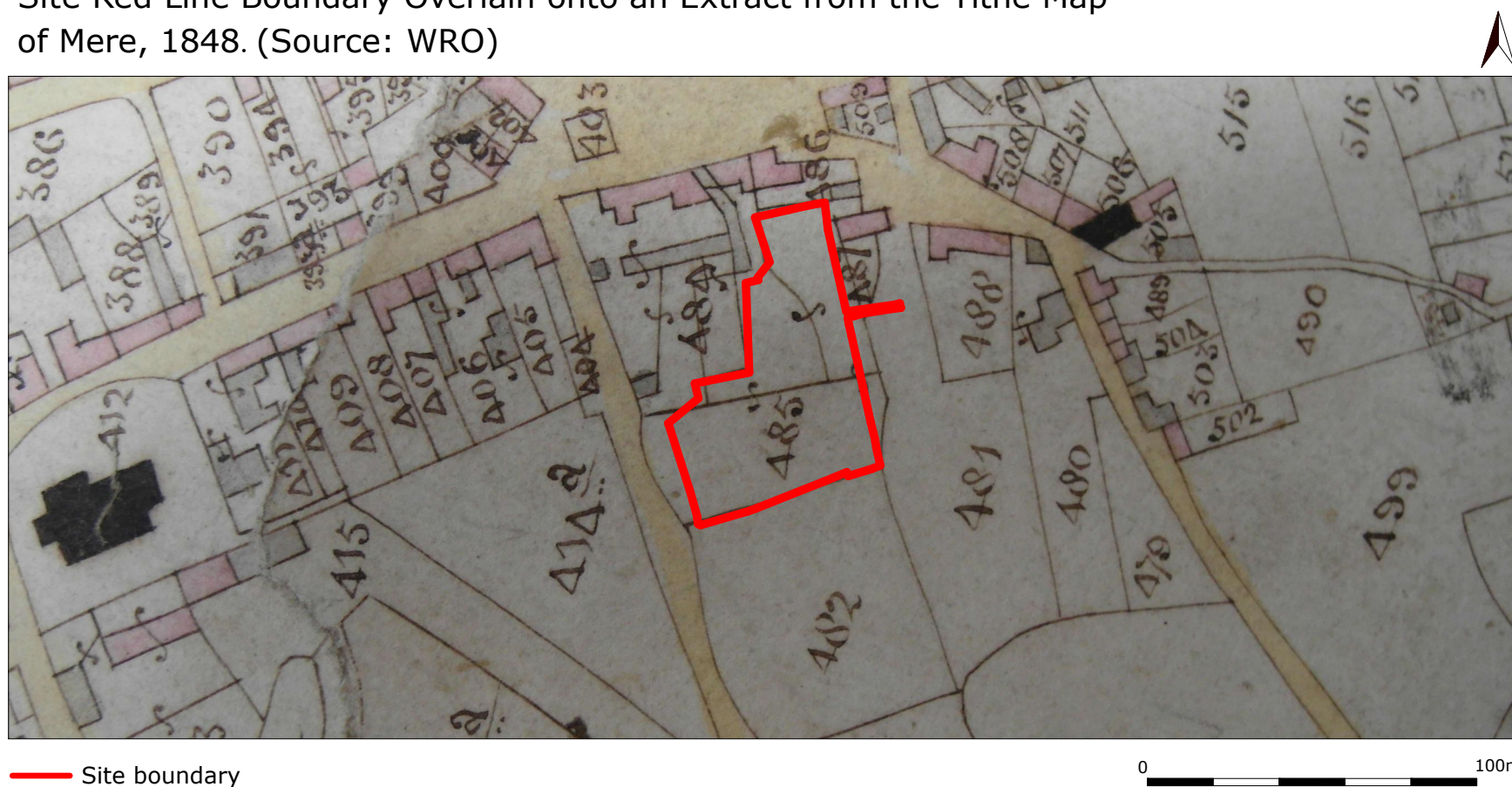
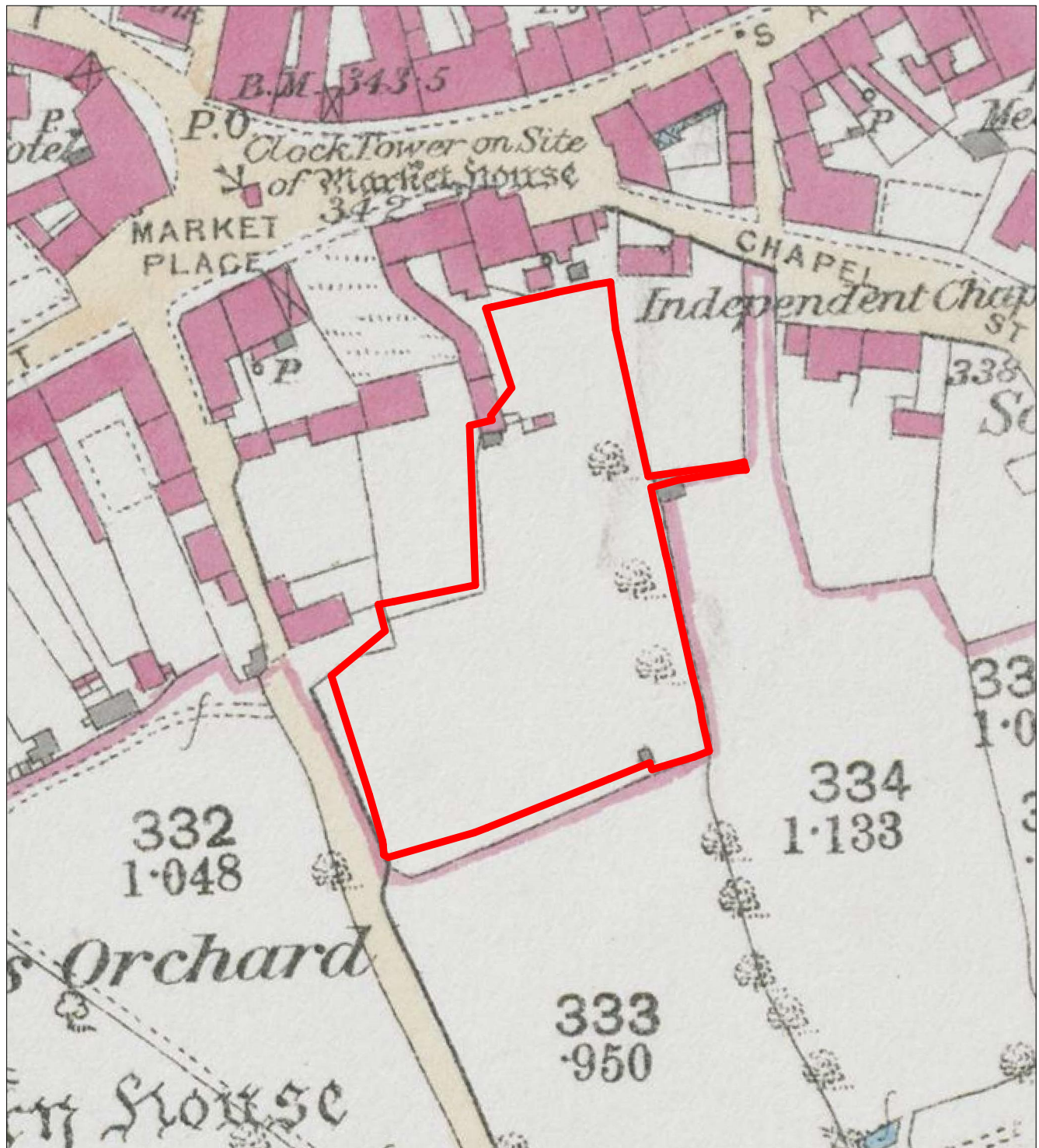


Figure 5

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from 25" OS Map, Wiltshire Sheet LXIII.5 (Surveyed 1886, Published 1887). Source: KnowYourPlace Wiltshire.

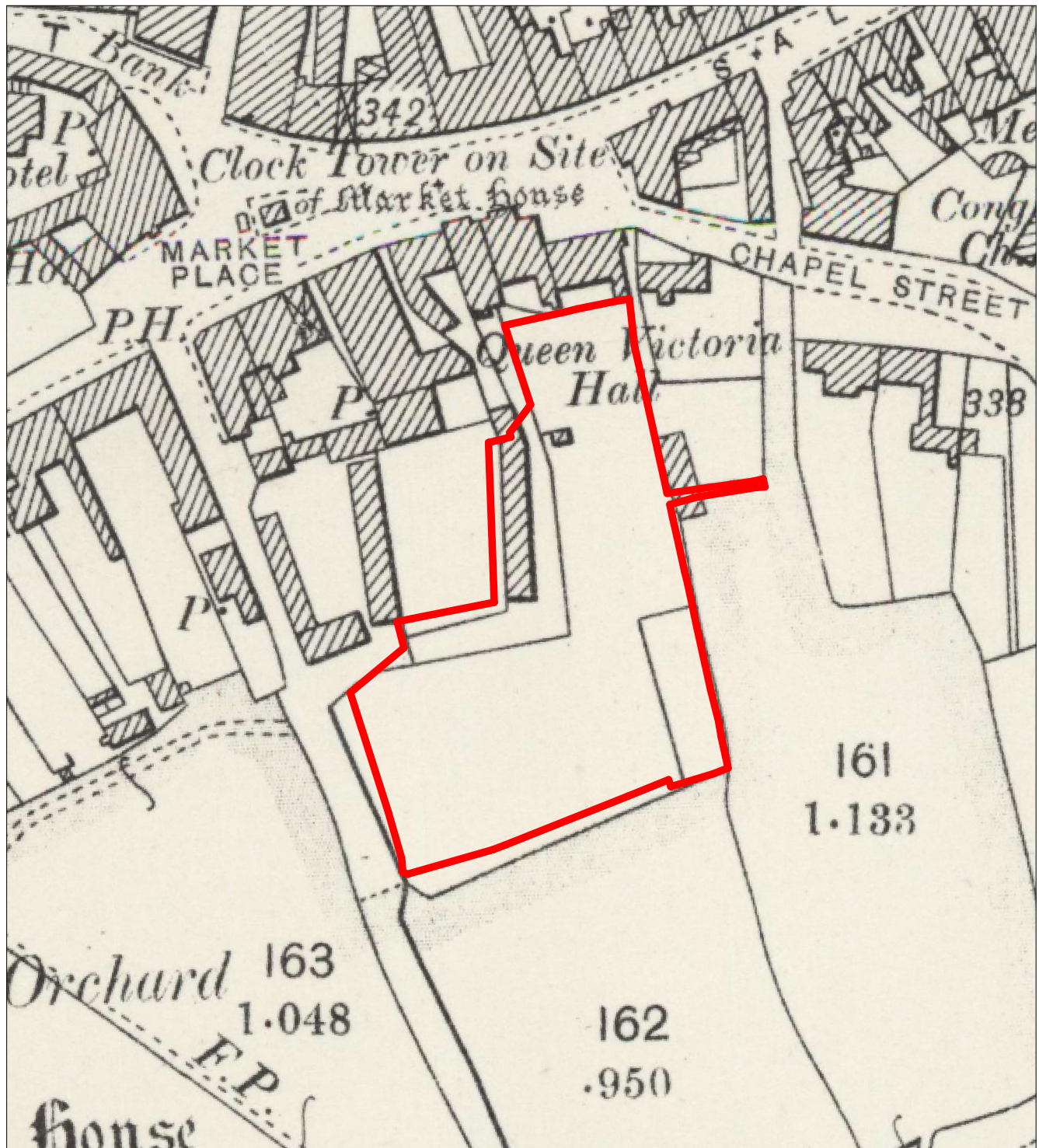


— Site boundary

0 50m

Figure 6

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from 25" OS Map, Wiltshire Sheet LXIII.5 (Surveyed 1900, Published 1901). Source: KnowYourPlace Wiltshire.

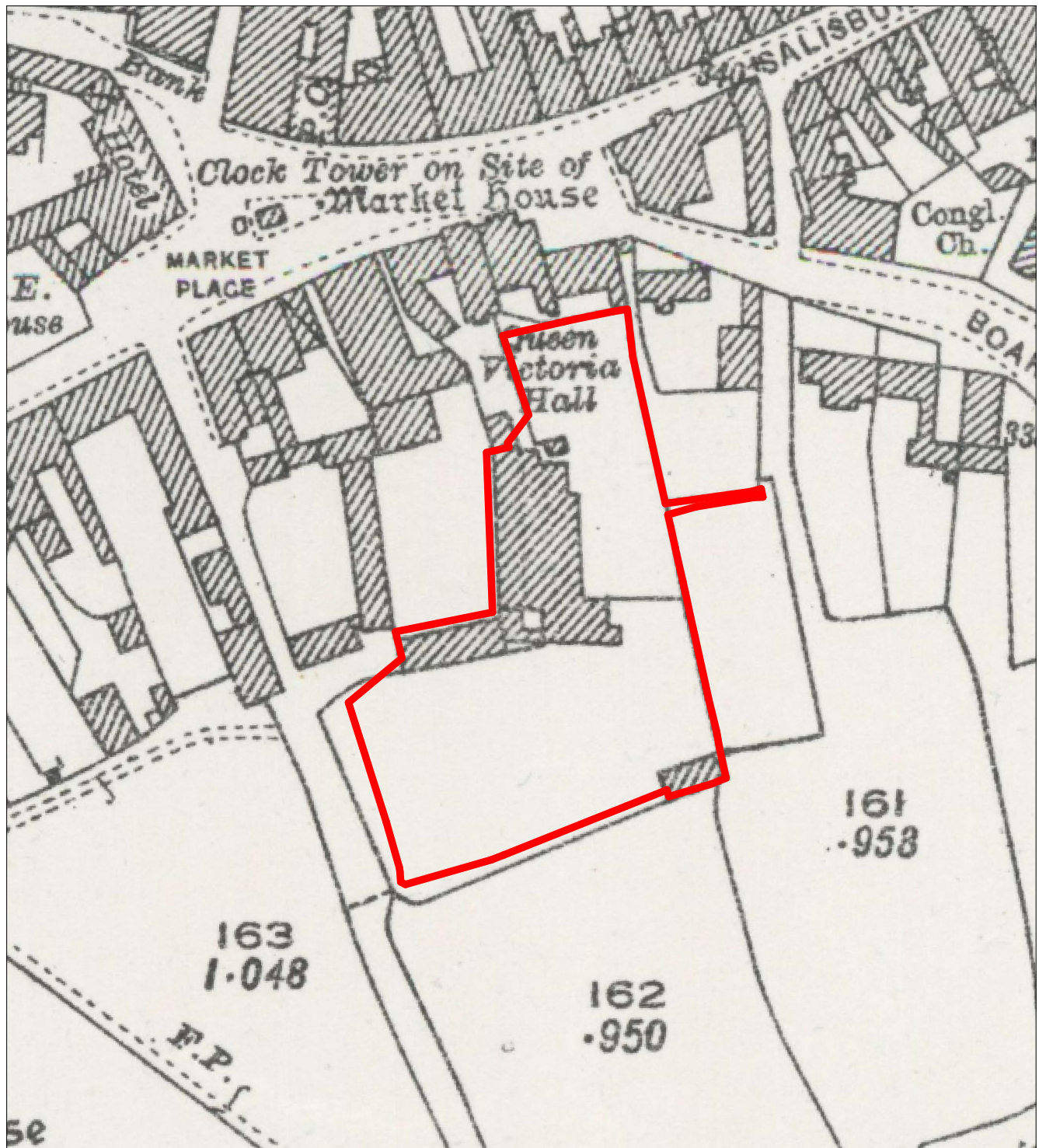


— Site boundary

0 50m

Figure 7

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from 25" OS Map, Wiltshire Sheet LXIII.5 (Surveyed 1923, Published 1925). Source: KnowYourPlace.

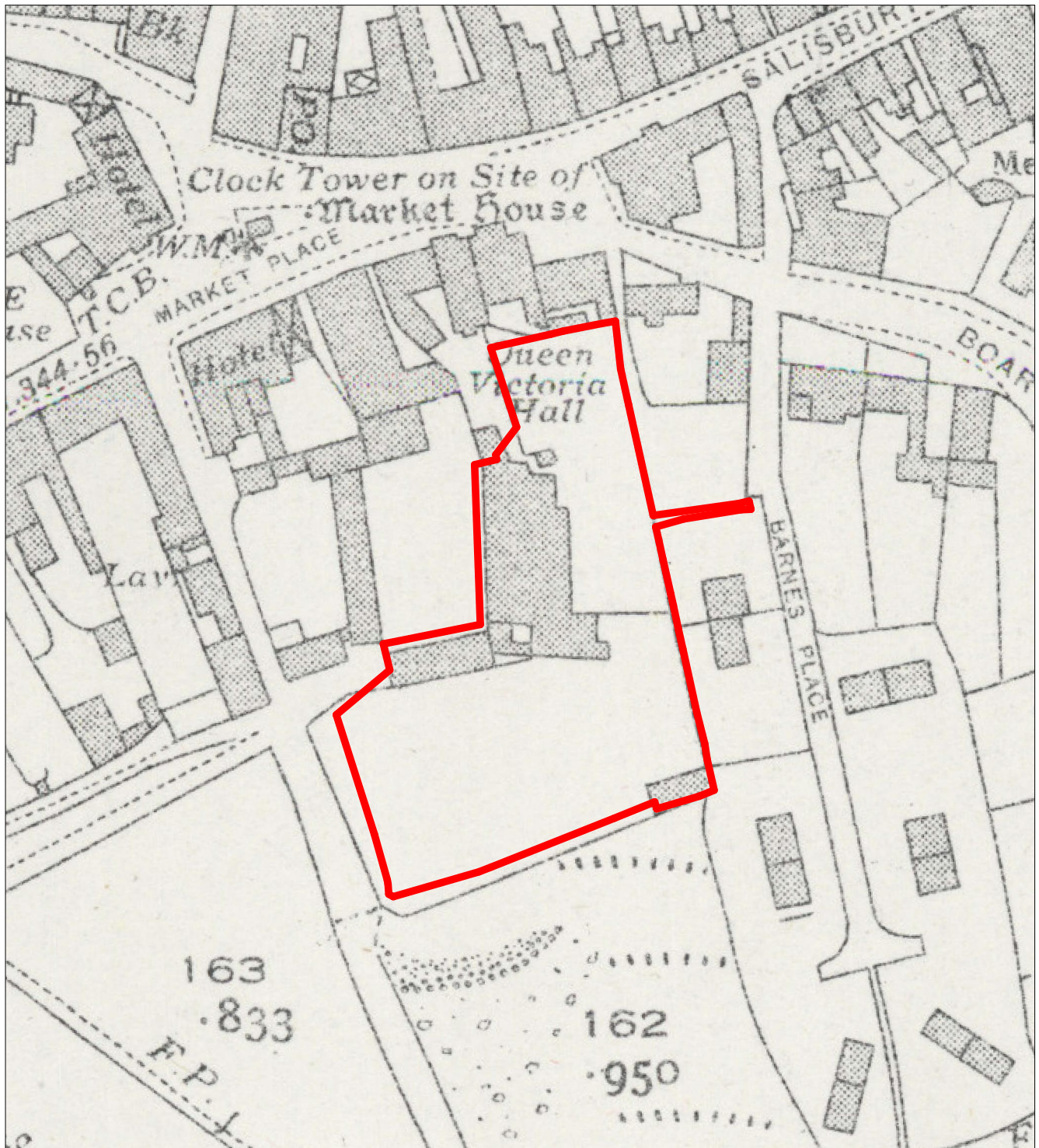


— Site boundary

0 50m

Figure 8

Site Red Line Boundary Overlain onto an Extract from 25" OS Map, Wiltshire Sheet LXIII.5 (Surveyed 1942, Published 1945). Source: KnowYourPlace.



