

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL
 Category : F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLESSelected regions and areas:

02 SOUTH EAST		
ES	EAST SUSSEX	1 days
SC	SURREY	1 days
03 SOUTH WEST		
DC	DORSET	1 days
05 EAST MIDLANDS		
DS	DERBYSHIRE	1 days
LE	LEICESTERSHIRE	1 days
NT	NOTTINGHAMSHIRE	1 days
06 WEST MIDLANDS		
WK	WARWICKSHIRE	1 days
07 YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE		
KH	KINGSTON UPON HULL	2 days
WY	WEST YORKSHIRE	1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of dwellings
 Actual Range: 14 to 114 (units:)
 Range Selected by User: 14 to 114 (units:)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/06 to 21/06/13

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Monday	1 days
Tuesday	4 days
Wednesday	1 days
Thursday	3 days
Friday	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count	10 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Edge of Town Centre	3
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	3
Edge of Town	3
Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre)	1

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Industrial Zone	1
Residential Zone	5

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:

Use Class:

C3

10 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

10,001 to 15,000

3 days

25,001 to 50,000

7 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

50,001 to 75,000

1 days

100,001 to 125,000

2 days

125,001 to 250,000

1 days

250,001 to 500,000

5 days

500,001 or More

1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.5 or Less

1 days

0.6 to 1.0

3 days

1.1 to 1.5

6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

No

10 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	DC-03-F-02 WILLOW PARK	SHELTERED HOUSING	DORSET
	POOLE Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwellings: 114 Survey date: THURSDAY 17/07/08		Survey Type: MANUAL
2	DS-03-F-01 ST MICHAELS LANE	SHELTERED HOUSING	DERBYSHIRE
	DERBY Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwellings: 40 Survey date: THURSDAY 25/06/09		Survey Type: MANUAL
3	ES-03-F-01 STAR ROAD OLD TOWN EASTBOURNE Neighbourhood Centre (PPS6 Local Centre) No Sub Category Total Number of dwellings: 29 Survey date: MONDAY 30/11/09	SHELTERED HOU.	EAST SUSSEX
4	KH-03-F-01 ELLIS STREET	SHELTERED HOUSING	KINGSTON UPON HULL
	KINGSTON-UPON-HULL Edge of Town Centre No Sub Category Total Number of dwellings: 43 Survey date: TUESDAY 15/09/09		Survey Type: MANUAL
5	KH-03-F-02 NORTHUMBERLAND AVE.	SHELTERED HOUSING	KINGSTON UPON HULL
	KINGSTON-UPON-HULL Edge of Town Centre Industrial Zone Total Number of dwellings: 58 Survey date: TUESDAY 15/09/09		Survey Type: MANUAL
6	LE-03-F-01 BELLAMY CLOSE GLEN PARVA LEICESTER Edge of Town Residential Zone Total Number of dwellings: 33 Survey date: WEDNESDAY 24/06/09	SHELTERED HOUSING	LEICESTERSHIRE
7	NT-03-F-01 BEAUMONT STREET SNEINTON NOTTINGHAM Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total Number of dwellings: 87 Survey date: FRIDAY 21/06/13	SHELTERED HOUSING	NOTTINGHAMSHIRE
			Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

8	SC-03-F-01	SHELTERED HOUSING	SURREY
	COLLIER WAY		
	BUSHY HILL		
	GUILFORD		
	Edge of Town		
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings:	32	
	Survey date: TUESDAY	08/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL
9	WK-03-F-01	SHELTERED HOUSING	WARWICKSHIRE
	NORTHUMBERLAND ROAD		
	MILVERTON		
	LEAMINGTON SPA		
	Edge of Town		
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings:	14	
	Survey date: THURSDAY	25/10/12	Survey Type: MANUAL
10	WY-03-F-01	SHELTERED HOUSING	WEST YORKSHIRE
	NORTH GRANGE ROAD		
	HEADINGLEY		
	LEEDS		
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)		
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings:	28	
	Survey date: TUESDAY	15/06/10	Survey Type: MANUAL

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.038	10	48	0.036	10	48	0.074
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.107	10	48	0.077	10	48	0.184
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.126	10	48	0.130	10	48	0.256
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.126	10	48	0.161	10	48	0.287
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.117	10	48	0.111	10	48	0.228
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.142	10	48	0.117	10	48	0.259
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.086	10	48	0.121	10	48	0.207
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.086	10	48	0.067	10	48	0.153
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.084	10	48	0.100	10	48	0.184
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.071	10	48	0.079	10	48	0.150
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.075	10	48	0.071	10	48	0.146
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.071	10	48	0.056	10	48	0.127
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			1.129			1.126			2.255

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP \times FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION
MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.008
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.008	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.010
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.004
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.008
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.008	10	48	0.012
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.010
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.004
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.002
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.010
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.004
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.038			0.034			0.072

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANSCalculation factor: **1 DWELLS****BOLD** print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.027	10	48	0.029	10	48	0.056
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.038	10	48	0.054	10	48	0.092
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.048	10	48	0.084	10	48	0.132
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.067	10	48	0.077	10	48	0.144
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.069	10	48	0.046	10	48	0.115
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.038	10	48	0.048	10	48	0.086
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.056	10	48	0.067	10	48	0.123
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.073	10	48	0.052	10	48	0.125
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.059	10	48	0.069	10	48	0.128
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.059	10	48	0.048	10	48	0.107
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.038	10	48	0.027	10	48	0.065
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.027	10	48	0.019	10	48	0.046
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.599			0.620			1.219

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERSCalculation factor: **1 DWELLS****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.019	10	48	0.010	10	48	0.029
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.013	10	48	0.019
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.010	10	48	0.033	10	48	0.043
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.031	10	48	0.033	10	48	0.064
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.008	10	48	0.017	10	48	0.025
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.019	10	48	0.025	10	48	0.044
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.025	10	48	0.023	10	48	0.048
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.033	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.037
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.029	10	48	0.019	10	48	0.048
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.008	10	48	0.010
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.017	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.019
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.013	10	48	0.019
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.205			0.200			0.405

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL TRAIN PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.000			0.000			0.000

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL COACH PASSENGERSCalculation factor: **1 DWELLS****BOLD** print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.010
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.002
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.010
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.012
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.002	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.002
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.004	10	48	0.006	10	48	0.010
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000	10	48	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.022			0.024			0.046

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/F - SHELTERED ACCOMMODATION

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	10	48	0.100	10	48	0.079	10	48	0.179
08:00 - 09:00	10	48	0.169	10	48	0.163	10	48	0.332
09:00 - 10:00	10	48	0.201	10	48	0.274	10	48	0.475
10:00 - 11:00	10	48	0.251	10	48	0.335	10	48	0.586
11:00 - 12:00	10	48	0.234	10	48	0.211	10	48	0.445
12:00 - 13:00	10	48	0.230	10	48	0.220	10	48	0.450
13:00 - 14:00	10	48	0.188	10	48	0.249	10	48	0.437
14:00 - 15:00	10	48	0.224	10	48	0.136	10	48	0.360
15:00 - 16:00	10	48	0.205	10	48	0.218	10	48	0.423
16:00 - 17:00	10	48	0.165	10	48	0.163	10	48	0.328
17:00 - 18:00	10	48	0.155	10	48	0.132	10	48	0.287
18:00 - 19:00	10	48	0.136	10	48	0.111	10	48	0.247
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			2.258			2.291			4.549

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP \times FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 14 - 114 (units:)
 Survey date range: 01/01/06 - 21/06/13
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 10
 Number of Saturdays: 0
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.