— Site boundary

0 50m

FIGURE 9

Architects' original elevation drawings for Fives Court Elderly People's Home, Jan. 1974. Source: WRO F/10/100/192/5HC.

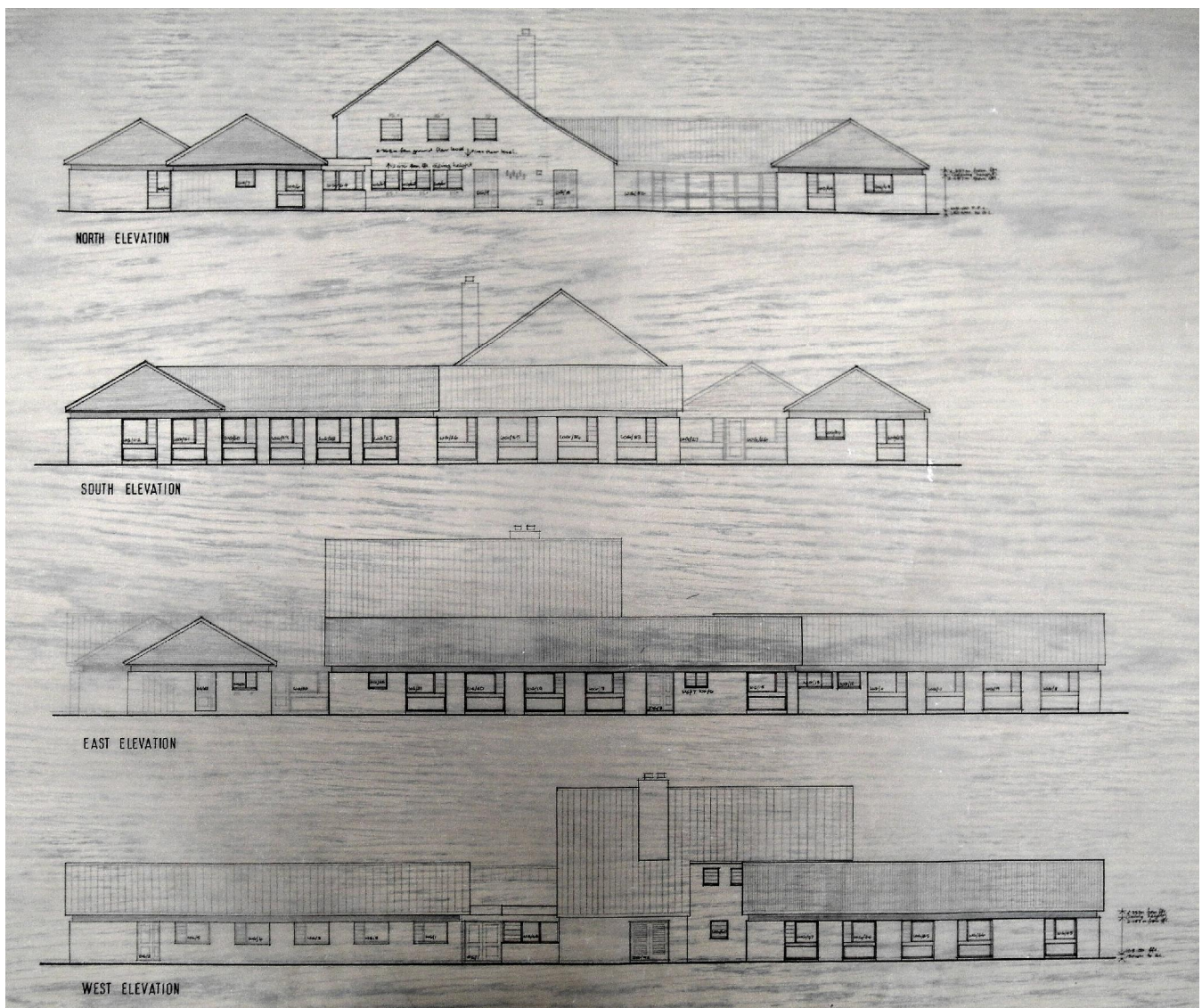
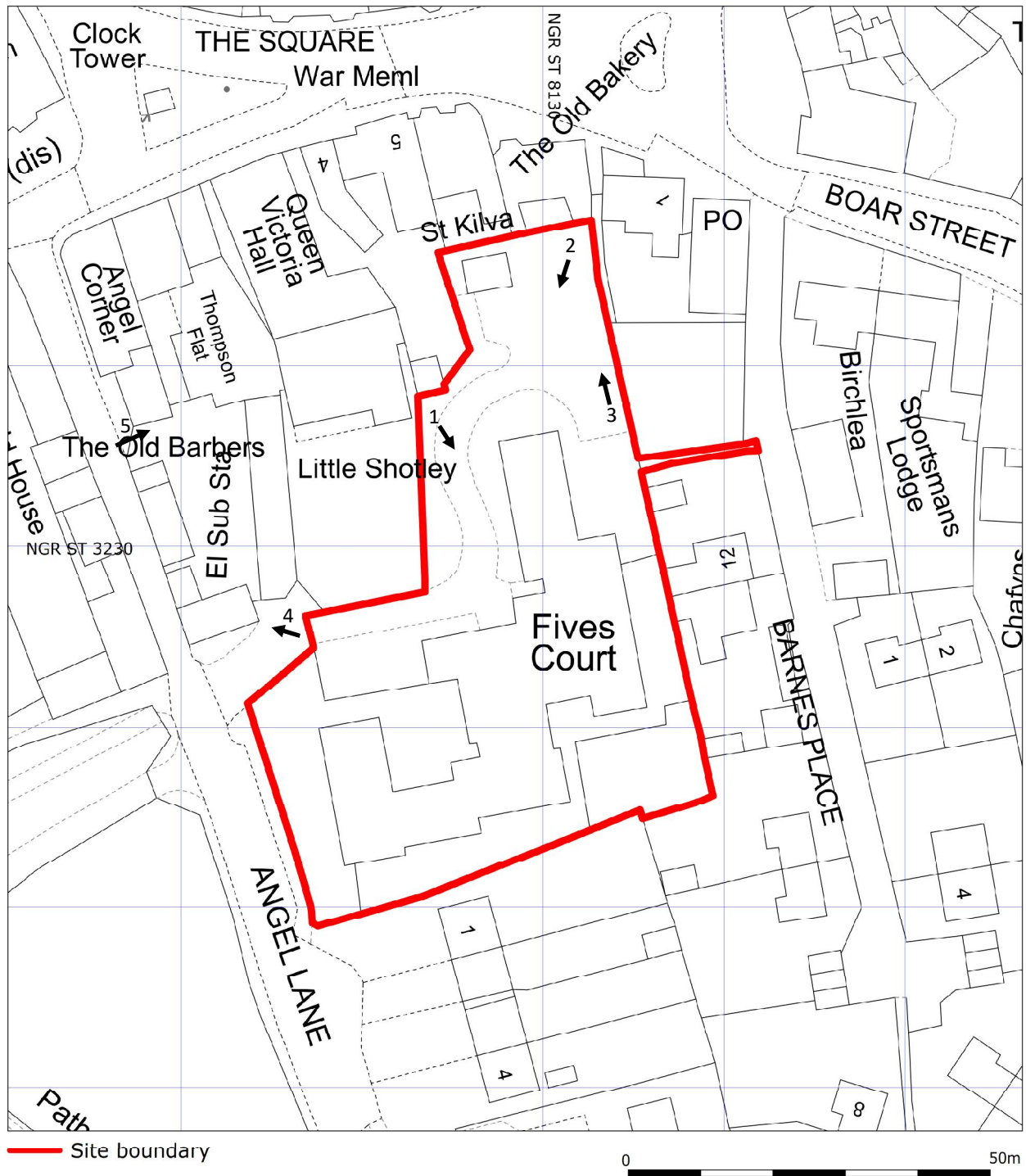


FIGURE 10

Map Index to Plate Positions



PLATES



1. Composite panoramic view of the site from its north-western side, looking south-east (left), and south (right).



2. View of the site from the northern car park, close to its north-eastern corner, looking south-west.



3. Two stone walls bounding the eastern (right) and northern (upper centre) sides of the site. The dates of both of these structures are problematic, but it is likely that at least the eastern boundary is, anyway, on an early (possibly medieval?) alignment.



4. The eastern gable elevation of the barn which lies on the northern side of the main entrance into the Fives Court complex. Possible blocking shown by wooden lintel may indicate a former doorway giving access to an upper floor. The barn dates to before 1821. View to north-west.

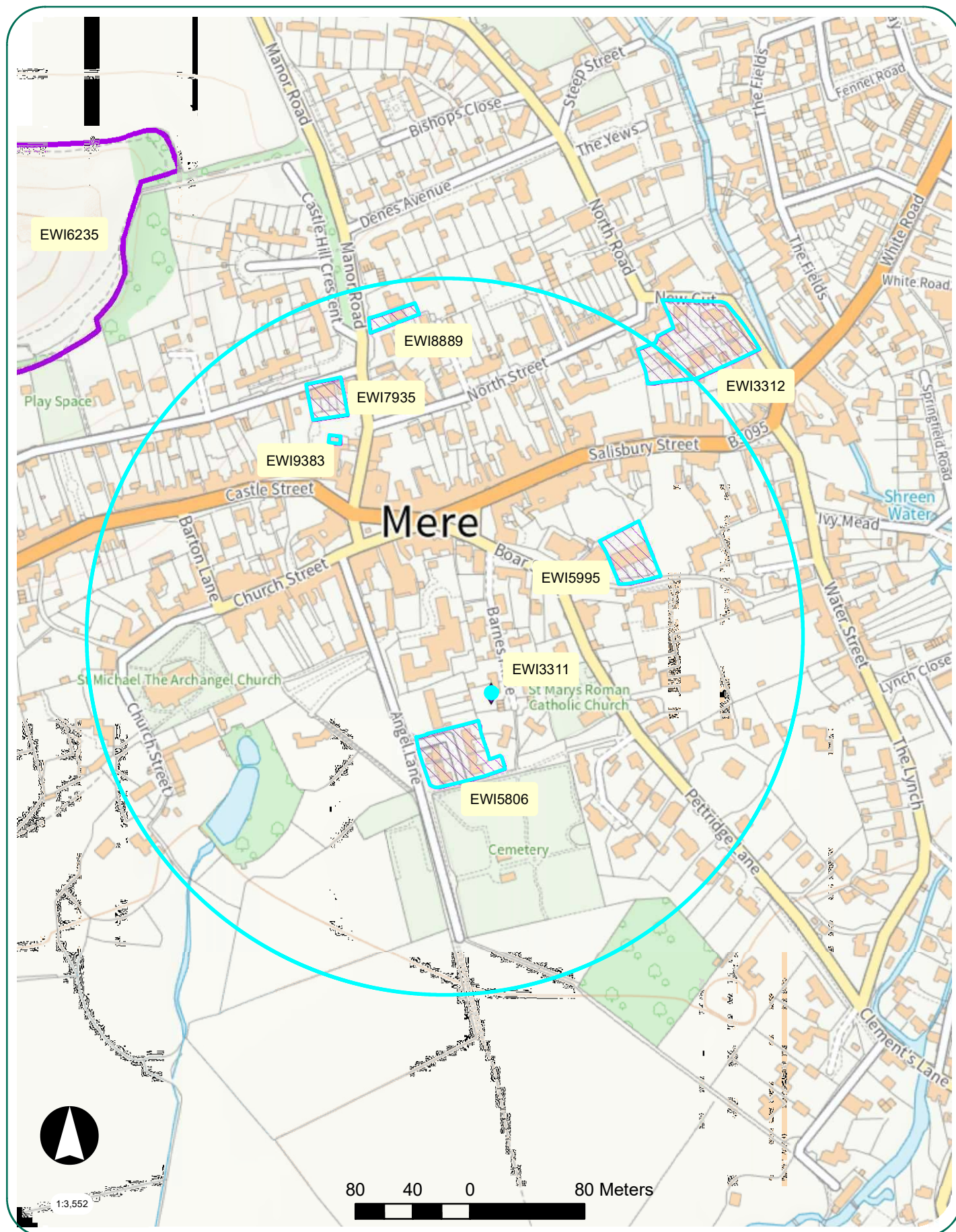


5. The so-called Fives Court Wall, which is a Grade II Listed structure. The element on the left may well be the southern elevation of a barn that was present in 1821. View to north-east.



APPENDIX

Wiltshire Council Historic Environment Record Trawl



Wiltshire Council Event/Activity Full Report

20/10/2022

Number of records: 7

Fives Court Events

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI3311	Excavation of Human Remains at 9 Barnes Place	Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 26/07/1995 - 27/07/1995, between (1995)

Project Details:

Event Types

RESCUE EXCAVATION

Event/Activity References

PC - Project Code/ Site Code 39535

WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number 5361

WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number 3409

Organisation: Wessex Archaeology

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Wessex Archaeology Excavator

Location

Grid Reference

ST 8133 3224 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

Description

An adult female burial, with gold jewellery and glass beads, was discovered during the rebuilding of a retaining wall at the rear of the property. The objects suggested a Saxon date, probably 7th century.

Sources

(1) Report: Farwell, D. E.. 1995. 9 Barnes Place, Mere, Wiltshire. Wessex Archaeology. (1995.046)

Associated Monuments

ST83SW400 Burial, 9 Barnes Place (Monument ST83SW400)

Event ID: EWI3312 **Name:** Evaluation at North Street Nurseries

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI3312	Evaluation at North Street Nurseries	Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 01/11/1996 - 30/11/1996, between (1996)

Project Details:

Event Types

EVALUATION

Event/Activity References

PC - Project Code/ Site Code	8096/1/0
WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number	5362
WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number	665
WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number	3410

Organisation: AC Archaeology

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

AC Archaeology	Excavator
----------------	-----------

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8147 3249 (85m by 58m)	ST83SW	Area
-----------------------------------	--------	------

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire
--------------	----------------------------

Description and Sources

Description

An evaluation revealed a small number of archaeological features, all considered to be of post-medieval or later date. One contained a large flint flake. All other finds were post-medieval or more recent.

Sources

(1) Report: Cotton, J.. 1996. North Street Nurseries, Mere. AC Archaeology. (1996.064)

Associated Monuments

ST83SW551 Undated Pit, North Street (Monument ST83SW551)

Event ID: EWI5806 **Name:** Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI5806	Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane	Interpretation

External Reference:

Dates: 25/03/2005 - 25/03/2005, throughout (2003)

Project Details:

Event Types

TRIAL TRENCH

Event/Activity References

PC - Project Code/ Site Code P240203

WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number 5906

Organisation: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance Excavator

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8130 3220 (62m by 46m) ST83SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

Description

The work revealed considerable modern disturbance, a remnant ploughsoil and three archaeological features. The modern disturbance was the result from terracing and groundworks associated with the post war construction of the houses and the laying out of their gardens. The ploughsoil and archaeological features produced a small assemblage of generally poorly preserved material dating from the Romano-British, medieval and post medieval periods. It was suggested that the features, a small gully and two small pits, dated from the medieval period and the ploughsoil developed later in the post medieval period.

Sources

(1) Report: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. 2003. Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere. Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. (2003.026)

Associated Monuments

ST83SW308 Romano British Pottery, 5-8 Angel Lane (Find Spot ST83SW308)

ST83SW469 5-8 Angel Lane (Find Spot ST83SW469)

ST83SW552 Undated Pits, 5-8 Angel lane (Monument ST83SW552)

ST83SW661 Field System, 5-8 Angel Lane (Monument ST83SW661)

Event ID: EWI5995 **Name:** Evaluation at Dewes House Garden

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI5995	Evaluation at Dewes House Garden	Interpretation

External Reference:

Dates: 06/01/2004 - 06/01/2004

Project Details:

Event Types

TEST PIT

Event/Activity References

PC - Project Code/ Site Code ASI 3291

WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number 1067

WSMR - Wiltshire SMR Event Number 6095

Organisation: Archaeological Site Investigations

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Archaeological Site Investigations Excavator

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8143 3234 (43m by 44m) ST83SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

Description

The test pits revealed artefact-free, deep humic topsoils derived from relatively modern garden cultivation of the site, and an undated buried subsoil layer. No interpretable archaeological deposits were recorded.

Sources

- (1) Report: Heaton, M.. 2004. Dewes House Garden, Salisbury Street, Mere. Archaeological Site Investigations. (2004.007)
-

Associated Monuments - None recorded

Event ID: EWI7935 **Name:** Watching brief at The Old Ship Hotel, Mere

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI7935	Watching brief at The Old Ship Hotel, Mere	Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 01/08/2005 - 31/08/2005, at some time (2005)

Project Details:

Event Types

WATCHING BRIEF

Event/Activity References

PC - Project Code/ Site Code 3340

Organisation: Michael Heaton Heritage Consultants

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Michael Heaton Heritage Consultants Excavator

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8121 3245 (30m by 30m) ST83SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

Description

Groundworks revealed 18th century and modern wall foundations within an intensively disturbed and relatively shallow soil sequence. It was suggested that any significant archaeological deposits that might have existed within the site would have been destroyed during the 18th and 19th centuries.

Sources

(1) Report: Heaton, M.. 2005. The Old Ship Hotel, Mere, Wiltshire. Michael Heaton Heritage Consultants. (2005.149)

Associated Monuments - None recorded

Event ID: EWI8889 **Name:** Watching Brief on Land at The Hollies, Manor Road

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EWI8889	Watching Brief on Land at The Hollies, Manor Road	Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 01/09/2013 - 30/09/2013, occasionally (2013)

Project Details:

Event Types

WATCHING BRIEF

Event/Activity References

OASIS - OASIS armourhe1-164444

Organisation: Armour Heritage

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Armour Heritage Excavator

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8126 3251 (36m by 21m) ST83SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

Description

Archaeological monitoring of excavations at the site identified no anthropogenic material and no evidence of human activity beyond modern material present in the garden soil. Whilst the site lies close to the medieval core of Mere, it is clear from the results of the watching brief that the area of the town under discussion was peripheral to any significant medieval or post medieval activity up to construction of the adjacent property, 'The Hollies', in the mid-20th century. Indeed, early Ordnance Survey editions indicate the site was used as allotment gardens until at least the early 1950s. It is concluded that the site has no potential, therefore, to yield any further archaeological or historical evidence.

Sources

(1) Report: Chelu, R. A.. Land at The Hollies, Manor Road, Mere, Wiltshire. Armour Heritage. (2013.145)

Associated Monuments - None recorded

Event ID: EW19383 **Name:** Watching Brief at Old Ship Inn, Castle Street

Event ID	Event Name	Event Type
EW19383	Watching Brief at Old Ship Inn, Castle Street	Intervention

External Reference:

Dates: 07/01/2019 - 07/01/2019, throughout (2019)

Project Details:

Event Types

WATCHING BRIEF

Event/Activity References

OASIS - OASIS thamesva1-363737

Organisation: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Associated Individuals

Associated Organisations

Thames Valley Archaeological Services Archaeological Field Investigator

Location

Grid Reference

Centred ST 8122 3242 (9m by 6m) ST83SW Area

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Description and Sources

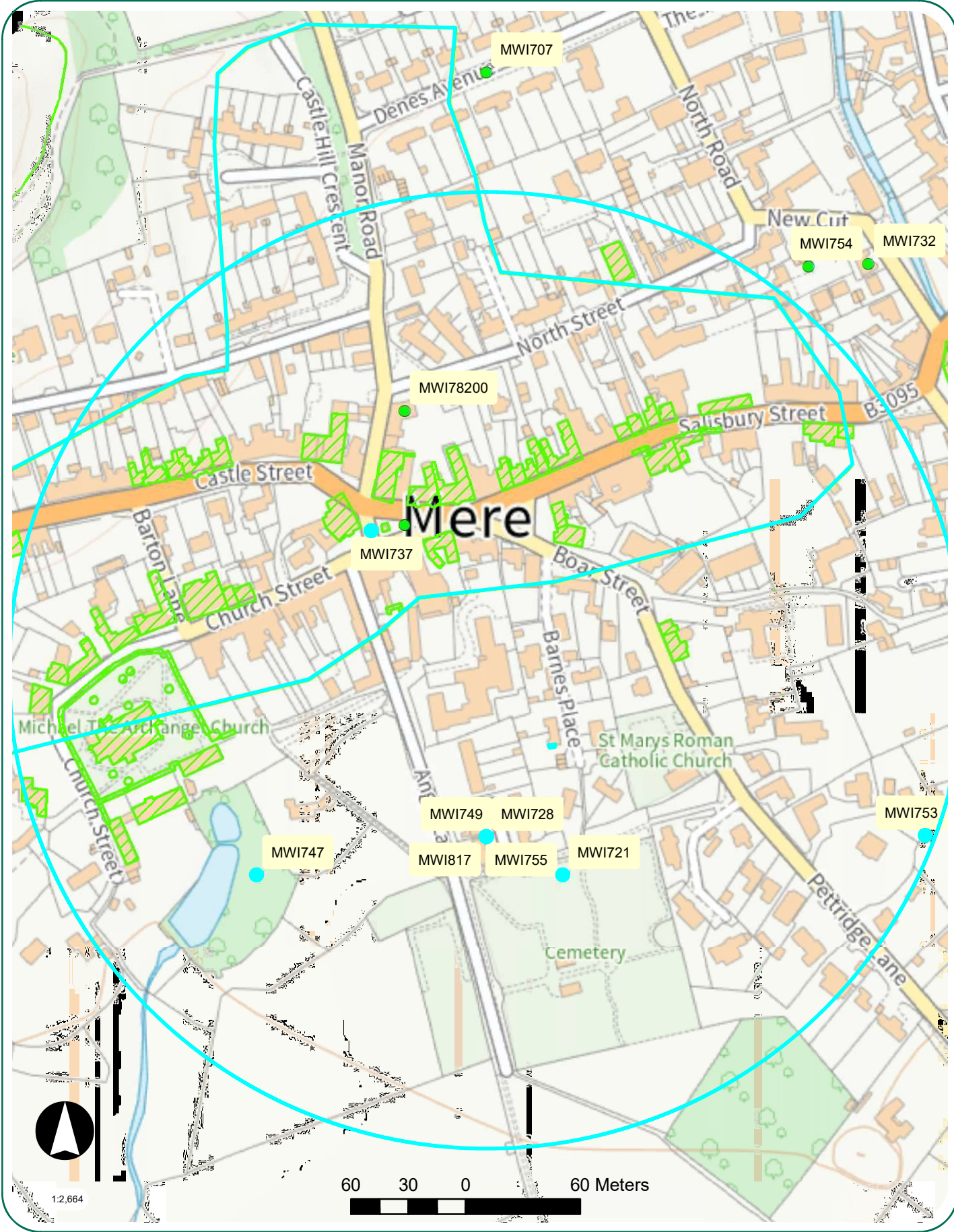
Description

The watching brief monitored the excavation of footings of a new build cottage to the rear of the existing Grade II* building and revealed only modern made ground and service trench. No deposits nor finds of archaeological interest were recorded.

Sources

- (1) Report: Socha-Paszkiewicz, A.. 2019. Old Ship Inn, Castle Street, Mere, Wiltshire. Thames Valley Archaeological Services. (2019.039)
-

Associated Monuments - None recorded



Wiltshire Council Monument Full Report

20/10/2022

Number of records: 10

Fives Court Monuments

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW301 - MWI721	Roman Finds, New Cemetery	Find Spot
Earthenware vessel containing 270 Romano-British coins (denarii).		

Monument Types and Dates

FINDSPOT (Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> *Devizes Museum* (Unassigned). SWI6256.

Earthenware vessel containing 270 Denarii ranging from AD 65-166. Found by workman in 1856. 20 coins now in Devizes Museum.

<2> **Grinsell, L.V.**, 1957, *Victoria County History*, p.87 (Bibliographic reference). SWI13033.

<3> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source*, p.197 Site 115 (Serial). SWI1544.

<4> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source*, p.128 (Serial). SWI1547.

<5> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source*, p.199 (Serial). SWI1552.

<6> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source*, pp.176-177 (Serial). SWI1563.

Sources

- (1) Unassigned: Devizes Museum.
- (2) Bibliographic reference: Grinsell, L.V.. 1957. Victoria County History. Volume 1. p.87
- (3) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 45. p.197 Site 115
- (4) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 5. p.128
- (5) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 65. p.199
- (6) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 27. pp.176-177

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI721>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8134 3217 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References

National Monuments Record - 004 Active

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology Kimmeridge Clay
Landuse Built Environment

Monument Number ST83SW301 - MWI721

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13381	COIN (Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD)	SILVER
FWI13382	VESSEL (1) (Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD)	POTTERY

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW308 - MWI728

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
------------------------	------------------	--------------------

ST83SW308 - MWI728	Romano British Pottery, 5-8 Angel Lane	Find Spot
--------------------	--	-----------

Four sherds of Romano British pottery were recovered during an excavation in 2003.

Monument Types and Dates

Associated finds (Roman - 43 AD to 409 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance**, 2003, *Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere* (Report). SWI24640.
Four sherds of pottery were recovered during an evaluation in 2003.

Sources

- (1) Report: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. 2003. Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere. Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. (2003.026)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricenvironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI728>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8130 3220 (point)	ST83SW	Point
----------------------	--------	-------

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire
--------------	----------------------------

Designations, Statutes and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statutes and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13421	SHERD (4) (Late Iron Age to Roman - 100 BC to 409 AD)	POTTERY
----------	---	---------

Associated Events/Activities

EWI5806	Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane (Interpretation)
---------	---

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW400 - MWI729

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW400 - MWI729	Saxon Burial, 9 Barnes Place	Monument

A Saxon human burial was excavated in 1995.

Monument Types and Dates

BURIAL (Early Medieval (Saxon) - 410 AD to 1065 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Farwell, D. E.**, 1995, *9 Barnes Place, Mere, Wiltshire* (Report). SWI23374.

A burial of an adult female was found during renovation of a house. It was accompanied by three gold pieces of jewellery and three glass beads. One of the objects was ear-ring size with a suspension loop with an inset stone, probably a garnet. The feature has been tentatively dated to the 7th century, and the combination of an east-west aligned burial with grave goods gives a fascinating insight into the period of transition to Christian beliefs in the emergent kingdom of Wessex. B) Part of left mandible with two molars found during removal of rubble and creation of chicken coup on 1st May 2007. The bone was taken by CID to Jackie McKinley who confirmed it was not modern, and therefore, appears to be a second individual of the AS cemetery.

<2> **Cave-Penney, Helena**, 2007, *pers. Comm* (Personal communication). SWI22465.

A visit to the site by Helena Cave-Penney indicated that there are fragments of bone across the garden. The resident also indicated that he had found a number of iron objects, probably 19th century, reflecting the use of the site as farm land.

Sources

- (1) Report: Farwell, D. E.. 1995. 9 Barnes Place, Mere, Wiltshire. Wessex Archaeology. (1995.046)
- (2) Personal communication: Cave-Penney, Helena. 2007. pers. Comm.

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI729>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred ST 8133 3224 (3m by 1m) ST83SW Line

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13438	UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT	GOLD
FWI13439	UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT	GLASS

Monument Number ST83SW400 - MWI729

Associated Events/Activities

EWI3311 Excavation of Human Remains at 9 Barnes Place (Intervention)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW453 - MWI733

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW453 - MWI733	Mere	Monument

Town with probable medieval origins mentioned in the Domesday Book

Monument Types and Dates

TOWN (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD)

Description and Sources

Description

Chantry founded by Sir J Bettesthorne c1350. The remains of a cross in the churchyard. St Michael's Church is a Grade 1 Listed Building with remnant 11th century features, including the lower part of the tower and part of the nave. The chancel is 13th century with aisles rebuilt in the 14th century, with the north and south chantries of similar date. The west tower, nave and north and south porches are largely of 15th century date. The remains of a churchyard cross exist with parts dating from 1556 or earlier. The cross was restored in 1898,

<1> **Gover, J.E.B et al**, 1939, *The Place Names of Wiltshire*, p178 (Bibliographic reference). SWI12252.
Known as Mera in AD1086.

<2> **Pevsner, N.**, 1975, *The Buildings of England, Wiltshire*, 345-8 (Bibliographic reference). SWI16505.

<3> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source*, p153-4 (Serial). SWI1549.

<4> **Wakeham, G., Brandon, K. + Coleman, C.**, 2005, *Castle Hill, Mere* (Report). SWI24992.

Sources

- (1) Bibliographic reference: Gover, J.E.B et al. 1939. The Place Names of Wiltshire. p178
- (2) Bibliographic reference: Pevsner, N.. 1975. The Buildings of England, Wiltshire. 345-8
- (3) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 55. p153-4
- (4) Report: Wakeham, G., Brandon, K. + Coleman, C.. 2005. Castle Hill, Mere. Wessex Archaeology. (2005.054)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI733>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

Centred ST 8113 3240 (721m by 441m) ST83SW Line

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations

Extensive Urban Survey - COM5	Mere – Planned Settlement Area	Active	DWI17543
-------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

National Monuments Record - 003016021	Active
---------------------------------------	--------

Ratings and Scorings

Condition	Buried
-----------	--------

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8210	Urban settlement - Semi detached housing (Type Code: USE-SDHO) Well Head
---------	---

HWI8211	Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)
---------	---

HWI8212	Urban settlement - Semi detached housing (Type Code: USE-SDHO) Town's End
HWI8213	Urban settlement - Historic urban core (Type Code: USE-HSCO) Mere
HWI8215	Urban settlement - Historic urban core (Type Code: USE-HSCO) Mere
HWI8216	Fields and enclosed land - Amalgamated fields (Type Code: FEL-AMAL)
HWI8217	Orchards and horticulture - Plant nursery or garden centre (Type Code: OHR-PNGC) Town End Nursery

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Built Environment

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

EWI6235	Desk based assessment at Castle Hill, Mere (Extensive Survey)
---------	---

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW457 - MWI737

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW457 - MWI737	Site Medieval Market Cross, Clock Tower	Monument
Site of the medieval market cross which was replaced by the market house.		

Monument Types and Dates

MARKET CROSS (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source, p234and317* (Serial). SWI1535.

Site of market cross, which was replaced by Market House which in turn was demolished in 1863 and replaced by present clock tower in 1868.

Sources

(1) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 29. p234and317

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsheritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI737>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8123 3236 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations

Extensive Urban Survey - COM4	Mere – Market Place	Active	DWI17542
-------------------------------	---------------------	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References

National Monuments Record - 053	Active
---------------------------------	--------

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8215 Urban settlement - Historic urban core (Type Code: USE-HSCO)
Mere

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Built Environment

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI14071	WORKED OBJECT	STONE
----------	---------------	-------

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW467 - MWI747

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW467 - MWI747	Medieval Buckle, The Chantry Pond	Find Spot
Medieval buckle found when cleaning pond.		

Monument Types and Dates

FINDSPOT (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Devizes Museum**, *Untitled Source, 137(151)* (Serial). SWI1555.
c15th century buckle with cross bar and 2 projections, found when cleaning a pond.

Sources

(1) Serial: Devizes Museum. Wiltshire Archaeological Magazine. Volume 70-1. 137(151)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI747>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8117 3217 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations

Extensive Urban Survey - COM6	Mere – Mill Site, South of Parish Church	Active	DWI17544
-------------------------------	--	--------	----------

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8215 Urban settlement - Historic urban core (Type Code: USE-HSCO)
Mere

Other Land Classes

Geology	Kimmeridge Clay
Landuse	Wetlands

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13479	WORKED OBJECT	BRONZE
----------	---------------	--------

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW469 - MWI749

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW469 - MWI749	Medieval Pottery, 5-8 Angel Lane	Find Spot
Six sherds of Medieval pottery.		

Monument Types and Dates

Associated finds (Medieval - 1066 AD to 1539 AD)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance**, 2003, *Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere* (Report). SWI24640. Six sherds of pottery including one jug rim and strap handle found during an evaluation during 2003. A small pair of iron shears were found that may belong to this period.

Sources

- (1) Report: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. 2003. Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere. Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. (2003.026)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI749>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8130 3220 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings - None recorded

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13499	SHERD	POTTERY
FWI13500	WORKED OBJECT	IRON

Associated Events/Activities

EWI5806 Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane (Interpretation)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW550 - MWI753

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW550 - MWI753	Possible Saxon Burial, Water Street	Monument
Undated skeleton, probably female, possibly Saxon		

Monument Types and Dates

BURIAL (Undated)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Canham, R A; Freke, Lesley**, 1983, *Fieldwork RAC and LAM June 1983.see SMR File for Correspondence* (Fieldwork). SWI18144.

Undated skeleton, possibly of Saxon origin, discovered to the south of Elwood House whilst cutting a swimming pool. Burial disturbed by machine. Thought to be Saxon, as it is well away from the late Saxon and Medieval parish church, and no subsidiary chapel is known to have existed in this area. Additionally, a Saxon burial of the transitional Pagan/Christian period (c.7th century) is known from Barnes Close (ME007), c. 200m to the west. If the Water Street burial is Saxon, then it may imply a mid to later Saxon settlement focus away from the present town centre.

<2> **Mere Museum**, 1985, *Mere Museum - Merem:1985.104* (Accession Register). SWI18819.

Sources

- (1) Fieldwork: Canham, R A; Freke, Lesley. 1983. Fieldwork RAC and LAM June 1983.see SMR File for Correspondence.
- (2) Accession Register: Mere Museum. 1985. Mere Museum - Merem:1985.104.

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricenvironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI753>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8152 3220 (point) ST83SW Point

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings

Condition Buried

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8206 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)
Holwell

Other Land Classes

Landuse Built Environment

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Associated Finds

FWI13517 HUMAN REMAINS

Associated Events/Activities - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW550 - MWI753

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW552 - MWI755

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW552 - MWI755	Undated Pits, 5-8 Angel lane	Monument

Two small undated pits were found in trench 2 of an evaluation excavation in 2003.

Monument Types and Dates

PIT (Undated)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance**, 2003, *Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere* (Report). SWI24640.
Two small pits were found in trench two of an evaluation in 2003.

Sources

- (1) Report: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. 2003. Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere. Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. (2003.026)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricenvironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI755>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8130 3220 (point)	ST83SW	Point
----------------------	--------	-------

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire
--------------	----------------------------

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings

Condition	Buried
-----------	--------

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

EWI5806 Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane (Interpretation)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Monument Number ST83SW661 - MWI817

Monument Number	Site Name	Record Type
ST83SW661 - MWI817	Undated Field System, 5-8 Angel Lane	Monument

An undated field boundary ditch was revealed during an evaluation excavation during 2003.

Monument Types and Dates

FIELD SYSTEM (Undated)

Description and Sources

Description - None recorded

<1> **Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance**, 2003, *Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere* (Report). SWI24640.
A narrow clay filled gully was revealed in trench one of an evaluation during 2003. The gully was 400mm wide at its upper edge, narrowing to 150mm at its base. It is likely to be a remnant of a small field boundary ditch.

Sources

- (1) Report: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. 2003. Nos 5-8 Angel Lane, Mere. Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance. (2003.026)

Associated resources

Web page <http://www.wiltshire.gov.uk/artsh heritageandlibraries/museumhistoryheritage/wiltshireandswindonhistoricensevironmentrecord/wsher?a=d&m=MWI817>
Wiltshire and Swindon Historic Environment Record

Location

National Grid Reference

ST 8130 3220 (point)	ST83SW	Point
----------------------	--------	-------

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish	Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire
--------------	----------------------------

Designations, Statuses and Scorings

Associated Designations - None recorded

Other Statuses and Cross-References - None recorded

Ratings and Scorings

Condition	Buried
-----------	--------

Land Use

Associated Historic Landscape Character Records

HWI8211 Urban settlement - Detached housing (Type Code: USE-DTHO)

Other Land Classes

Geology	Lower Chalk
Landuse	Garden

Related Monuments - None Recorded

Finds - None recorded

Associated Events/Activities

EWI5806 Evaluation at Nos 5-8 Angel Lane (Interpretation)

Associated Individuals/Organisations - None recorded

Wiltshire Council Designation Full Report

20/10/2022

Number of records: 60

Fives Court Listed Buildings

DesigUID: DWI8002	Type: Listed Building	Status: Active
NHLE number 1300868	NHLE number 1300868	Volume/Map/Item 1306, 6, 56
Name:		
Grade: II	Date Assigned: 07/07/1989	Amended: Revoked:
Legal Description		
ST 8032-8132 MERE PETTRIDGE LANE (east side) 6/56 No 1 GV II Small house, end of short street row. Early C19. Coursed and squared lime- stone, Welsh slate roof. Two storeys and attic, 2 windows: at ground floor left hand side 3 light casements; First floor has two 2-light glazing bar wood casements, and to roof a small hipped dormer. Gable brick stacks. Back has continuous one-storey lean- to beneath two 4-pane casements. With the adjoining property to right (Hatherleigh qv) this is the limit of pre-C20 development on this edge of the town centre, and remains externally unchanged. Listing NGR: ST8139332311		
Curatorial Notes Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832 Main material: limestone Covering material: slate		
Designating Organisation:		
Location		
Grid Reference: ST 81393 32311 (point)		
Map sheet: ST83SW	Area (Ha):	0.00
Administrative Areas		
Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire		
Postal Addresses		
Adderley Pettridge Lane, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DG		
Sources - None recorded		
Associated Monuments		
MWI39602 Building: 1, PETTRIDGE LANE		
Additional Information		
LBSUID:	320185	
List Locality:		
List Parish:	MERE	
List District:	SALISBURY	
List County:	WILTSHIRE	
Group Value:	Upload Date: 15/06/2011	

DesigUID: DWI8027	Type: Listed Building	Status: Active
NHLE number 1300816	NHLE number 1300816	Volume/Map/Item 1306, 6, 81
Name: BALCONY COTTAGE		
Grade: II	Date Assigned: 18/02/1988	Amended: Revoked:
Legal Description		

DesignUID: DWI8027 **Name:** BALCONY COTTAGE

ST 8032-8132 MERE THE SQUARE (east side)
6/81 Balcony Cottage
18.2.86
GV II

House, formerly two. Early C19. Coursed and square limestone, large greensand quoins at left end, Welsh slate roof, brick ridge stack. Property formerly was one side of a narrow lane, but now forms closure to east side of The Square. Two storeys, 2+2 windows; left half has 20-pane and 8-pane sashes flanking C20 aluminium framed door to pent hood, below two half-dormers with aluminium sashes. Right half has 16-pane at both levels; all windows with exposed sash boxes and to wooden lintels. The building is important as a closure to this end of The Square; it adjoins The Manse (q.v.) at the right. Interior not inspected.
Listing NGR: ST8133632371

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832
Main material: limestone
Main material: sandstone
Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81336 32371 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Welcome House The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
BALCONY COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39597 Building: BALCONY COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320210
List Locality:
List Parish: MERE
List District: SALISBURY
List County: WILTSHIRE
Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI8013 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**
1130730 1130730 1306, 6, 67

Name: BLUE RIDER

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)
6/67 Blue Rider
GV II

House and shop in street row. C18 or earlier. Coursed limestone rubble, plain tile roof, brick stack, left. Two storeys, 2 windows; at first floor are 9-pane sashes at the outer wall face, and offset right in the facade; ground

DesigUID: DWI8013 **Name:** BLUE RIDER

floor has two 4-pane casements flanking a part-glazed door; entrance right a plank door to through-way. Interior not inspected, but the offset fenestration and steep, long roof slope suggests an earlier building than the front now shows.

Listing NGR: ST8132132390

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 or earlier HOUSE. Date: from 1650 to 1799

Type and date: C18 or earlier SHOP. Date: from 1650 to 1799

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81321 32390 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Blue Rider Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

BLUE RIDER

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI36918 Building: BLUE RIDER

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320196

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7996 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130725 1130725 1306, 6, 47

Name: BOUNDARY WALL ADJOINING STABLE BLOCK TO THE CHANTRY

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(east side)
6/47	Boundary wall adjoining	stable block to
The	Chantry	
GV	II	

Boundary wall. C18 or C19. Coursed limestone rubble. Wall continues left of stable block (qv The Chantry) in same plane to height of c.3 m with 2-course saddleback stone coping; runs to south-west corner of churchyard, then returns at right angles along south side of churchyard to join with churchyard boundary (qv). Because of rise in height of churchyard, wall is higher on The Chantry side. With the Church of St Michael (qv) and The Chantry this wall is an important part of the ensemble, linking the two properties visually.

Listing NGR: ST8113232247

DesigUID: DWI7996**Name:** BOUNDARY WALL ADJOINING STABLE BLOCK TO THE CHANTRY**Curatorial Notes**

Type and date: C18 or C19 BOUNDARY WALL. Date: from 1700 to 1899

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Main material: stone

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81129 32233 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

BOUNDARY WALL ADJOINING STABLE BLOCK TO THE CHANTRY

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI36913 Building: BOUNDARY WALL ADJOINING STABLE BLOCK TO THE CHANTRY

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320179**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI7995 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1318639	1318639	1306, 6, 51

Name: CHANTRY COTTAGE**Grade:** II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(east side)
6/51	Chantry Cottage (formerly	listed as Gatehouse)
6.1.66		
GV	II	

Former service range, now house, with entry to The Chantry (qv) C16, C17, C20. Some coursed rubble, some squared and coursed rubble, tile roof to east, slate roof to west. A long low block to coped verges, and with lofty and wide thoroughway towards the north end. To the road, the west face has a wide opening with C16 moulded stone jambs to a wood lintel, pair of C20 plank doors; to the right mainly plain walling, one lofty square external eaves stack, 2 lights at south end. East front, facing garden to The Chantry is 2 storeys, 2+2 windows; single storey to left with two 2-light casements, then, slightly recessed 2-storey with two 2-lights at each level, then large basket-arch opening with pair of wide half-glazed doors. The north end, beyond thoroughway, is the stable block, with a 4-centred chamfered doorway.

Listing NGR: ST8110932199

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C16 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1500 to 1599

Type and date: C17 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1600 to 1699

DesigUID: DWI7995 **Name:** CHANTRY COTTAGE

Type and date: C20 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1900 to 1999
Type and date: post 1500 STABLE. Date: from 1500
Type and date: now HOUSE.
Main material: rubble
Covering material: tile
Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81109 32199 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Chantry Cottage Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CHANTRY COTTAGE

Former Statutory

GATEHOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39739 Building: CHANTRY COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320178

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7986 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1200069 1200069 1306, 6, 40

Name: CHARNEL HOUSE IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET (south side)
6/40 Charnel House in the 6.1.66 churchyard of
the Church of St Michael
GV II

Churchyard building, possibly former charnel house, now store. Late mediaeval front, much reconstructed behind. Squared limestone rubble in courses, plain tile roof to tight-clipped verge; red brick dressing and quoins on north side. To churchyard a flat segmental chamfered opening with C19 plank door; to the right a worn cusped single light with terracotta beneath a section of straight hollow mould as drip, and in the gable a plain rectangular opening to chamfered surround. Left wall has a late opening with plank fill right wall plain. Roof structure rebuilt in C19 or C20. To the right a rubble wall continues at eaves height to a returned garden wall.

Listing NGR: ST8115632253

Curatorial Notes

DesigUID: DWI7986 **Name:** CHARNEL HOUSE IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST

Type and date: Late Medieval CHARNEL HOUSE. Date: from 1400 to 1540

Type and date: C19 CHARNEL HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 CHARNEL HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: now STOREHOUSE.

Type and date: WALL.

Type and date: GARDEN WALL.

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Main material: brick

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81158 32253 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CHARNEL HOUSE IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38938 Building: CHARNEL HOUSE IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320169

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7982 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130755 1130755 1306, 6, 37

Name: CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL THE ARCHANGEL

Grade: I **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET (south side)
6/37 Church of
St Michael the
6.1.66 Archangel
GV I

Anglican Parish Church. Some remnants from c.1190, Chancel C13, north and south chantries C14, aisles rebuilt late C14, remainder C15. Large squared coursed limestone blocks, slate roofs, lead to south aisle. West tower, nave with clerestorey, north and south aisles, north and south porches, deep chancel, south and north chantry chapels. Tower in 3 stages with moulded plinth, 2 string courses, octagonal buttresses to prominent pinnacles, embattled parapet. West face has pair C19 doors in 4-centre double wave mould surround, no hood; above 2-light perpendicular lights with deep casement mould, and 3-light belfrey window with wooden louvres; north side has

similar to belfry stage, south the same. North aisle west window is 3-light perpendicular in square hood and panelled corners, south aisle has 3-light C14 reticulated, then diagonal buttress, plain parapet over string, saddle back coping; 1+2 reticulated 3-light windows separated by 2 storey porch with stair turret. Porch has flat parapet, over a flush 2-light casement above decorated doorway with hoodmould, containing splendid wide plank studded gate to early strap hinges. Inner doorway also decorated. South chantry has diagonal buttresses dying into south aisle, prominent octagonal stair turret rising above main parapet, as aisle, but with series of 'dumb-bell' slits. C14 windows, left in square hood, right pointed with unusual tracery. East return has 5 light perpendicular windows with 5 large projecting carved heads, two as stops, on hoodmould under parapet raised at centre over window head. South clerestory has five 3-light perpendicular windows, to eaves. East end of chancel has 2-stage corner buttress, left, and 5-light perpendicular window without hood; south face of chancel has 3-light perpendicular to square hood, and a baroque wall tablet. In same plane as east chancel wall is east wall of north chantry, separated from it by 2-stage buttress, and with 5-light perpendicular window with super-transome; diagonal 3-stage buttress, right. North side has three 4-light square headed reticulated windows with two 3-stage buttresses, then diagonal buttress dying into north aisle which has porch between 4-light square headed decorated windows to hoods. Porch in 2 storeys has diagonal 2-stage buttresses and a stair turret; decorated doorway with pair of wide plank doors to strap hinges, beneath statue niche with rich canopy, containing image, and an upswept parapet to saddle-back-coping, pinnacles and small central cross. Porch is internally vaulted and has fine C15 inner door with perpendicular tracery, beneath an image niche with headless figure. Interior: Walls generally plastered except in chancel; floor with ledger slabs. Nave is 4 ½ bays with standard 4-colonnette and 4-hollows piers on high bases, clerestory, which is blind on the north side, barrel roof with series of 11 angels each side and half-bay celure over rood. North aisle has arch-braced collar rafters; south aisle flat cusped wind-braced roof. Lofty tower arch of C15 with panelled intrados, and the wall here is exposed rubble. Chancel arch also has panelled intrados, chancel barrel vault roof to brattished plate. South side has two broad arches cut through the C13 fabric under three 2-light clerestory windows; to the north a lofty segmental pointed arch, to organ gallery, and a lower recut arch carried on an octagonal C15 pier with moulded cap. The door to the north chapel is under an unglazed 2-light window. Piscina with projecting bracketted bowl and credence shelf; further large opening, perhaps for an aumbry. Stone floor. South chantry, the Bettesthorpe Chapel, has C20 low pitched traceried trusses, stone floor, 2-stage piscina/aumbry, priests door. North chantry, the Still Chapel, barrel roof plastered, with thin exposed rib, in 20 compartments. Good parvise screen to chancel and to north aisle, which also has large organ gallery. Ledger slab floor. Furnishings and Fittings: complete set of pews, somewhat modified, by William Walter of Maiden Bradley, 1638-1641; substantial remains of C15 rood screen with C20 gallery and rood; similar screens to two chantries. C19 openwork pulpit by C E Ponting. In south chapel on chancel side a good C15 chest tomb, also good baroque wall monument of 1712 to William Chafin; 1398 floor brass to J. Bettesthorpe royal Arms, 1684. Some misericords recut in 1948; octagonal Purbeck bowl font on C19 granite base. Stained glass mainly Victorian, but west window in Bettesthorpe Chapel has four mediaeval panels, and some fragments in central window to Still Chapel. Window to right of south porch in south aisle Clayton and Bell; south window of chancel, 1933, Christopher Webb. Outside the north porch is an unfixed cast-iron foot-scraper with raised inscription: MERE CHURCH: 1819 on base. (Buildings of England; Wiltshire, 1963; also notes by Revd. W. H V Elliott, n.d.)

Listing NGR: ST8111532253

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Circa 1190 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1170 to 1210

Type and date: C13 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1200 to 1299

Type and date: C14 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1300 to 1399

Type and date: Late C14 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1367 to 1399

Type and date: C15 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1400 to 1499

Type and date: Post 1499 PARISH CHURCH. Date: from 1500

Type and date: Post 1499 ANGLICAN CHURCH. Date: from 1500

Type and date: C15 CHEST TOMB. Date: from 1400 to 1499

Type and date: 1712 WALL MONUMENT. Date: 1712

Type and date: 1398 COMMEMORATIVE BRASS. Date: 1398

Type and date: 1684 COAT OF ARMS. Date: 1684

Main material: limestone

Covering material: slate

Covering material: lead

Main material: rubble

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: Centred ST 81112 32254 (39m by 33m)

Map sheet: ST83SW

Area (Ha): 0.07

DesigUID: DWI7982**Name:** CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL THE ARCHANGEL**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL THE ARCHANGEL

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI37381 Building: CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL THE ARCHANGEL

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320165**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI7984**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1200059

1200059

1306, 6, 38

Name: CHURCHYARD CROSS 9 METRES NORTH OF NORTH PORCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CHURCH STREET

(south side)

6/38

Churchyard Cross c9

metres north of

north

porch of Church of

St Michael

GV

II

Remains of churchyard cross. Mediaeval. Limestone. Small square base-carrying octagonal plinth block to chamfered top, supporting broken octagonal tapering shaft c2 metres high overall.

Listing NGR: ST8109332272

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

Type and date: Medieval CROSS. Date: from 1066 to 1540

Main material: limestone

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81095 32272 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CHURCHYARD CROSS 9 METRES NORTH OF NORTH PORCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

DesignUID: DWI7984**Name:** CHURCHYARD CROSS 9 METRES NORTH OF NORTH PORCH OF**Sources - None recorded****Associated Monuments**

MWI38937 Building: CHURCHYARD CROSS 9 METRES NORTH OF NORTH PORCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320167**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesignUID:** DWI8022**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1130733

1130733

1306, 6, 76

Name: CLOCK TOWER**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

THE SQUARE

(west side)

6/76

Clock Tower

GV

II

Clock tower. Dated 1868. Rock faced limestone, ashlar dressings, Welsh slate roof, wooden turret and ventilating louver. Square plan with one offset diagonal buttress, pyramidal roof broached to octagonal stage with clock on two faces, further small slated pyramid to louvered crowning feature with weather- cock. Plain plank doors to moulded arch in east front with drip to leaf stops under panel 'Albert Edward 1868' and the Prince of Wales feathers. Blind lancet north and south, leaded glazed to west; corbel table cornice to main roof. Small gabled lucarne each face of roof slope. Holds an important position in centre of former market place, on the site occupied by the Market House until 1863. The present clock tower was given to the town by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Listing NGR: ST8124732362

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1868 CLOCK TOWER. Date: 1868

Type and date: 1868 WEATHER VANE. Date: 1868

Main material: limestone

Main material: ashlar

Main material: wood

Covering material: welsh slate

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81247 32362 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Welcome House The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CLOCK TOWER

Sources - None recorded

DesigUID: DWI8022 **Name:** CLOCK TOWER

Associated Monuments

MWI36921 Building: CLOCK TOWER

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320205

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8011 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130729	1130729	1306, 6, 65

Name: CROSS HOUSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	SALISBURY STREET	(north side)
6/65	Cross House	
GV	II	

House in street row. Front is C19 and C20, but property may be C18 or earlier at back. Squared and coursed limestone, rubble at back and small brick extension; slate roof. Two storeys and attic, 2 windows, all C20, but prominent C19 hipped slate dormer with glazed cheeks. C20 door far left, overlight, pediment-like hood, flush voussoirs to openings. A boot scraper in stone surround. Large brick stack to right. Back is complex, has wing in 2 storeys with good 2-light paned casement at first floor; a lower continuation includes a louvred light, then small brick gabled extension. The whole appears to have been some form of workshop or commercial activity attached to the house front, which is mainly of interest as group value.

Listing NGR: ST8130832387

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 or Earlier ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1650 to 1799

Type and date: C19 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: WORKSHOP.

Type and date: COMMERCIAL OFFICE.

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Main material: brick

Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81308 32387 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Cross House Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CROSS HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

DesigUID: DWI8011 **Name:** CROSS HOUSE

Associated Monuments

MWI36917 Building: CROSS HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320194

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8012 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1300855 1300855 1306, 6, 66

Name: CROSSWAYS

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

St 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)

6/66 Crossways

GV II

House in street row. Possibly C18, much modified in C19 and C20. Rendered rubble, plain tile roof, large brick stack, left, adjoining that to Cross House (qv). Two storeys and attic, 2 windows, 6-parted horned sash, but bottom right is 3-light to arched head; all in plat-band surrounds with inner edge-mould. Central C20 door. Plinth, first floor plat-band string. Included for group value.

Listing NGR: ST8131432388

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Possibly C18 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: C19 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Main material: render

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81314 32388 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Crossways Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

CROSSWAYS

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39600 Building: CROSSWAYS

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320195

DesigUID: DWI8012**Name:** CROSSWAYS**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI7993**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1130723

1130723

1306, 6, 49

Name: DEAN'S ORCHARD**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CHURCH STREET

(off south side)

6/49

Dean's Orchard (formerly

listed as: The

Vicarage, 6.1.66

formerly Dean's Orchard)

GV

II

Large detached house, adjoining churchyard. 1708 and 1756, extended across north side later. Good squared and coursed Douling stone to front (south) with some Chilmark stone including quoins, mainly rubble elsewhere, plain tile roof. Originally a 3-bay symmetrical C18 house on 3 floors plus attics, in mid C18 extended by further 3-bays on 2 floors and attics, under continuous roof line, with especially lofty ground floor in later half; to left is lower, 2-storey unit. Garden front has at ground floor three 2-light horizontal glazing bar casements to keyed voussoirs, then part-glazed door under 3-pane transom light plus two large 12-pane sashes to voussoirs and keystone. At eaves are two 2-light casements and a painted blocked opening then three 12-pane sashes; at intermediate level in left half one casement and one 12-pane sash, both to keyed voussoirs. Four large hipped dormers; to left with blocked painted-on windows, a 2-light casement and a 12-pane light. To left is 2-storey 1-window service unit; this section rendered. Rear, towards churchyard, in coursed rubble has scattered fenestration, with, at ground floor, two 2-light casements and 2-small square lights, also a 2-light with transom, to stair, with 3-light flat-roofed dormer above. Far right, in lower unit, a 2-light at eaves, most openings with concrete lintels. Left is plank door in plain frame. A large external stack with shaft in brick to gable, left, and 3 ridge stacks. The external wall of the C18 building is mainly concealed by later swept-down or lean-to additions on the side. Interior: cross passage from south leads to fielded 6-panel door, probably a principal entry before addition of later corridor and lean-to. Many fielded panel painted doors, shutters to high room to right which also has chair rail and decorative cornice; two rooms to left with lower ceilings, and with small rough chamfered beams. The far room has two recessed to cambered arches in soft red brick dressings, perhaps originally external openings. At first floor the date 1756 is scratched in plaster. Between early and later sections a 2-light opening, with lath and plaster. Roof to 1708 section is pegged 2-purlin double collar; the intermediate gable wall retains a 2-light window, now internal. A further 2-light window at first floor is also now internal. The name of the property derives from a grant by Edmund, son of the Earl of Cornwall, in 1280, to the Dean and Chapter of Salisbury, of land here including a mill for grinding corn. It remained with the Ecclesiastical Commissioners until 1969. (Mere: A Wiltshire Country Town; 1975).

Listing NGR: ST8114432237

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1708 DETACHED HOUSE. Date: 1708

Type and date: 1756 DETACHED HOUSE. Date: 1756

Type and date: post 1756 DETACHED HOUSE. Date: from 1757

Type and date: VICARAGE.

Main material: limestone

Main material: portland stone

Main material: rubble

Main material: render

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81150 32240 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

DesignUID: DWI7993**Name:** DEAN'S ORCHARD

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Deans Orchard Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

DEAN'S ORCHARD

Former Statutory

THE VICARAGE, FORMERLY DEAN'S ORCHARD

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI37370 Building: DEAN'S ORCHARD

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320176**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesignUID:** DWI8006**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1200209

1200209

1306, 6, 60

Name: DEWES HOUSE**Grade:** II***Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

SALISBURY STREET

(south side)

6/60

Dewes House (formerly 6.1.66

listed as Dewes Guest

House)

GV

II*

Large house, part set back from street. Mid-late C17, C18 and C19. Fine lime- stone ashlar on coursed squared stone plinth, concrete tile roof, replacing stone slate. A symmetrical 5-bay house with central stair turret at back; large added or modified wing to left brought forward to pavement, and other additions to back. To street is 2 storeys and attics with basement 2+5 windows, all stone mullion and transom 2-light with leading 4 in raised architraves except ground floor, left, two later 12-pane sashes. Central fielded 8-panel door in bolection-mould architrave to keystone under closed segmental pediment and on 3 stone steps. Raised alternating quoins to forward block and right end of main building, plain string at mid-level; one small C20 flat roofed dormer to hipped end of forward wing, and similar to main roof slope. Small stack right gable and at junction of wings. Return of forward wing has single light stone transom casement with leading over a 12-pane sash. Two basement lights to right of doorway. Back has 2 deep projecting wings, centre is stair turret, now set back, with a truncated cross window under a 2-light casement. To left a large C19 extension with glazed upper level to a lead flat; to right the hipped end is over large canted bay with margin bar sashes. Interior retains much of interest, including in bottom left room fireplace with eared architrave to moulded mantel shelf; good 8-panel fielded door in similar lines room behind parlour with two 4-centred recesses, decorative cornice with grapes; dog-leg stair has square newels, barley-twist balusters and heavy hand-rail. Bedroom top right is lined throughout with painted panelling and doors. A photograph of 1948 shows the stone slates, and 2-light hipped dormers now replaced by flat- roofed dormers; the slates were removed in 1963. An advertisement of 1795 refers also to "two large cellars with wine vaults" which were not inspected.

Listing NGR: ST8139632401

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: mid-late C17 HOUSE. Date: from 1633 to 1699

DesignUID: DWI8006 **Name:** DEWES HOUSE

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Main material: stone
Covering material: tile
Covering material: stone
Covering material: concrete

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81396 32401 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Dewes House Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HA

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

DEWES HOUSE

Former Statutory

DEWES GUEST HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38943 Building: DEWES HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320189

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI8007 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130728	1130728	1306, 6, 61

Name: DEWES LODGE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	SALISBURY STREET	(south side)
6/61	Dewes Lodge (formerly 6.1.66	included as part of
Dewes	Guest House)	
GV	II	

House in street, formerly part of Dewes House (qv). C17 and C18. Limestone rubble, concrete tile. To street is in two sections, low left and higher, right; first part has a small horizontal casement and a 6-pane fixed light, formerly a larger opening to wood lintel. Right section in 2 storeys has the 2-light casements with flush beaded stone mullion in moulded architraves flanking lower 3-panel door to moulded stone architrave; small horizontal light over left casement and small stair window to eaves at right. Large brick stack at gable break between roofs, and external brick stack to left; roof lay- light. Back has one 12-pane sash over later doors and windows; gable

DesigUID: DWI8007 **Name:** DEWES LODGE

end has an 8-pane sash and to left a 2-light casement, also single attic light left of stack. Right of stack are two 8-pane sashes. Interior not inspected. Originally a service wing to Dewes House.
Listing NGR: ST8139832406

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C17 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1600 to 1699
Type and date: C18 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C17 HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699
Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Main material: limestone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: tile
Covering material: concrete

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81398 32406 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Dewes Lodge Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HA

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

DEWES LODGE

Former Statutory

DEWES GUEST HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI36916 Building: DEWES LODGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320190

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8020 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130732	1130732	1306, 6, 74

Name: DOWNLEASE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	SALISBURY STREET	(north side)
6/74	Downlease	
II		

Three cottages in row, now one property. C18 with C19 roof and modifications. First cottage in rubble, with gable wall in rat-trap bond brickwork; remainder has small squared and coursed stone to front wall, rubble elsewhere; the whole with plain tile roof. Two storeys, 2+4 windows, all at ground floor boarded up, but presumed 2 or 3-light

DesigUID: DWI8020**Name:** DOWNLEASE

casements to wood lintels. First floor has two 4-pane sashes with horns, single and 3-light casements with glazing bars, then stretch of plain walling, 3-light casement with glazing bars and a 6-pane sash with horns. Central to left cottage a 4-panel C19 door under small transom light, centred to middle block, vertical plank door, and to right, beyond a straight joint in walling a 4-panel with transom light. Three brick ridge stacks, one to right gable, the other two originally the gable stacks of earliest building. Cropped stack to left gable. The left gable shows a lower level roof line. Back, painted, has 3 doors and scattered casements. Interior: unused and inaccessible. This probably a restructuring of an earlier building - there are some signs of a stone-mullioned window over the central doorway.

Listing NGR: ST8142232426

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Main material: rubble

Main material: brick

Main material: stone

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81422 32426 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

DOWNLEASE

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI36920 Building: DOWNLEASE

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320203**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI7989**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1130757

1130757

1306, 6, 44

Name: EDWARD DOLLING MONUMENT, CIRCA 10 METRES EAST OF NORTH EAST CORNER OF CHURCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**ST 8032-8132 MERE
6/44
east
GVCHURCH STREET
Edward Dolling monument,
corner of Church of St
II(south side)
c.10 m east of north
Michael

DesigUID: DWI7989 **Name:** EDWARD DOLLING MONUMENT, CIRCA 10 METRES EAST OF NORTH

Headstone. 1737, to Edward Dolling. Limestone. Square slab to worn decorative top with cherub's head and leaf scrolls. Edward Dolling, it records, '.... Dyed of ve Smallpox which he designedly took Sept 6 1737 Aged 21 years' followed by four lines of suitable verse, all inscribed in local mason's cursive script. This records an early and unsuccessful attempt at inoculation, which was used often with success, until Edward Jenner's discovery of a more certain working method in 1796. In addition to its visual qualities the monument therefore has historical interest.

Listing NGR: ST8112732280

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1737 GRAVESTONE. Date: 1737

Main material: limestone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81127 32280 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

EDWARD DOLLING MONUMENT, CIRCA 10 METRES EAST OF NORTH EAST CORNER OF
CHURCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37383 Building: EDWARD DOLLING MONUMENT, CIRCA 10 METRES EAST OF NORTH EAST
CORNER OF CHURCH OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320172

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8004 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1200206 1200206 1306, 6, 58

Name: ENTRANCE DOORWAY AND WALL TO LEFT OF LECTURE HALL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (south side)
6/58 Entrance doorway and wall to left of Lecture Hall
GV II

Wall with doorway, at back of pavement. Probably C18. Squared coursed lime- stone with ashlar dressings. About 3.5 m length of wall rising to stone coping at c.3 m but with swept down section to right, moulded flat pyramidal capping at about mid point. At left end a plank door giving to small courtyard to the Meeting House (not included), in pilaster surround to flat elliptical head with projecting keystone. The item adjoins an entrance to Dewes House (qv), is in detail similar to that, but separatley constructed. It is important to the continuity of the

DesigUID: DWI8004**Name:** ENTRANCE DOORWAY AND WALL TO LEFT OF LECTURE HALL

street.

Listing NGR: ST8137632401

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Probably C18 WALL. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: Probably C18 GATE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: Probably C18 COURTYARD. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Main material: limestone

Main material: ashlar

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81376 32401 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

ENTRANCE DOORWAY AND WALL TO LEFT OF LECTURE HALL

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI38942 Building: ENTRANCE DOORWAY AND WALL TO LEFT OF LECTURE HALL

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320187**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI8005**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318642

1318642

1306, 6, 59

Name: ENTRANCE WAY TO DEWES HOUSE**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

SALISBURY STREET

(south side)

6/59

Entrance way to Dewes

House

GV

II

Wall with doorway, at back of pavement. C18. Rough coursed and squared lime- stone, ashlar dressings. About 2 m length of wall, returned to front of Dewes House (qv), rises to stone coping at c.3 m height but swept down to left and return; two moulded flat pyramidal cappings set to coping. Roughly central is doorway with 2 stone steps up to courtyard entry, within plain pilasters to caps and flat elliptical arch with projecting keystone. The item adjoins an entrance to the Quaker Meeting House (qv), is in detail similar to that, but separately constructed. The wall is important to the continuity of the street and returns to enclose the frontage of Dewes House.

Listing NGR: ST8138132403

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 WALL. Date: from 1700 to 1799

DesigUID: DWI8005 **Name:** ENTRANCE WAY TO DEWES HOUSE

Type and date: C18 GATE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C18 STEPS. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C18 COURTYARD. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Main material: stone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81381 32403 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
ENTRANCE WAY TO DEWES HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39742 Building: ENTRANCE WAY TO DEWES HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320188

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7950 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130743	1130743	1306, 6, 4

Name: FIVES COURT WALL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	ANGEL LANE	(east side)
6/4	Fives Court Wall	
II		

Fives court wall. C19. Limestone ashlar-faced rubble to plain thin stone capping. Plain wall with splayed returns c.4m high with offsets at c.3m to returns, and plinth of slight projection c.750 mm high. The projecting 'wings' are c.1.75 m long externally. The wall lies enclosed by various later buildings or walls, set back from Angel Lane c.5m, and was presumably in the garden of the Angel Inn in Market Place.
Listing NGR: ST8124532318

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C19 WALL. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Main material: rubble
Main material: stone

Designating Organisation:

DesigUID: DWI7950 **Name:** FIVES COURT WALL

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81245 32318 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses - None recorded

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

FIVES COURT WALL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI36931 Building: FIVES COURT WALL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320133

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7983 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1318656	1318656	1306, 6, 41

Name: GATE PIERS, GATES, AND BOUNDARY WALL TO CHURCHYARD ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(south and east sides)
6/41	Gate piers,gates, and 6.11.66	boundary wall
to	churchyard of St Michael	
GV	II	

Three piers with pair of gates and railing, two wooden gates, and boundary walling. C18, but some walling possibly earlier. Limestone ashlar to piers, squared rubble elsewhere, cast-iron or wooden gates. Wall surrounds churchyard in varying height and form: to the east running north from the Chamel House (q.v.) to C18 piers is rubble c.2.5m high to a brick coping, then ashlar pier and wooden pedestrian gate returned towards the west to link with good pair of C18 ashlar rusticated piers set to offset chamfered plinths and with moulded cappings carrying decorative urns on square bases. Pair of iron gates with plain vertical bars and dog bars to dropped head and segmental strutting. To north of churchyard is squared and coursed stone to saddle-back coping c1.5 m above pavement, running to small wooden gate in north west corner, then section running south similar, but with chamfer-edge coping to flat top, height varying with fall in road, to wooden gate on 3 stone steps. Beyond this wall joins high wall to The Chantry (q.v.) at south west corner. south wall is partly high section to The Chantry, then lower part with saddle-back coping including iron gate with overthrow, opposite north doorway to The Chantry. Last section of enclosure is formed by the north wall to Dean(s orchard (q.v.) Modest, but important to the ensemble of the church and its surroundings.

Listing NGR: ST8112932295

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 or Earlier BOUNDARY WALL. Date: from 1650 to 1799

Type and date: C18 GATE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: C18 GATE PIER. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: C18 ARCH. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: C18 STEPS. Date: from 1700 to 1799

DesigUID: DWI7983 **Name:** GATE PIERS, GATES, AND BOUNDARY WALL TO CHURCHYARD ST

Type and date: C18 RAILINGS. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Main material: rubble
Main material: cast iron
Main material: wood

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81130 32297 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

GATE PIERS, GATES, AND BOUNDARY WALL TO CHURCHYARD ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35400 Building: GATE PIERS, GATES, AND BOUNDARY WALL TO CHURCHYARD ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320166

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8008 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**
1200234 1200234 1306, 6, 62

Name: GATEWAY AND WALLS TO COURTYARD COTTAGE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (south side)
6/62 Gateway and walls to Courtyard Cottage
GV II

Broad arched gateway with flanking walls. Late C18 or C19. Coursed rough- dressed limestone with ashlar trimmings to opening. A wide elliptical opening to piers with plain imposts, central projecting and dropped keystone, to pair of C20 iron gates. Wall rises above arch to tiled coping and raised pier 'caps'; to left a wall segment at same height as central wall returns to pavement, with stone coping; right similar, plus c.3 m plain wall connecting to Dewes Lodge (qv) and under flat roof. Overall width at pavement c 6 metres. Important to street, and echoing similar openings to Dewes House (qv) and Friends' Meeting House (qv). Courtyard Cottage not included in this list.

Listing NGR: ST8141832412

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 GATE. Date: from 1767 to 1899
Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 WALL. Date: from 1767 to 1899
Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 ARCH. Date: from 1767 to 1899

DesignUID: DWI8008 **Name:** GATEWAY AND WALLS TO COURTYARD COTTAGE

Type and date: C20 GATE. Date: from 1900 to 1999
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Main material: iron

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81418 32412 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

GATEWAY AND WALLS TO COURTYARD COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38944 Building: GATEWAY AND WALLS TO COURTYARD COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320191

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI8014 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1200260	1200260	1306, 6, 68

Name: GEORGIAN HOUSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	SALISBURY STREET	(north side)
6/68	Georgian House	
GV	II	

House and shop. C18 but C19 roof. Coursed and squared painted stone, rubble returns, low-pitched Welsh slate roof, brick stack, right, shared with adjoining property. Two storeys, 2 windows. First floor has two large 12-pane sashes at outer wall face, above a full-width recessed shop front with canted plate glass display sides to central glazed door with overlight. The full width fascia is carried by two slender quatrefoil-section 'Batty Langley' cast iron columns. Interior also retains some cast iron supports. Back has wing with paired 16-pane sashes at first floor, and a further, lower outhouse beyond.

Listing NGR: ST8132632394

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: C18 SHOP. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C19 SHOP. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: C18 OUTBUILDING. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C19 OUTBUILDING. Date: from 1800 to 1899

DesignUID: DWI8014 **Name:** GEORGIAN HOUSE

Main material: stone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: welsh slate
Main material: cast iron

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81326 32394 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Georgian House Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
GEORGIAN HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38946 Building: GEORGIAN HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320197

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI7979 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1199989	1199989	1306, 6, 34

Name: GLEBE COTTAGE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE 6/34 GV II	CHURCH STREET Glebe Cottage	(north side)
------------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------

Cottage in row. Late C18 or early C19. Coursed rubble, pantile roof. Two storeys, 2 windows: 2-light small-pane wood casements, but ground floor right a paired 12-pane sash, all these to wood lintels. Centre is plank door with cantilevered flat timber hood.
Listing NGR: ST8117232327

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1767 to 1832
Main material: rubble
Covering material: pantile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81172 32327 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

DesignUID: DWI7979**Name:** GLEBE COTTAGE**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Glebe Cottage Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

GLEBE COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI38934 Building: GLEBE COTTAGE

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320162**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesignUID:** DWI7975**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1199958

1199958

1306, 6, 30

Name: GLEBE HOUSE**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CHURCH STREET

(north side)

6/30

Glebe House (formerly 6.1.66

listed as House,

Grove

Buildings).

GV

II

House, attached to former School (q.v.). Possibly C17 origins, but mainly late C18 or early C19. Coursed rubble, plain tile roof. An L-plan with main front having door off centre to right, and a lower wing to rear left. Two storeys, 4 windows. At ground floor a large 20-pane and a small 16-pane sash to left of door, then paired 16-pane sashes to right; first floor has four 20-pane sashes. Flush 6-panel door, part-glazed under timber hood. Sashes all with flush boxes, and some straight joints in walling suggest earliest forms of opening. Gable brick stacks. Left return has canted bay with 8:12:8-pane sashes and 8-pane fixed to ground floor; 3-light steel casement above. Wing has 3-light below 2-light leaded early casements; C20 lean-to porch and doors under 2-light half dormer. Beyond is an outbuilding with double Roman tile roof.

Listing NGR: ST8110532298

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Possibly C17 HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1767 to 1832

Type and date: Post 1600 OUTBUILDING. Date: from 1600

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81109 32304 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

DesignUID: DWI7975**Name:** GLEBE HOUSE

Postal Addresses

Glebe House Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

GLEBE HOUSE

Former Statutory

HOUSE, GROVE BUILDINGS

Sources - None recorded

Associated MonumentsMWI38931 Building: GLEBE HOUSE

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320158**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI8003**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1130727

1130727

1306, 6, 57

Name: HATHERLEIGH**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

PETTRIDGE LANE

(east side)

6/57

Hatherleigh

GV

II

House in short street row. Early and mid-C19. Coursed and squared limestone, slate roof, bitumenised. In two sections, low left and higher right with barge-board. Two storeys, 2+2 windows; at ground floor four 12-pane sashes, at first floor two 2-light glazing-bar casements, one set high to eaves, and two 12-pane sashes. All sashes set to outer wall plane and with voussoirs. Good 6-panel fielded door and 2-pane transom light in architrave with flat metal hood on decorative cast iron brackets; the door far left in right-hand unit. Straight joint in masonry between two units. Return gable has 12-pane sash over small light. Two large brick gable stacks. Flat-roofed extension not of special interest. With No 1 (qv) is the limit to pre-C20 development on this edge of the town centre.

Listing NGR: ST8139732301

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early-mid C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1866

Type and date: Post 1866 HOUSE. Date: from 1867

Main material: limestone

Main material: stone

Covering material: slate

Covering material: bitumen

Designating Organisation:

Location**Grid Reference:** ST 81397 32301 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

DesigUID: DWI8003**Name:** HATHERLEIGH

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Hatherleigh Pettridge Lane, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DG

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

HATHERLEIGH

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI36915 Building: HATHERLEIGH

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320186**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI7961**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318651

1318651

1306, 6, 15

Name: HOMESTEAD AND BARBICAN COTTAGE**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CASTLE STREET

(north side)

6/15

No 20/22 Homestead, and

Barbican Cottage.

II

Broad frontage house in street row. C17 or earlier, much modified in C19 and late C20. Exposed rubble in courses, formerly rendered, concrete tile roof, large brick stack, and cropped stone stack at ridge. One of the earliest surviving properties in this street, possibly 3-room cross passage with main stack and stair to left, but last bay to right possibly added. Two storeys, irregular fenestration; ground floor has flush panelled doorfar left, opposite main fireplace, then canted bow shop window in 1:3:1 panes to flat roof, C20 door, two 4-pane sashes, and a large C19 canted shop front with stall-board, fascia to consoles, and glazed door with transome light. First floor has two 2-light small-paned C20 casements, two similar with horizontal bar, and a 4-pane sash over the shop-front. The cropped stack is far left, and lofty brick stack to left of final bay. Interior substantially modified, no original roof except remains of C17 or C18 principals; some evidence for winder stair, front left. Increasingly mutilated remains of a very interesting structure.

Listing NGR: ST8115332395

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C17 or Earlier CROSS PASSAGE HOUSE. Date: from 1550 to 1699

Type and date: C19 SHOP. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: Late C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1967 to 1999

Type and date: Late C20 SHOP. Date: from 1967 to 1999

Main material: rubble

Main material: render

Covering material: tile

Covering material: concrete

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81153 32395 (point)

DesigUID: DWI7961 **Name:** HOMESTEAD AND BARBICAN COTTAGE

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Barbican Cottage Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

HOMESTEAD AND BARBICAN COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35395 Building: HOMESTEAD AND BARBICAN COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320144

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8019 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1300835 1300835 1306, 6, 73

Name: HOUSE ADJOINING EAST OF POTTERS CROFT

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)
6/73 F J Chalke (Talbot Garage)
GV II

the list entry shall be amended to read

ST 8032-8132 SALISBURY STREET (north side)
6/73 House adjoining east of Potters Croft
GV II

House in street row. Late C19. Coursed and squared limestone, ashlar dressings and flush quoins, plain tile roof. Two storeys and attic; ground floor has two 12-pane sashes, and, left of each, a door: left end to flush 4-panel under margin bar transom light, centre is 4-panel fielded under similar transom light. At first floor two canted oriels with lead cappings on stone base with 2 carved brackets, 4:8:4-pane glazing bar casements, flanking central 12-pane sash. Two 2-light hipped dormers, centred over oriels; one has decorative tile cresting. Moulded eaves cornice, large brick stack right. Left return, above adjacent roof, slate hung; right return rendered.

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)
6/73 F J Chalke (Talbot Garage)
GV II

House in street row. Late C19. Coursed and squared limestone, ashlar dressings and flush quoins, plain tile roof. Two storeys and attic; ground floor has two 12-pane sashes, and, left of each, a door: left end to flush 4-panel under margin bar transom light, centre is 4-panel fielded under similar transom light. At first floor two canted oriels with lead cappings on stone base with 2 carved brackets, 4:8:4-pane glazing bar casements, flanking central 12-pane sash. Two 2-light hipped dormers, centred over oriels; one has decorative tile cresting. Moulded eaves cornice, large brick stack right. Left return, above adjacent roof, slate hung; right return rendered - earlier building removed from here, replaced by C20 garage, not of special interest. Although of late date, this is a careful urban design, now making an important stop to this part of the street.
Listing NGR: ST8140032421

DesigUID: DWI8019**Name:** HOUSE ADJOINING EAST OF POTTERS CROFT**Curatorial Notes**

Type and date: Late C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: limestone

Main material: ashlar

Main material: slate

Main material: render

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81400 32421 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

HOUSE ADJOINING EAST OF POTTERS CROFT

Former Statutory

F J CHALKE (TALBOT GARAGE)

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI39599

Building: HOUSE ADJOINING EAST OF POTTERS CROFT

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320202**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI8009**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318643

1318643

1306, 6, 63

Name: JEAN'S TV AND ELECTRICAL SHOP AND HOUSE ADJOINING MERE COTTAGE**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

SALISBURY STREET

(south side)

6/63

Jean's TV and Electrical

Shop and house

adjoining

Mere Cottage

GV

II

Pair of houses with shop, in small detached group. Early C19. Coursed and squared rough dressed limestone, double Roman roof tiles. Modest pair of properties but relatively untouched externally, two storeys, 2+2 windows, all 16-pane sashes set to wall face under flush voussoirs; in left part a double-fronted shop front with central glazed door, framing pilasters centre and ends, with decorative scrolls to simple continuous moulded fascia; the left half retaining 4-pane display window, right half single plate glass. Under window 3 is 4-panel door with horizontal overlight. Brick stack to left gable end; right gable end rendered where former adjoining property removed. Back has various 2-light casements, 4-pane sash and paired sash. This building represents what much of the street must have looked like before multiple C20 changes in many other properties.

DesigUID: DWI8009 **Name:** JEAN'S TV AND ELECTRICAL SHOP AND HOUSE ADJOINING MERE

Listing NGR: ST8147732411

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Type and date: Early C19 SHOP. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Main material: limestone

Main material: render

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81473 32413 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

JEAN'S TV AND ELECTRICAL SHOP AND HOUSE ADJOINING MERE COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39743 Building: JEAN'S TV AND ELECTRICAL SHOP AND HOUSE ADJOINING MERE COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320192

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7990 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130721	1130721	1306, 6, 45

Name: JOHN PHILLIPS MONUMENT CIRCA 10 METRES SOUTH OF THE TOWER IN THE CHURCHYARD OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(south side)
6/45	John Philips monument	c.10 m south of the
tower	in the churchyard of the	Church of St Michael
GV	II	

Chest tomb. Dated 1843. Portland stone. A lofty chest to a flat top with rounded and moulded edge above a frieze; fluted corner pilasters, moulded base, all set to a flush platform. North and south sides have oval slightly raised panel with floral drops, east and west ends with raised panel to indented corners. Panels formerly painted black, some remains but mostly gone from south side. To John Philips and other members of his family, this is a monument still in the late C18 tradition, with sharp, well-cut inscriptions.

Listing NGR: ST8110332234

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

DesigUID: DWI7990 **Name:** JOHN PHILLIPS MONUMENT CIRCA 10 METRES SOUTH OF THE

Type and date: 1843 CHEST TOMB. Date: 1843
Main material: portland stone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81103 32234 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

JOHN PHILLIPS MONUMENT CIRCA 10 METRES SOUTH OF THE TOWER IN THE CHURCHYARD
OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37368 Building: JOHN PHILLIPS MONUMENT CIRCA 10 METRES SOUTH OF THE TOWER IN THE
CHURCHYARD OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320173

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7960 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1199850	1199850	1306, 6, 14

Name: LATIMER HOUSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CASTLE STREET	(north side)
6/14	Latimer House.	
GV	II	

House in street row. Late C18. Limestone ashlar, asbestos cement slate roof. Two storeys and attic, 3 windows, near symmetrical but all set-off to left. All replacement sashes in original openings; 6-panel all-glazed door in moulded architrave and with closed pediment on brackets. Large flat-roofed 6-light dormer behind parapet flanked by lay-lights. Plinth, mid plat-band, cornice and blocking, rusticated quoins, coped gables; two C19 brick gable stacks. A frontage of above average quality for the town.
Listing NGR: ST8115932398

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1767 to 1799
Main material: limestone
Main material: ashlar
Covering material: asbestos
Covering material: tile
Covering material: artificial slate
Covering material: cement

DesigUID: DWI7960 **Name:** LATIMER HOUSE

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81159 32398 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Latimer House Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

LATIMER HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI33970 Building: LATIMER HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320143

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7977 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1283113	1283113	1306, 6, 32

Name: LIBRARY AND MUSEUM

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(north side)
6/32	Library and Museum	
GV	II	

Former National School, now Library and Museum. Dated 1839, enlarged 1892 Squared and coursed limestone rubble, slate roof. A single large space under a wide-span roof, enlarged by the addition of a classroom at the rear (north) in 1864; facilities were extended at the end of the Cl9 by providing the Grove Building (q.v.) on the other side of Barton Lane. There is a further flat-roofed extension of the C20. Front to street is 5 windows; 4 of these are large 4-light plain stone chamfer mullion to cusped heads and with stopped hoods, but centrally is a smaller 3-light above an oval panel in a keyed rectangular surround, inscribed in good cursive lettering: 'National School/Built 1839/ Enlarged/1892'. Return gable left has two 4-light as main front; the back has 4 high level windows similar to those on Church Street. Plinth to front returns left and dies into pavement. Deep eaves, coped gables, small brick gable stacks. Back wing has a 2-light casement with transome in the gable end, and a 2-light on return. Stone stack with brick shaft. Interior: windows have elliptical-rere-arches. Original roof trusses, but only the ties now visible (July 1986). A contemporary comment records that at the opening in 1839 '....between 3 and 400 (children) present were regaled with tea and cake'. An earlier school (q.v. The Chantry) was run for a while by William Barnes, the Dorset dialect poet
Listing NGR: ST8114732328

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1839 NATIONAL SCHOOL. Date: 1839
Type and date: 1864 NATIONAL SCHOOL. Date: 1864
Type and date: 1892 NATIONAL SCHOOL. Date: 1892

DesigUID: DWI7977 **Name:** LIBRARY AND MUSEUM

Type and date: 1892 DATE STONE. Date: 1892
Type and date: C20 NATIONAL SCHOOL. Date: from 1900 to 1999
Type and date: NOW LIBRARY.
Type and date: NOW MUSEUM.
Main material: limestone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81152 32323 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
LIBRARY AND MUSEUM

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39423 Building: LIBRARY AND MUSEUM

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320160

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7964 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1199898	1199898	1306, 6, 18

Name: MANDERLEY

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CASTLE STREET	(north side)
6/18	Manderley	
GV	II	

House in street row. C18 but later fenestration. Rendered and scribed, plain tile roof. Two storeys, 2 windows, 4-paned horned sashes, but ground floor right is former display window as square flat-roofed bay in 1:3:1 lights to stall riser; deep-set 4-panel door, centre. Large brick stack to left. Included for group value.

Listing NGR: ST8111532388

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Main material: render
Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

DesigUID: DWI7964 **Name:** MANDERLEY

Grid Reference: ST 81115 32388 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Manderley Cottage Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

MANDERLEY

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI33972 Building: MANDERLEY

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320147

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7985 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130756 1130756 1306, 6, 39

Name: MEMORIAL CROSS TO JULIA ELIZABETH CHAFYN GROVE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET (south side)
6/39 Memorial Cross to Julia Elizabeth Chafyn-
Grove
GV II

Monument in form of churchyard cross. Erected 1904 in memory of Julia Elizabeth Chafyn-Grove who died 1891. Limestone base, sandstone shaft and calvary. A square base in 3 steps carrying a tall square plinth with shouldered cornices; main tapered octagonal shaft broached to square base and carrying a good carved calvary to reverse curve pointed aedicules. Plinth carries inscription on east face. This is a well proportioned and executed version of a mediaeval church cross used as a monument.

Listing NGR: ST8111532288

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

Type and date: 1904 CROSS. Date: 1904

Type and date: 1904 COMMEMORATIVE MONUMENT. Date: 1904

Main material: limestone

Main material: sandstone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81115 32288 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

DesigUID: DWI7985 **Name:** MEMORIAL CROSS TO JULIA ELIZABETH CHAFYN GROVE

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

MEMORIAL CROSS TO JULIA ELIZABETH CHAFYN GROVE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37382 Building: MEMORIAL CROSS TO JULIA ELIZABETH CHAFYN GROVE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320168

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8010 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1200246 1200246 1306, 6, 64

Name: MERE COTTAGE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (south side)

6/64 Mere Cottage

GV II

Small house at end of former terrace. Early C19 or possibly late C18. Coursed rubble, large irregular flush quoins to left; plain tile roof. Two storeys, one window, 12-pane sashes with flush voussoirs to left of late C20 door with built-in 'fanlight' to original voussoirs. Brick stack to left. Lean-to left had broad plank doors under triangular glazed area. A very modest property, but apart from door, unaltered externally and representative, with the shop and house adjoining to its right (qv), of typical street architecture of its era.

Listing NGR: ST8147732411

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: possibly Late C18 or Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1767 to 1832

Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81487 32412 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Mere Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HB

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

MERE COTTAGE

DesigUID: DWI8010 **Name:** MERE COTTAGE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38945 Building: MERE COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320193

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value:

Upload Date: 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI16846 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1452025 1452025

Name: Mere War Memorial

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 29/01/2018 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

First World War memorial, 1921, with Second World War additions.

DESCRIPTION: this memorial is located in The Square at the centre of the town. It is in close proximity to various Grade II listed buildings including the Clock Tower to the west. The memorial takes the form of a stone Latin cross with elaborately carved square capped arms; sculpted points project at an angle from the centre of the cross between the cross arms. The cross-head is above a moulded collar atop a tapering octagonal shaft with chamfered stops and a square foot. This rises from a chamfered square plinth, which is also curved to the top corners. The plinth surmounts a four-stepped octagonal base.

INSCRIPTION: the inscriptions and names are on plaques of white-coloured stone in leaded lettering. The main inscription is on a plaque affixed to the east face of the plinth and reads, 1914 – 1919/ THEIR NAME/ LIVETH FOR/ EVERMORE. The names of 48 parishioners who died in the First World War are on plaques affixed to the three other faces of the plinth. An additional inscription is to a stone plaque affixed to the east face of the uppermost step of the base and reads, 1939 – 1945. The names of the 12 parishioners who died during the Second World War are recorded on plaques to the south-east and north-east faces of the uppermost step of the base.

SUBSIDIARY FEATURES: the memorial is enclosed by eight modern metal posts* with a chain* hung between each one.

* Pursuant to s1 (5A) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 ('the Act'), it is declared that these aforementioned features are not of special architectural or historic interest.

Curatorial Notes

First World War memorial, unveiled 1921, with Second World War additions.

Designating Organisation: Department of Culture, Media and Sport

Location

Grid Reference: ST 8125 3236 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

The Square, Mere, Wiltshire

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

Mere War Memorial

Sources - None recorded

DesigUID: DWI16846**Name:** Mere War Memorial**Associated Monuments**

MWI76015 Building: Mere War Memorial

Additional Information**LBSUID:****List Locality:****List Parish:****List District:****List County:****Group Value:****Upload Date:****DesigUID:** DWI8001**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318641

1318641

1306, 6, 55

Name: METHODIST CHURCH**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE NORTH STREET

(north side)

6/55 Methodist Church

II

Methodist Church. 1846, schoolroom 1874, interior modifications late C19. Rock-faced coursed and squared limestone, Welsh slate roof; schoolroom plain tile roof. Plain square chapel with gabled front to raised coping; schoolroom at lower level added at north end. Front is two storeys, 3 windows; ground floor has two small arched lights flanking central pair of plank doors under fanlight; first floor has 3 lofty arched lights, all windows with central bar, horizontal, and margin bars in concentric flush voussoirs and single set-back. Door is in recessed 'orders' with impost block. Over centre top window a small panel 'Methodist Church 1846'. Slight offset plinth, mid string, coped gable with frieze band; at two-front corners clasp buttresses with two offsets. Sides have two lofty arched lights similar to front. Schoolroom has central arched door flanked by arched lights, and in north gable end a large Venetian window, all these with leading. Interior: has panelled gallery on two very slender cast-iron columns, pitch-pine pews, elaborate central reading desk, pulpit left, organ right. A simple but unaltered chapel. Listing NGR: ST8136632498

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1846 METHODIST CHAPEL. Date: 1846

Type and date: 1874 SCHOOLROOM. Date: 1874

Type and date: Late C19 METHODIST CHAPEL. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Type and date: Late C19 SCHOOLROOM. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: limestone

Covering material: welsh slate

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81366 32498 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses - None recorded**Listed Building Addresses**

Statutory

METHODIST CHURCH

Sources - None recorded

DesigUID: DWI8001 **Name:** METHODIST CHURCH

Associated Monuments

MWI39741 Building: METHODIST CHURCH

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320184

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7959 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130748 1130748 1306, 6, 13

Name: OLD SHIP HOTEL

Grade: II* **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CASTLE STREET (north side)
6/13 Old Ship Hotel (formerly 6.1.65 listed as The Ship
Inn, Free House)
GV II*

House, now hotel. 1711 by Henry Andrews of Woodlands (q.v.), replacing earlier house of C17; some later refenestration and extension. Coursed squared limestone, flush ashlar quoins and dressings; back mainly in rubble, some rendering. roof stone slate to front slope, mainly plain tile to back but with 5 courses stone slate at eaves; wing has concrete double roman tiles. A handsome wide frontage at street line with wide central carriage way; to right the principal rooms and main staircase, and deep wing projecting back from this side. Two storeys and attics, 7 bay symmetrical front; at ground floor are three 24-pane, sashes, then, right of throughway a 24-pane sash, an 8-pane above a disused door with 25-pane top glazed part and a C20 horizontal 15-light. First floor has 7 two-light stone cyma mullioned casements with transome and small-scale leading; numbers 3-6 seem to be careful replacements of originals; there are 5 roof-lights in the plane of the roof. Centrally is a wide through-way with chamfered arch to impostes and pilasters beneath a cyma-moulded string the full width of the front, above the sashes and raised over the arch; chamfered plinth dies to rise in pavement left; two-course stepped stone eaves cornice; two large brick stacks to hipped roof. Back has varied fenestration, including one wood cross-window with some leading. Inside the throughway, left and right are 6-panel doors in eaves moulded architraves and to broken segmental pediments with central base formerly supporting finials. A further panelled door on right side, and a 2-light Yorkshire sash and 3-light glazing bar casements. Interior has in right half, grand dog-leg stair through 2 floors, with heavy handrail, square newels and turned balusters. Ground floor front, right has a fireplace with heavy bolection mould surround and under Jacobean panelling; behind this, in bar, an early C18 bolection mould fire surround under heavy Jacobean overmantel to C20 mantel shelf; central painting of Charles II Some upper rooms with enriched plaster cornices. The external wrought iron sign probably by Kingston Avery in mid C18 is large and of great elaboration. Formerly on main London to West Country route (old A303) now by-passed. Listing NGR: ST8121932404

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C17 HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: 1711 HOUSE. Date: 1711

Type and date: Post 1711 HOUSE. Date: from 1712

Type and date: now HOTEL.

Main material: limestone

Main material: ashlar

Main material: rubble

Main material: render

Covering material: stone

Covering material: tile

Covering material: concrete

Designating Organisation:

DesigUID: DWI7959 **Name:** OLD SHIP HOTEL

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81219 32404 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

OLD SHIP HOTEL

Former Statutory

THE SHIP INN, FREE HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37374 Building: OLD SHIP HOTEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320142

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8017 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**
1200274 1200274 1306, 6, 71

Name: PICKWICKS

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)
6/71 Pickwicks
GV II

House at end of street row. Early C19. Coursed squared rubble, pantile roof. Two storeys, 2 windows, symmetrical front with at ground floor two good 28-pane based shop display windows to lead flats and over stone stall risers, flanking C20 part-glazed door; first floor has two 16-pane sashes set to front wall plane, wood lintels; blocked centre opening, former window. Two brick gable stacks. Gable return to Pennybank Lane; beyond this a deep wing, not of special interest. This was formerly a bakery and grocer's shop. The fine bow windows do not retain original glass. Probably built as a pair with Potters Croft (q.v.).

Listing NGR: ST8137732415

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Type and date: Early C19 BAKERY. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Type and date: Early C19 GROCERS SHOP. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Main material: rubble

Covering material: pantile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81377 32415 (point)

DesigUID: DWI8017 **Name:** PICKWICKS

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Pickwicks Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

PICKWICKS

Alternative

PICKWICKS

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38896 Building: PICKWICKS

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320200

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8018 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1318645 1318645 1306, 6, 72

Name: POTTERS CROFT

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE SALISBURY STREET (north side)

6/72 Potters Croft

GV II

House at end of street row. Early C19. Thin-bedded coursed and squared lime- stone, rubble gable return; Welsh slate roof. Two storeys, 2 windows, symmet- rical front, all 16-pane sashes set to front wall plane, at ground floor with flush voussoirs, and later wood shutters, lay-light centre of roof. Central 4-panel modified C19 stable door in decorative pilasters under flat timber hood to moulded edge. Brick stack to right. Probably built as a pair with Pickwicks (q.v.), flanking Pennybank Lane; unaltered externally at front.

Listing NGR: ST8138432420

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Covering material: welsh slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81384 32420 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

DesigUID: DWI8018**Name:** POTTERS CROFT**Postal Addresses**

Potters Croft Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

POTTERS CROFT

Alternative

POTTERS CROFT

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI39745 Building: POTTERS CROFT

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320201**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI8028**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318647

1318647

1306, 6, 82

Name: R AND M COCHRAN AND HOUSE ADJOINING TO RIGHT**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

THE SQUARE

(south side)

6/82

R & M Cochran and house

adjoining to right

GV

II

Two houses and shop in row. C18. Coursed and square limestone, plain tile roof. Long narrow frontage and two deep back wings. Two storeys, 4+2 windows. At ground floor a broad double-fronted shop front of mid C19 with slender cast iron colonnettes to 4 vertical lights and return, each side of central recessed glazed door and all to flat canopy over frieze and cornice; small stone stall-board. Heads of lights very flat arches formed in cast iron; to the right a former door, now a glazed opening. Right half has a broad door with 2 fielded horizontal panels under a built-in 4-centred glazed head, with flat hood on moulded consoles, moulded architrave. 16-pane sash set in wider opening to wood lintel with beaded edge far right. First floor has four 16-pane and 2 margin-pane sashes. Hipped dormer, extreme left with 15-pane sash and extreme right 2-light casement. Large square brick stack to right gable; this gable rendered. To far left is a blocked opening originally a through-way. A particularly good shop-front, and reasonable survival of the whole facade. Interior not inspected.

Listing NGR: ST8127832354

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Type and date: Mid C19 SHOP. Date: from 1833 to 1866

Type and date: C18 GATE. Date: from 1700 to 1799

Main material: limestone

Main material: iron

Main material: render

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81278 32354 (point)

DesigUID: DWI8028 **Name:** R AND M COCHRAN AND HOUSE ADJOINING TO RIGHT

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Welcome House The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

R AND M COCHRAN AND HOUSE ADJOINING TO RIGHT

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35391 Building: R AND M COCHRAN AND HOUSE ADJOINING TO RIGHT

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320211

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8026 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130734 1130734 1306, 6, 80

Name: R AND M WHITE AND WELCOME HOUSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE THE SQUARE (north side)
6/80 Nos 6 and 7 (R and M White) and Welcome
House
GV II

Houses and commercial premises on street frontage. Late C19. Good coursed and squared limestone to alternating rusticated quoins, plinth, and cill bands, Welsh slate roof. A late Victorian structure on a larger scale than earlier buildings in the town centre, with long projecting back wings. Street front is 3 storeys, 3+2 windows. Ground floor has a 2-light plate glass display window with slender central shaft and a moulded head now modified, double-panelled door to overlight with ringed shafts to high plinths carrying deep consoles to a flat-stone hood with moulded edge. Overlight has basket-handle arch. To right, near centre of building, a 2-storey canted bay with plate glass windows; then a plate glass sash in moulded surround and basket-handle head. Far right a door with 3 over 3 panels under overlight, and in richly modulated surround with hood, all as other doors. First floor has 4-pane sashes, and central canted bay; second floor has five small 4-pane sashes; all these in moulded surrounds, basket-handle heads; and to wide stone cills on brackets. Deep brick stack, left; cropped rendered stack to left of Halfway House. Eaves cornice, plain second floor string, moulded first floor string, small plinth. Back has various glazing bar sashes, and a round-arched doorway, and is probably older than the street front; wing to right is six bays. Main roofs have coped gables. A vigorous scheme, over-scaled for its prominent location.

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Type and date: Late C19 COMMERCIAL OFFICE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Type and date: Late C19 SHOP. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: limestone

Covering material: welsh slate

Designating Organisation:

DesigUID: DWI8026 **Name:** R AND M WHITE AND WELCOME HOUSE

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81282 32379 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Welcome House The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

R AND M WHITE AND WELCOME HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI36922 Building: R AND M WHITE AND WELCOME HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320209

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7976 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130753	1130753	1306, 6, 31

Name: SCHOOL THE GROVE BUILDING

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(North)
6/31	School: The Grove	Building
GV	II	

School. Dated 1899. Squared and coursed limestone with hard red brick dressings, plain tile roof. An L-plan building returning to Barton Lane. Facing church the front is one storey with attic at left end, three flemish gables, that to left wider and with semi-circular termination; 1+5 windows. Left has large oculus with glazing bars in gable above a recessed door with some glazing, and two small 2-light casements all in a brick panel and with segmental heads. A brick buttress in one offset, then alternately 2-light casements with transome and lofty 2-light casements with 2 transomes to segmental heads in face gables; all with glazing bars to small square panes. A further brick buttress extreme right. Brick or Terra-cotta dressings including cill band and decorative tops to gables. Broad sweep of roof, panelled brick stack far left. Return, to Barton Lane has high gable to pointed crown, with 2 large 2-light, 2-transome windows as front; then long wing with panelled door and fanlight in arched opening, 3-small vertical casement and a 2-light with transome. Then a wing with two gables with concave swept cappings, windows at front and a large stack flush with the eaves. A lead covered pyramidal ventilator near junction with front block. Interior seems much as built, including a glazed brick dado; roof-trusses now ceiled at tie level. A vigorous and assured building, very characteristic of the turn of the century; built at the expense of Miss Julia Chafyn Grove at a cost of £2,400+ the left-hand gable in Barton Lane, includes a square panel with inscription 'The Grove Buildings; 1899'. Replaced or augmented the adjacent National School (q.v.). Listing NGR: ST8113032317

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1899 SCHOOL. Date: 1899

Main material: limestone

DesignUID: DWI7976 **Name:** SCHOOL THE GROVE BUILDING

Main material: brick
Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81126 32313 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

SCHOOL THE GROVE BUILDING

Alternative

SCHOOL THE GROVE BUILDING

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37379 Building: SCHOOL THE GROVE BUILDING

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320159

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI8024 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1318646	1318646	1306, 6, 78

Name: SPA SHOP AND WALTONS OF MERE (WALTON BUILDING)

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	THE SQUARE	(north side)
6/78	Spa Shop and Waltons of	Mere (Walton Building)
GV	II	

Commercial building, on corner of Manor Road. Late C19. Painted rendering, bitumenised Welsh slate roof. A vigorous commercial design with high townscape value and well considered corner. Front to the square is in two storeys articulated with pilasters at ground floor and attached columns in Corinthianesque to upper floor, blocking course and parapet, all returned into Manor Road. Ground floor has 3-light plate glass windows with slender cast-iron colonnettes to basket-handle heads, flanking deep recessed glazed double doors to overlight; four pilasters carrying frieze concealed by C20 fascias. Far right further pair glazed doors and overlight. Upper floor has two 3-light arched plate glass windows with dividing colonnettes to cill on heavy brackets, arches with projecting keystones, central blank panel with sunk surround; 4 columns carry moulded dentilled cornice, projecting at column capitals. Return, left, similar detail, with 2-light and 1-light shop window with 3 pilasters and moulded plinth. Under 1+1+2-light arched openings with column articulation as front. Coped gable to left. Quadrant corner has lofty sunk panel to shouldered arched head and foot at lower level. In Manor Road, stretching to left, simpler wing with plain tile, in two units; first part with blocked shop window under two 3-light casements in moulded jambs and cornice; further left at first floor two 3-light as first section. Both parts have

DesignUID: DWI8024**Name:** SPA SHOP AND WALTONS OF MERE (WALTON BUILDING)

broad plain bands corresponding to column podia in main section. Interior much modified, but includes lofty quatre-lobed iron 'Batley Langley' gothic column. A coherent and positive statement little altered externally.
Listing NGR: ST8124532389

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C19 COMMERCIAL COLLEGE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Type and date: Late C19 SHOP. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: render

Main material: tile

Main material: iron

Covering material: welsh slate

Covering material: bitumen

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81245 32389 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Welcome House The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

SPA SHOP AND WALTONS OF MERE (WALTON BUILDING)

Alternative

SPA SHOP AND WALTONS OF MERE (WALTON BUILDING)

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI35390 Building: SPA SHOP AND WALTONS OF MERE (WALTON BUILDING)

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320207**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesignUID:** DWI7981**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1200002

1200002

1306, 6, 36

Name: ST ANN'S**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CHURCH STREET

(west side) 6/36

6.1.66

St Ann's

GV II

Detached house on street corner (to Church Lane). Possibly C17 origin, but detail mainly later C19. Small coursed limestone rubble, flush Chilmark stone quoins, some brick dressings to Church Lane frontage, plain tile roof. A parallel block structure, the front block facing church, hipped at right end, and with masonry of different build in first two bays from third; two storeys, 2 + 1 windows, all 6-pane margin-bar sashes. C19 fielded 6-panel

DesignUID: DWI7981**Name:** ST ANN'S

door, 2 glazed, under flat canopy to brackets set between windows 2 and 3, possibly to an original cross passage. Two brick stacks to left gable, and to left of doorway. To Church Lane 2 hipped ends, valley runs back centrally, 4 window to segmental heads. Late C19 back wing has various segmental-headed windows and a bay window. Left return is plain. Interior not inspected.

Listing NGR: ST8106332269

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Possibly C17 DETACHED HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: Possibly C17 CROSS WING HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: Late C19 DETACHED HOUSE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Main material: portland stone

Main material: brick

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81066 32272 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

St. Anns Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

ST ANN'S

Sources - None recorded**Associated Monuments**

MWI38936 Building: ST ANN'S

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320164**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesignUID:** DWI7974**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1318654

1318654

1306, 6, 29

Name: ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE AND STOWER COTTAGE AND TOWER VIEWW AND UNNAMED COTTAGE**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

MERE CHURCH STREET (north side)

6/29 Tower View, St Michael's

Cottage and

Stower Cottage

GV II

The address and description shall be amended to read:-

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET

(north side)

6/29 Tower View, St Michael's

Cottage, Stower

DesignUID: DWI7974

Name: ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE AND STOWER COTTAGE AND TOWER

Cottage and Unnamed Cottage

Delete "now three" in the first sentence of the description.

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CHURCH STREET

(north side)

6/29

Tower View, St Michael's 6.1.66

Cottage and

Stower

Cottage

GV

II

Four cottages in a row, now three. Early C19. Coursed and squared stone, large flush quoins far right, slate roof, brick stacks. Two storeys, 1+2+2 windows. Far left are 16-pane sash in what appears to have been an added bay, under hipped end; all others are 2-light small-pane glazing bar casements to flush voussoirs. Doors: between bays 1 and 2, plank; between bays 3 and 4, two doors, one a C20 with built-in 'fanlight', the other, plank; extreme right, C20 part glazed two large square brick ridge stacks. These modest cottages, important to maintenance of the character of the surround to the church, have a stone plinth of 2 courses, and probably replace an earlier building.

Listing NGR: ST8108632288

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1832

Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Main material: stone

Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81089 32290 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW

Area (Ha): 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE

Statutory

STOWER COTTAGE

Statutory

TOWER VIEWWW

Statutory

UNNAMED COTTAGE

Former Statutory

ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE

Former Statutory

STOWER COTTAGE

Former Statutory

TOWER VIEW

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35398

Building: ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE

STOWER COTTAGE

TOWER VIEWWW

UNNAMED COTTAGE

Additional Information

LBSUID:

320157

DesigUID: DWI7974**Name:** ST MICHAEL'S COTTAGE AND STOWER COTTAGE AND TOWER**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:****Upload Date:** 15/06/2011**DesigUID:** DWI8023**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1200327

1200327

1306, 6, 77

Name: TALBOT HOTEL**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

THE SQUARE

(west side)

6/77

Talbot Hotel

GV

II

Inn. Probably C16 or C17 origins, but substantially modified in C19 and C20. Front block rendered on rubble, and applied timber framing, back limestone rubble; plain tile roofs. A complex layout, the earliest block, facing the clock tower (q.v.) being L-plan, with short wing to right end; to this in later C19 a further extension to left; between two back extensions a third projection, probably service accommodation originally, further extended with wing containing 5 prominent dormer windows: this last unit not of special interest. Front is 2 storeys, ground floor has 4 square C20 casements with some leading, first floor six 2-light early C19 casements. Part-glazed door between bays 1 and 2, and plank door centrally, probably to an original cross passage. Two brick gable stacks and one similar ridge stack off centre left. Upper storey is applied timber framing, as on return gable left, which has a 2-light casement over C20 part-glazed door. Right return has plain gable with niche and two low deep buttresses, then half-hipped wing in 2 storeys and attic with various lights: a small flat-roofed projection added with canopy taken over rear entrance door. Adjoining wing has two C19 2-light casements at first floor and a brick stack. Beyond left gable of front block a late C19 house, now incorporated, rendered, 2 storeys, 2 windows, 4-pane sashes, left over C20 door, and right in canted bay to hipped roof. The interior ground floor completely modified in C20; the main entrance door a good wide plank one. Building, although heavily modified, maintains its overall form, and holds a vital townscape position.

Listing NGR: ST8122532364

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Probably C16 or C17 INN. Date: from 1500 to 1699

Type and date: C19 INN. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 INN. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: C19 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: Late C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1867 to 1899

Main material: render

Main material: rubble

Main material: timber

Main material: limestone

Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:**Location****Grid Reference:** ST 81225 32364 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DR

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

DesignUID: DWI8023 **Name:** TALBOT HOTEL

TALBOT HOTEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38897 Building: TALBOT HOTEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320206

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI7963 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130749	1130749	1306, 6, 17

Name: THE BUTT OF SHERRY

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8135 MERE CASTLE STREET (north side)
6/17 The Butt of Sherry
GV II

Inn. Late C18. Coursed limestone rubble, plain tile mansard roof. Two storeys and attic, 2 windows. At ground floor a tripartite 4:12:4 sash and a display window in 4 lights to a shallow bow with pilasters and frieze with dentil cornice; the lights with Gothick heads. First floor has two tripartite sashes at ground floor, and all these to flat cambered voussoirs. Central 2-light hipped dormer; central 6-panel part-glazed door to cambered head. The shop bow has a series of upright orthostates as stall-board, and there is a flushgreenesond plat-band at first floor level, below the applied name board. Gables rendered, brick stack to right. Interior much modified. Small courtyard to back and deep wing.

Listing NGR: ST8112632389

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C18 INN. Date: from 1767 to 1799

Main material: limestone

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Main material: render

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81126 32389 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THE BUTT OF SHERRY

Sources - None recorded

DesigUID: DWI7963 **Name:** THE BUTT OF SHERRY

Associated Monuments

MWI37375 Building: THE BUTT OF SHERRY

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320146

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7994 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130724 1130724 1306, 6, 50

Name: THE CHANTRY

Grade: II* **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET (east side)
6/50 The Chantry (formerly 6.1.66 listed as The
Chantry House)
GV II*

Originally house for chantry priests, now private house. Mid C15, modified with insertion of floors c.1560 and later, restored mid C20; owned by Sir John Thynne after suppression of charities, then Thomas Chafyn after 1563. Main front is good coursed and square limestone with large flush quoins, rubble elsewhere; plain tile roof, 3 brick stacks. Long rectangular block, open hall and parlour to left, west end, service range to right; the service range extensive, possibly had priests' rooms to upper floor in original build. Cross passage with screens; large external stack to right on south front and on north front, facing churchyard. Hall now opened up, after having been floored in C17 and after, some C18 sash windows now replaced by late medieval forms. South front in 2 storeys with varied fenestration; left end, replacing sashes shown in 1830 watercolour, a cusped light with hood above door in basket-arch and 3 scattered single lights; then two 2-light pointed lofty leaded casements with stopped hoods, to hall, with small single light, right, above pair of doors with Y- tracery heads in moulded basket arch opening. Immediately left of large projecting stepped stack a smaller 2-light pointed above a single light. Right of stack are two 2-light casements above plank door in basket arch flanked by single lights, and a single light at mid-height, far right. Left gable return has pointed light in hollow chamfer, low, right, under a 4-central hollow-mould and a small rectangular light to attic. North front has windows in 2:2:1 group; at ground floor a 2-light chamfer mullion casement and 2 small square chamfered lights; then a slightly projecting former stack, taken only to eaves; to right of this a 2-light C15 casement, above which is a blocked 2-light opening not visible externally; moulded 4-centre screens passage doorway; large external gabled stack, a blocked opening and a 2-light hollow chamfer casement. At first floor are four 2-light wood casements to voussoirs and, far right, a 3-light at the eaves. Continuous offset plinth, chamfered eaves cornice to south. Interior: roughly central through passage emerges opposite south porch of church, stone screen right with two 4-centred moulded openings and larger glazed opening. Hall, to left, has 3 bays 2-purlin arch-braced roof with cusped wind-bracing in 3 ranges; at either end the trusses have king post to collar and curved braces, as elsewhere in roof structure. large flat 4-centred stone fire surround; also above this to right, a good C16 moulded fire surround, denoting former inserted floor level, with to the left, a large blocked opening, possibly a 3-light casement. Parlour end has C17 panelling and door to small stair giving to 2 bays of wind-braced roof, except one half of one bay; to east end timbers are smoke blackened. There are many good 2 or 4-panel fielded doors. Kitchen has small fireplace to north, and a small 4-centred door giving to end room. There is a C20 open-fronted extension, left, not of special interest, connecting to the gateway range, Chantry Cottage (qv). For a short time from 1827 The Chantry was occupied by William Barnes, the poet, who ran his school here. (- Mere: A Wiltshire Country Town: 1975).
Listing NGR: ST8112932217

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Mid C15 OPEN HALL HOUSE. Date: from 1433 to 1466
Type and date: Mid C15 CROSS PASSAGE HOUSE. Date: from 1433 to 1466
Type and date: Mid C15 CHANTRY COLLEGE. Date: from 1433 to 1466
Type and date: Circa 1560 CHANTRY COLLEGE. Date: from 1540 to 1580

DesigUID: DWI7994 **Name:** THE CHANTRY

Type and date: Circa 1560 CROSS PASSAGE HOUSE. Date: from 1540 to 1580
Type and date: C17 CHANTRY COLLEGE. Date: from 1600 to 1699
Type and date: Mid C20 CHANTRY COLLEGE. Date: from 1933 to 1966
Type and date: Mid C15 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1433 to 1466
Type and date: Circa 1560 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1540 to 1580
Type and date: C17 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1600 to 1699
Type and date: Mid C20 SERVICE WING. Date: from 1933 to 1966
Type and date: NOW HOUSE.
Type and date: SCHOOL.
Main material: limestone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81129 32217 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THE CHANTRY

Former Statutory

THE CHANTRY HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI36912 Building: THE CHANTRY

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320177

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7972 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130752	1130752	1306, 6, 27

Name: THE CLOSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH LANE	(north side)
6/27	The Close	
6.1.66		
GV	II	

House at end of row. Originally C18, but much modified in C19 and C20. Coursed and squared rough-dressed limestone; left end has large flush irregular quoin stones in Chilmark stone, plain tile roof. Two storeys and attic 3-windows; ground floor has 4-pane sashes to wood lintels flanking C19 part glazed door under flat timber hood. At

DesigUID: DWI7972 **Name:** THE CLOSE

first floor are three 2-light small-paned wood casements, to wood lintels; small single light in right gable to attic; opening to cellar, right. Small light to left gable. Small brick gable stacks. Deep back wing is not of special interest. Included primarily for group value in enclosing the space to the north of the church.
Listing NGR: ST8107232286

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999
Main material: limestone
Main material: portland stone
Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81076 32285 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses - None recorded

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
THE CLOSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37378 Building: THE CLOSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320155

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8025 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1300814 1300814 1306, 6, 79

Name: THE FRUIT SHOP

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	THE SQUARE	(north side)
6/79	Nos 1, 2 and 3 (The Fruit	Shop)
6.1.66	(formerly listed as Post	Office)
GV	II	

House or Inn at street frontage, now commercial premises. Early to mid C18. Large squared coursed limestone block, plain tile roof. A bold symmetrical front with through-way in further bay to left; deep wing back, right. Main front is 2 storeys and attic, 4 windows. Ground floor has central Palladian opening with glazed door flanked by 6-pane side lights; opening has 4 Doric pilasters to small entablature and central moulded arch to key stone. This flanked by 2-storey canted 1:2:1-light flat-roofed bay windows with plate glass, flush stone mullions. Far left is elliptical arched through-way with flat pilasters to imposts and bases. First floor has central near-square 4-pane sash in moulded architrave, flanked by the canted bays with glazing bar sashes, all to a weathered string course

DesigUID: DWI8025**Name:** THE FRUIT SHOP

running the full width of the building. Four C20 flat-roofed 2-light dormers. Brick stack to right. Wing at back, Nos 2 and 3, various 2-light casements and a flat-roofed dormer. In the opening to the left of the frontage, a good pair of iron gates with spear head to main and to dog bars.

Listing NGR: ST8126832378

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Early to Mid C18 HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1766

Type and date: Early to Mid C18 INN. Date: from 1700 to 1766

Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: C20 INN. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: NOW COMMERCIAL OFFICE.

Type and date: NOW SHOP.

Type and date: Early to Mid C18 GATE. Date: from 1700 to 1766

Main material: limestone

Covering material: tile

Main material: iron

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81268 32378 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

1 The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

1 The Square, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DL

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THE FRUIT SHOP

Former Statutory

POST OFFICE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39596 Building: THE FRUIT SHOP

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320208

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8016**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1130731

1130731

1306, 6, 70

Name: THE HOUSE IN SALISBURY STREET**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**ST 8032-8132 MERE
6/70SALISBURY STREET
The House in Salisbury(north side)
Street

DesigUID: DWI7978 **Name:** THE LITTLE HOUSE

Type and date: C18 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1700 to 1799
Type and date: mid C19 ROW HOUSE. Date: from 1833 to 1866
Main material: rubble

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81165 32325 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Little House Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THE LITTLE HOUSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35399 Building: THE LITTLE HOUSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320161

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7955 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130746	1130746	1306, 6, 9

Name: THE MANSE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 18/02/1988 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	BOAR STREET	(north side)
6/9	The Manse	
18.2.88		
GV	II	

House, at street corner. Late C18 or early C19. Scribed cement rendering to front and left gable, limestone rubble back and right gable, Welsh slate roof. Long narrow plan, backed on to Balcony Cottage in The Square (q.v.). Two storeys and attic, 4 windows, all 12-pane sash with moulded architraves, but ground floor left is without window; between windows 2 and 4 a 6-panel part-glazed door under a flat stone hood with moulded edge, on curved consoles. Left gable has 9 over 12 over 16-pane sashes and a C19 panelled door, left; right return a small casement to attic, 16-pane casement to outshot, a 3-light casement low right and a pair of C20 French doors. Coped gables with late C20 brick stacks and late C19 terminals. The Manse seems formerly to have incorporated part of what is now Balcony Cottage. Interior not inspected.
Listing NGR: ST8134032359

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1767 to 1832
Type and date: Late C18 or Early C19 MANSE. Date: from 1767 to 1832
Main material: cement
Main material: render

DesigUID: DWI7955 **Name:** THE MANSE

Main material: limestone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: welsh slate

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81340 32359 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

The Manse Boar Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DD

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory
THE MANSE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37372 Building: THE MANSE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320138

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7980 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1130754	1130754	1306, 6, 35

Name: THE OLD RECTORY

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 06/01/1966 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(west side) 6/35
6.1.66	The Old Rectory (formerly	listed as House
opposite	West End of Church)	
GV II		

Large detached house; 1774 and C19. Coursed limestone rubble, fish-scale roof tiling. In two stages of building forming an L-plan with further one and two-storey extensions to the north. Towards church is 2 storeys and attic, 3+1 windows, mainly 4-pane sash, but a 2-light glazing bar casement at first floor, and ground floor, right is a 2-light leaded opening brought to pavement level. Right returns, to north, has 4 small 2-light casements with leading, to wood lintels, below a large tripartite 4:12:4-pane sash plus 3-light leaded casement; 2 hipped 2-light dormers. Entrance door within the 'L'. To right a one storey later wing. Hipped return. Three brick ridge stacks. Two storey extensions to north west not of special interest.

Listing NGR: ST8106032221

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1774 VICARAGE. Date: 1774
Type and date: 1774 HOUSE. Date: 1774
Type and date: C19 VICARAGE. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899
Type and date: Post 1899 VICARAGE. Date: from 1900

DesignUID: DWI7980 **Name:** THE OLD RECTORY

Type and date: Post 1899 HOUSE. Date: from 1900
Main material: limestone
Main material: rubble
Covering material: tile

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81064 32221 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

The Old Rectory Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THE OLD RECTORY

Former Statutory

HOUSE OPPOSITE WEST END OF CHURCH

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37380 Building: THE OLD RECTORY

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320163

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesignUID: DWI7988 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1200086	1200086	1306, 6, 43

Name: THREE UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENTS CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF NORTH AISLE OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(south side)
6/43	Three unidentified	monuments c.3
metres	north of north aisle of	Church of St Michael
GV	II	

Three coffin tombs. Probably C17. Limestone. Three memorials set parallel and touching at widest point, tapered and deeply chamfered, badly worn stone, mainly illegible, some remains of lettering, including Sarah Rogers. Character- istic of the memorial used for those of middling station.
Listing NGR: ST8110832268

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Probably C17 COFFIN. Date: from 1600 to 1699
Main material: limestone

Designating Organisation:

DesigUID: DWI7988 **Name:** THREE UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENTS CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81108 32268 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

THREE UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENTS CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF NORTH AISLE OF CHURCH
OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI38939 Building: THREE UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENTS CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF NORTH
AISLE OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320171

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI8015 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number	NHLE number	Volume/Map/Item
1318644	1318644	1306, 6, 69

Name: TIMOTHY J THICK AND VOGUE

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	SALISBURY STREET	(north side)
6/69	Timothy J Thick and Vogue	
GV	II	

Two houses with shops, probably built as one premises. Probably C17, much C19 and C20 modification. Coursed rubble, ribbon pointed, plain tile roof, replac- ing thatch. Two storeys and attic, 2+2 windows. Left half has at ground floor a small horizontal light in blocked opening to original through-way, a paired sash, and plate glass shop front with glazed door, right; at first floor a paired sash and a margin bar sash, and small 2-light gabled dormer. Right half has plank door to throughway, glazed door and two plate glass display windows below two paired 12-pane sashes and 2-light gabled dormer. Large roof slope has brick stack, left, set back near centre, and right gable which has high coped upstand suggesting earlier thatch. This was earlier Mere Co-Operative Stores, and appears to have been constructed originally as two or more cottages; both have deep back wings. Listing NGR: ST8134332402

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C17 HOUSE. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: C17 SHOP. Date: from 1600 to 1699

Type and date: C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C19 SHOP. Date: from 1800 to 1899

Type and date: C20 HOUSE. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Type and date: C20 SHOP. Date: from 1900 to 1999

Main material: rubble

Covering material: tile

Covering material: thatch

DesigUID: DWI8015 **Name:** TIMOTHY J THICK AND VOGUE

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81343 32402 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Vogue Cottage Salisbury Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6HE

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

TIMOTHY J THICK AND VOGUE

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI39744 Building: TIMOTHY J THICK AND VOGUE

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320198

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7991 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1130722 1130722 1306, 6, 46

Name: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF SOUTH WALL TO CHURCHYARD OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE CHURCH STREET (south side)
6/46 Unidentified monument c.3 m north of south
wall to churchyard of Church of St Michael
GV II

Coffin tomb. C17 or earlier. Sandstone. Shaped slab with steep sides carrying some bold lettering, but essential data not legible; begins 'SACRED to the Memory of.....' in sharp profiled Roman lettering. Characteristic of this form of monument.

Listing NGR: ST8111232228

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: C17 or Earlier COFFIN. Date: from 1550 to 1699

Type and date: C17 or Earlier TOMB. Date: from 1550 to 1699

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

Main material: sandstone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81112 32228 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

DesigUID: DWI7991 **Name:** UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF SOUTH

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF SOUTH WALL TO CHURCHYARD OF
CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI37369 Building: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 3 METRES NORTH OF SOUTH WALL TO
CHURCHYARD OF CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320174

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7987 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1318657 1318657 1306, 6, 42

Name: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 4 METRES WEST OF CHAFYN GROVE MEMORIAL IN THE
CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(south side)
6/42	Unidentified monument	c.4 m west
of	Chafyn-Grove memorial in	the churchyard of
the	Church of St Michael	
GV	II	

Chest tomb. 1700. Limestone. Chest tomb with deep flat ledger stone to cavetto mould to plain chest, but south side has panel with moulded top edge carrying a bold inscription in lower case, partly legible, thus:
'Thinke on mee as you pass by As you are now so once was I But now I lye d....h.d
to dust hoping to rise among the just'

These are sentiments expressed in varying ways on monuments since the early C12.
Listing NGR: ST8111032285

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: 1700 CHEST TOMB. Date: 1700
Type and date: CHURCHYARD.
Main material: limestone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81110 32285 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

DesigUID: DWI7987 **Name:** UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 4 METRES WEST OF CHAFYN

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 4 METRES WEST OF CHAFYN GROVE MEMORIAL IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated Monuments

MWI35401 Building: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 4 METRES WEST OF CHAFYN GROVE MEMORIAL IN THE CHURCHYARD OF THE CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320170

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7992 **Type:** Listed Building **Status:** Active

NHLE number **NHLE number** **Volume/Map/Item**

1318677 1318677 1306, 6, 48

Name: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 5 METRES WEST OF CHARNEL HOUSE TO CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Grade: II **Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989 **Amended:** **Revoked:**

Legal Description

ST 8032-8132 MERE	CHURCH STREET	(south side)
6/48	Unidentified monument	c.5 m west of
Charnel	House to Church of St	Michael
GV	II	

Coffin tomb. Probably C17 possibly earlier. Stone, mostly covered with lichen, inscriptions not legible. One of a small number of monuments still remaining in the churchyard, of early provenance.

Listing NGR: ST8114632249

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: CHURCHYARD.

Type and date: Probably C17 or Earlier COFFIN. Date: from 1550 to 1699

Type and date: Probably C17 or Earlier TOMB. Date: from 1550 to 1699

Main material: stone

Designating Organisation:

Location

Grid Reference: ST 81146 32249 (point)

Map sheet: ST83SW **Area (Ha):** 0.00

Administrative Areas

Civil Parish Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Church Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6DS

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 5 METRES WEST OF CHARNEL HOUSE TO CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

DesigUID: DWI7992**Name:** UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 5 METRES WEST OF CHARNEL

Sources - None recorded

Associated MonumentsMWI35421 Building: UNIDENTIFIED MONUMENT CIRCA 5 METRES WEST OF CHARNEL HOUSE TO CHURCH OF ST MICHAEL

Additional Information**LBSUID:** 320175**List Locality:****List Parish:** MERE**List District:** SALISBURY**List County:** WILTSHIRE**Group Value:** **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011

DesigUID: DWI7962**Type:** Listed Building**Status:** Active**NHLE number****NHLE number****Volume/Map/Item**

1199880

1199880

1306, 6, 16

Name: YEW GLEN**Grade:** II**Date Assigned:** 07/07/1989**Amended:****Revoked:****Legal Description**

ST 8032-8132 MERE

CASTLE STREET

(north side)

6/16

Yew Glen

GV

II

House in street row. Probably mid C19. Small squared coursed limestone, low-pitched slate roof, brick gable stacks, coped verges. Three storeys 2-windows: Ground floor had 12-pane sash and flat-roofed canted one storey bay with small-paned upper lights; centre is glazed door to transome light, flat metal hood on cast iron brackets. First floor has lofty hipped oriel on shaped brackets and with modillion cornice; 2-light casement centre flanked by small curved glass lights. First floor with 2-light C20 casements. High ceiling yield a lofty building, included primarily for group value.

Listing NGR: ST8113632391

Curatorial Notes

Type and date: Probably Mid C19 HOUSE. Date: from 1833 to 1866

Main material: limestone

Covering material: slate

Designating Organisation:

Location**Grid Reference:** ST 81136 32391 (point)**Map sheet:** ST83SW**Area (Ha):** 0.00**Administrative Areas**

Civil Parish

Mere, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Postal Addresses

Milestone Castle Street, Mere, Warminster, Wiltshire, BA12 6JQ

Listed Building Addresses

Statutory

YEW GLEN

Sources - None recorded

Associated MonumentsMWI33971 Building: YEW GLEN

DesigUID: DWI7962 **Name:** YEW GLEN

Additional Information

LBSUID: 320145

List Locality:

List Parish: MERE

List District: SALISBURY

List County: WILTSHIRE

Group Value: **Upload Date:** 15/06/2011
